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ECONOMIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCES OF FORESTRY MECHANIZATION: AN INNOVATIVE APPROACH

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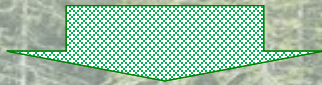


INTRODUCTION AND AIM OF THE WORK – 1



INTRODUCTION AND AIM OF THE WORK– 2

Regardless of the final utilization of wood



SELECTION OF MACHINES FOR FORESTRY OPERATIONS



CRUCIAL FOR

- Quantification of economic and environmental performances of the whole chain;
- Increase operations' productivity and efficiency;
- Improvement safety conditions of operators at work.

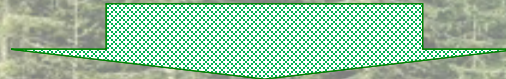
APPROCHES AT DIFFERENT SCALES

- National
- Regional
- Local (Forest stand)

Forest Management Plans (FMPs)

TOGETHER WITH

Information on forestry mechanization



Improvement of forest management at the local scale



Problems

Several approaches available but:

- definition of machines according to few parameters (e.g., slope);
- usable machines defined as input by the user and not as output;
- calculation of economic costs generally performed for single operations and not for the whole chain;
- environmental performances: for single operations and often based on literature data.

Solution

GENERALIZED APPROACHES IN ORDER TO:

- identify forestry machinery chain (FMC) for specific forest stands;
- calculate economic costs and environmental performances

AIM OF THE WORK

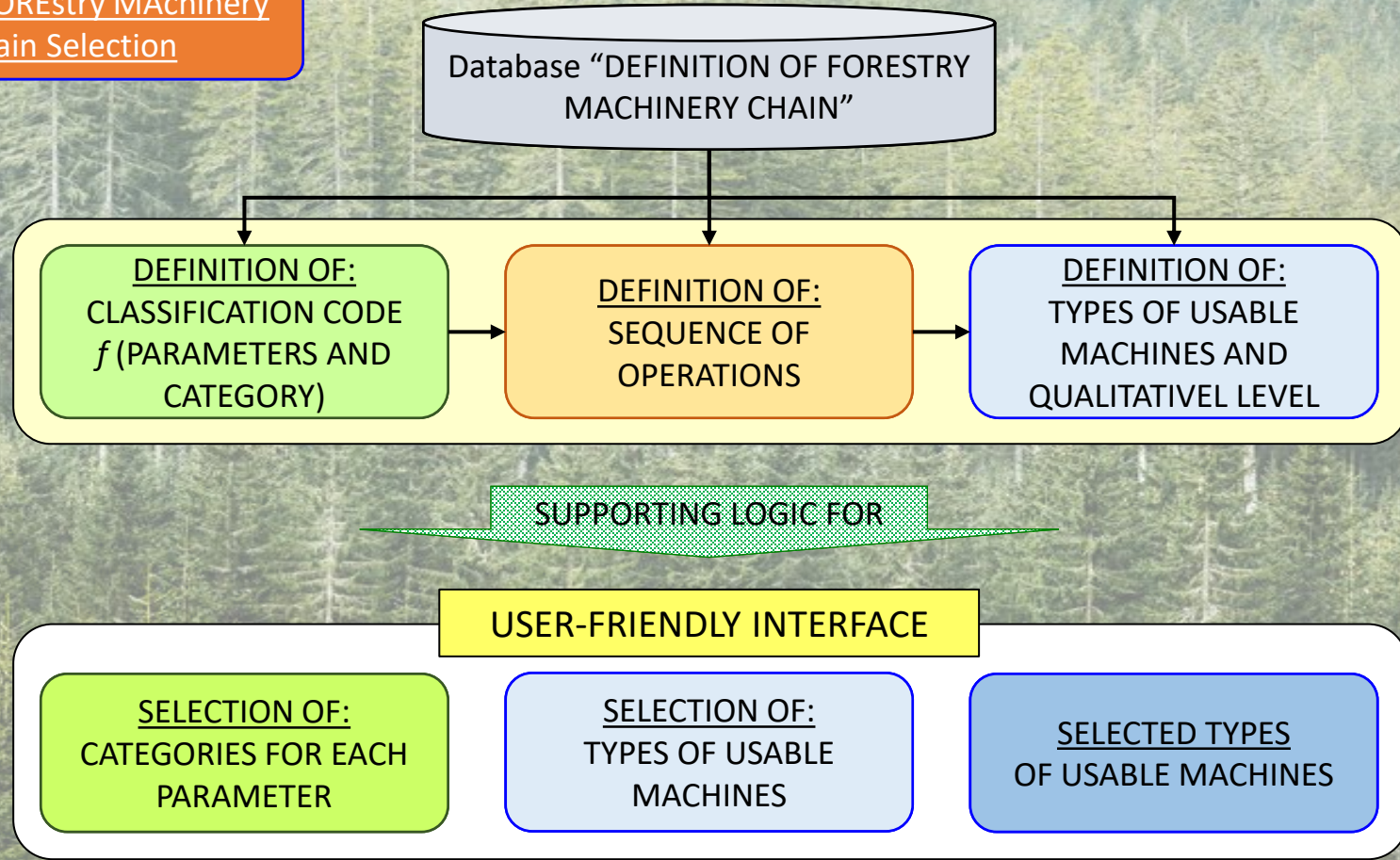
TO DEVELOP AN INNOVATIVE APPROACH BASED ON TWO STAND-LEVEL MODELS TO SELECT THE FORESTRY MACHINERY CHAINS ACCORDING TO FORESTRY AND OPERATING CONDITIONS AND TO CALCULATE ECONOMIC COSTS AND ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCES.

BENEFIT

Strategic support for Local Administrations (public subsidies) and logging companies (tariffs for operations).

MATERIALS AND METHODS: THE MODEL «FOREMA» – 1

Model: FOREstry MACHinery
Chain Selection



MATERIALS AND METHODS: THE MODEL «FOREMA» – 2

Database “DEFINITION OF FORESTRY
MACHINERY CHAIN”

Stands classified
according to



Limiting factor		Technical Parameter			
N°	Name	N°	Name	Category	Sub-Code
1	Characteristics of the forest	1	Management System	Coppice	F1
				High forest	F2
2	Characteristics of the production system	2	Wood Assortment	Firewood	A1
				Beams/poles	A2
				Woodchips	A3
		3	Harvesting Method	Cut-to-length	M1
				Tree length	M2
				Full tree	M3
3	Site-specific operating conditions	4	Level of Mechanization	Low	L1
				Medium-high	L2
		5	Forest roads' Transitability	Medium-high	T1
				Medium-low	T2
6	Forest stand's Accessibility	High (AC I)	AC1		
		Medium (AC II)	AC2		
		Low (AC III)	AC3		
7	Harvested Merchantable Mass	7		$\leq 16 \text{ t}\cdot\text{ha}^{-1} \text{ DM}$	H1
				$> 16 \text{ t}\cdot\text{ha}^{-1} \text{ DM}$	H2

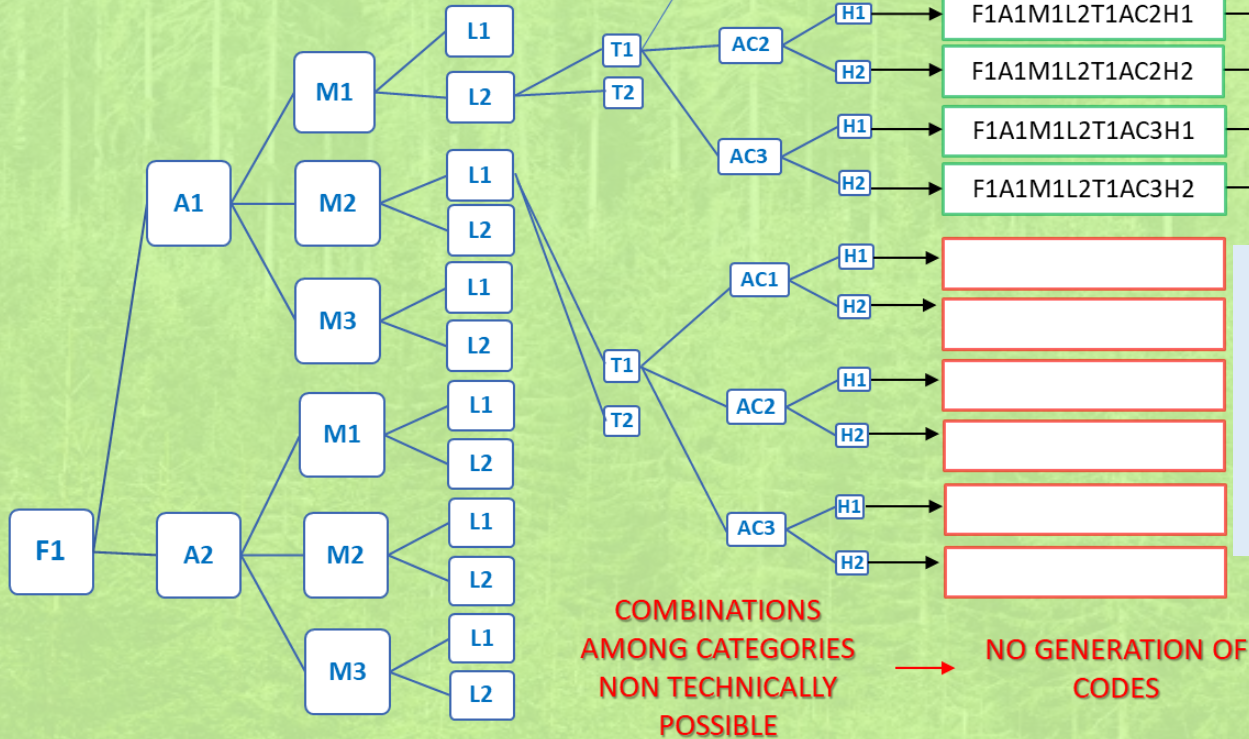
PARAMETERS
AND
CATEGORIES:
HIERARCHICAL
TREE
STRUCTURE

MATERIALS AND METHODS: THE MODEL «FOREMA» – 3

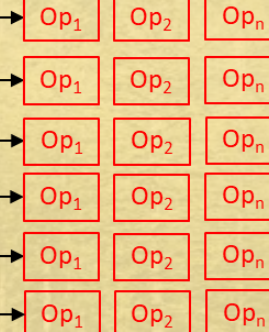
DEFINITION OF: CLASSIFICATION CODE (CC)

1 CC = 1 FEASIBLE MACHINERY CHAIN

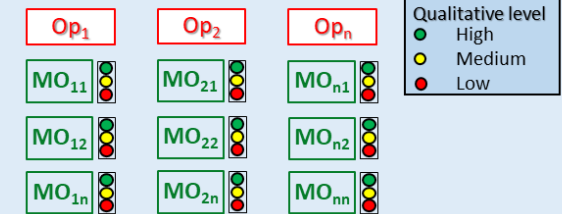
192 POSSIBLE COMBINATIONS → 192
POSSIBLE CHAINS



DEFINITION OF: SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS:



DEFINITION OF: TYPES OF USABLE MACHINES AND QUALITATIVE LEVEL



Qualitative level
 f (maneuverability of machine)

USER-FRIENDLY INTERFACE

MATERIALS AND METHODS: THE MODEL «FOREMA» – 4

SELECTION OF: CATEGORIES FOR EACH PARAMETERS

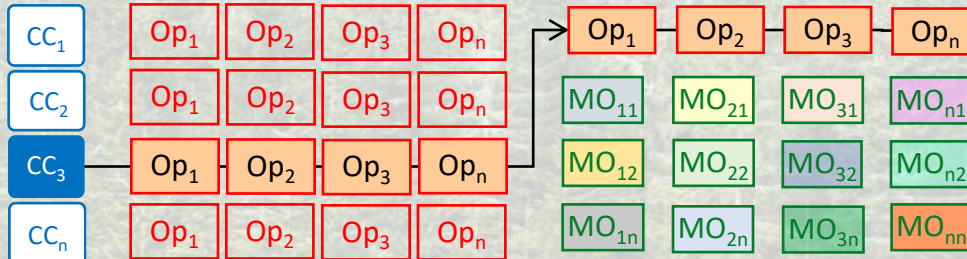
Management System	Wood Assortment	Harvesting Method	Level of Mechanization	Forest roads' Transitability	Stand's Accessibility	Harvested Mass
Coppice	F1 Firewood	A1 Cut-to-length	Low L1	Medium-high T1	High AC1	≤ 16 t·ha ⁻¹ H1
High forest	F2 Beams/poles	A2 Tree length	Medium-high L2	Medium-low T2	Medium AC2	> 16 t·ha ⁻¹ H2
	Woodchips	A3 Full tree				

Searching...

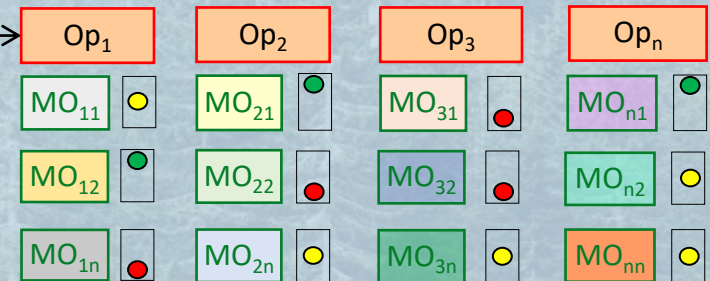
CLASSIFICATION COCE (CC)

DATABASE: DEFINITION OF FORESTRY MACHINERY CHAIN

CC LIST



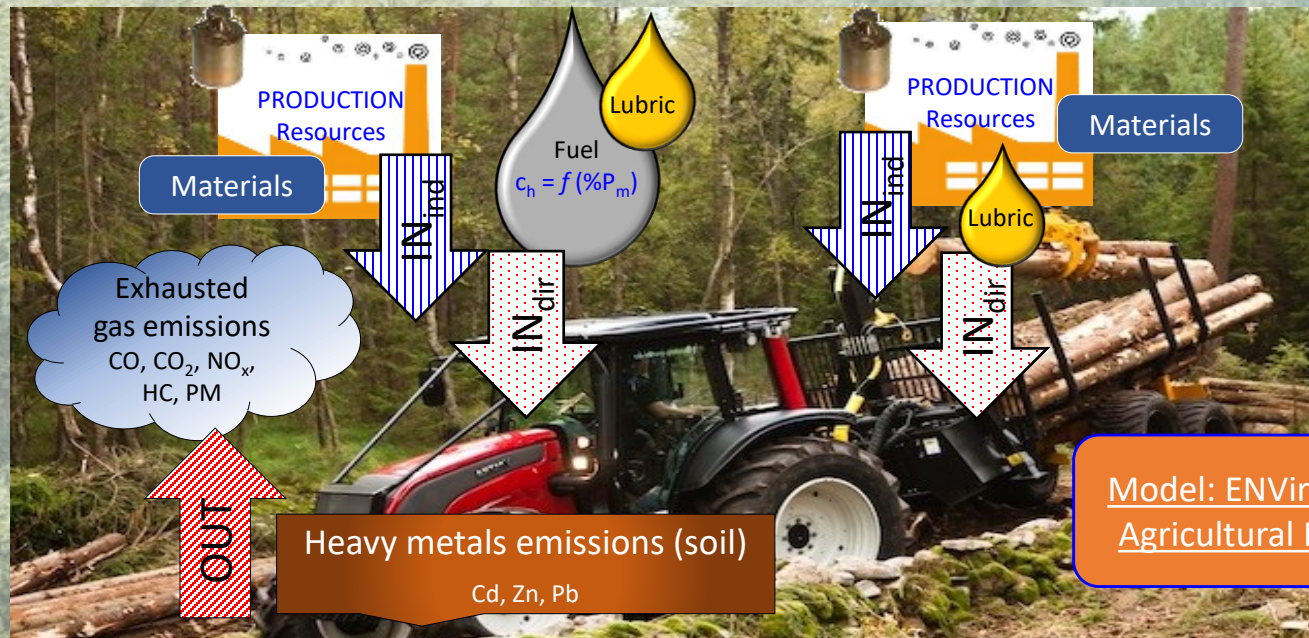
SELECTION OF: TYPES OF USABLE MACHINES



USER

SELECTED TYPES OF USABLE MACHINES (for each operations according to the qualitative level)

MATERIALS AND METHODS: THE MODEL «ENVIAM» – 1



How the machines (TR&IM) are manufactured (different materials' mass, energy flows)

MANUFACTURERS

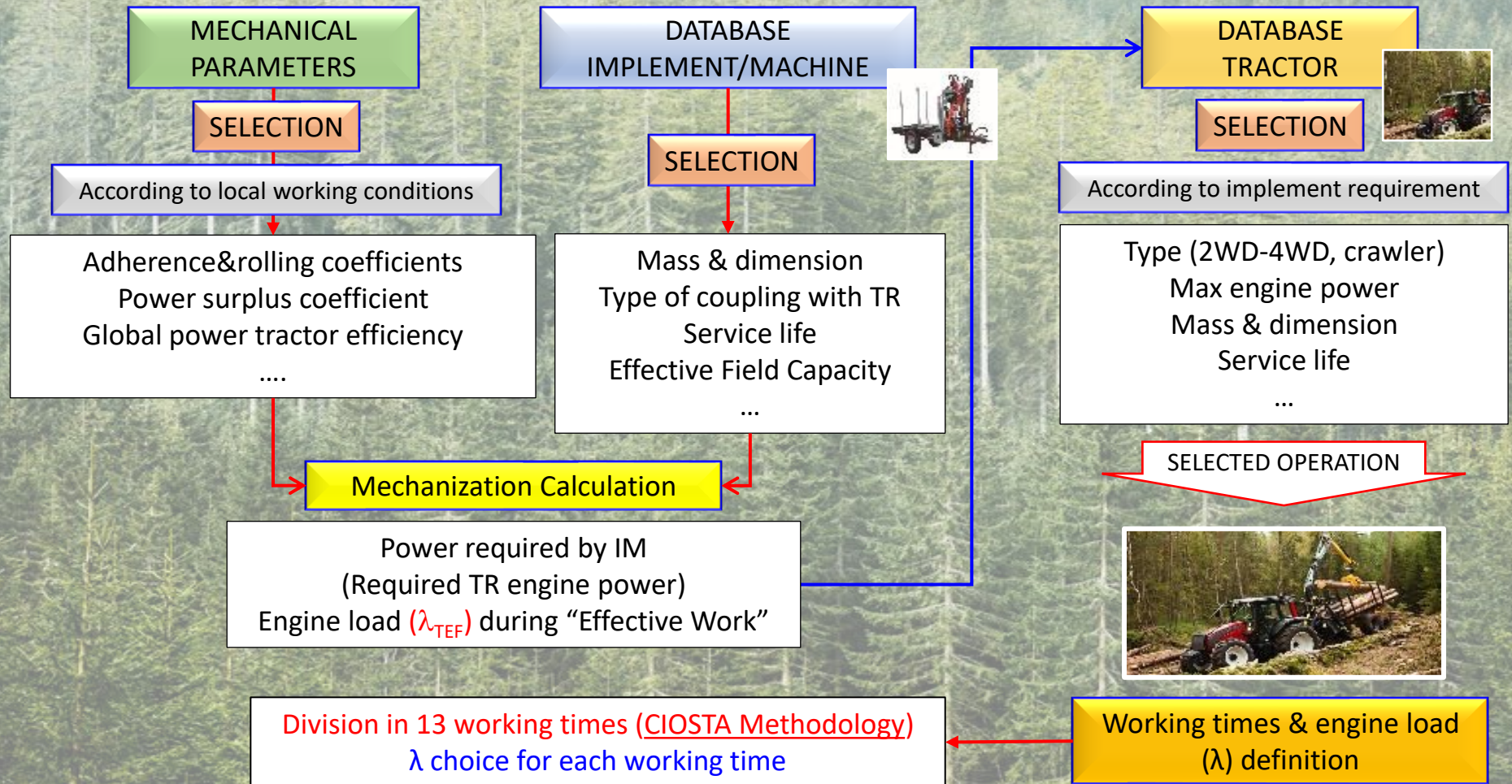
How the machines are used (different consumable materials' mass, working time, etc.)

LOGGING COMPANIES

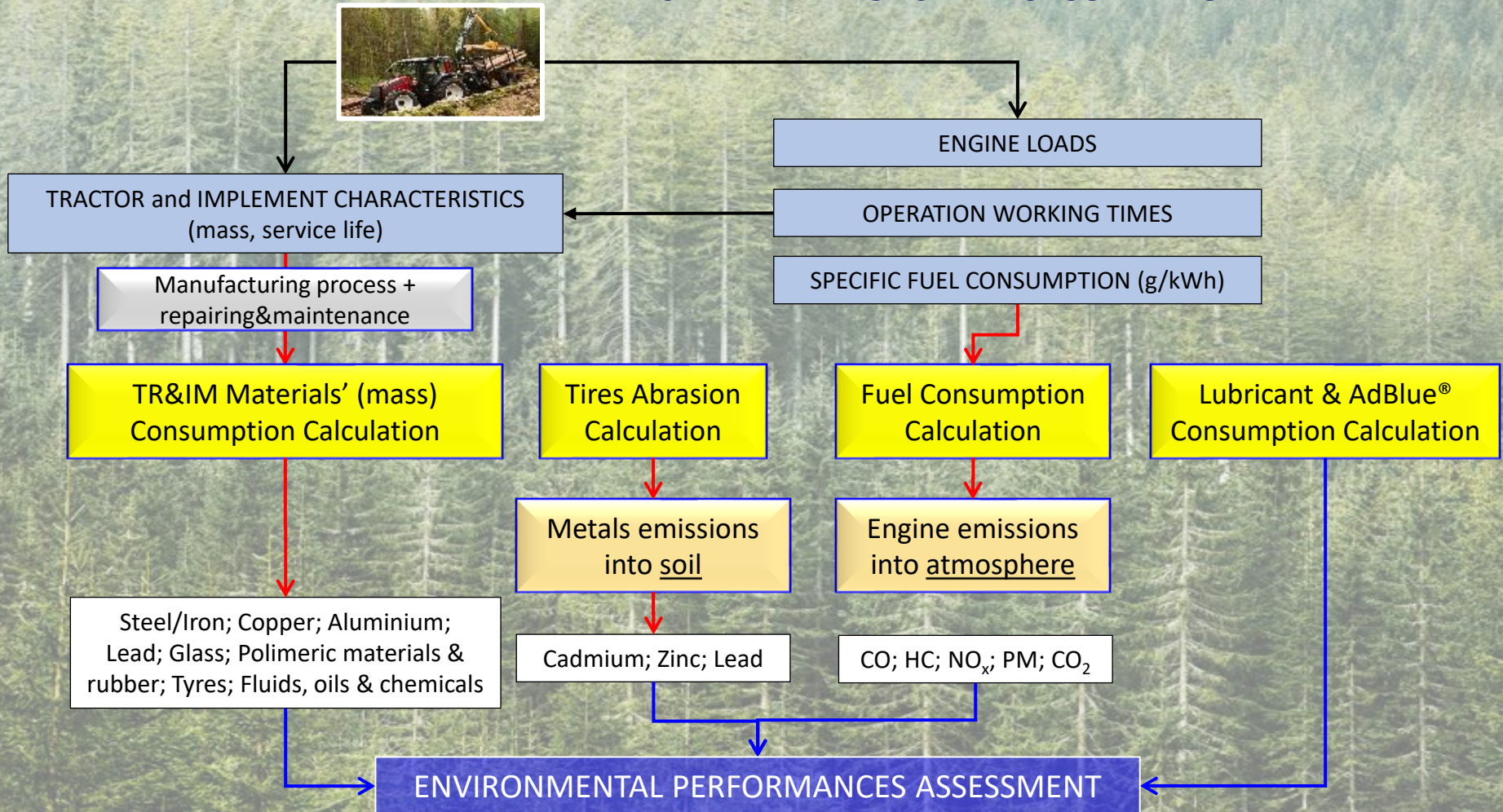
INFORMATION FOR

ENVIRONMENTAL AND ECONOMIC PERFORMANCES ASSESSMENT

MATERIALS AND METHODS: THE MODEL «ENVIAM» – 2



MATERIALS AND METHODS: THE SECOND MODEL «ENVIAM» – 3



MATERIALS AND METHODS: THE SECOND MODEL «ENVIAM» – 4

ECONOMIC PERFORMANCES ASSESSMENT



ECONOMIC PARAMETERS DEFINITION

Fixed costs

Purchase price
Salvage value rate
Tax, supervision & management rate
Interest rate
Recovery per unit of area

Variable costs

Repairing & maintenance rate
Fuel price
Lubricant price
N. of operators, net wage, social charges
Productivity parameters (working days, n. of shift/day, scheduled hours/shift, ...)

+

Preliminary calculations

Annual use, Economic life
N. of required machines & productivity
N. of required workers, ...

COSTS CALCULATION

Fixed costs

Financial Depreciation
Tax, supervision & management
Recovery

Variable costs

Repairing & maintenance
Fuel and lubricant
Labor

TOTAL COSTS OF THE OPERATION (TC_{Op_i})
€/h, €/t DM, €

TOTAL COST FORESTRY MACHINERY CHAIN

(«n» operations; €·h⁻¹; €·t⁻¹ SS; €)

$$TC_{FMC} = \sum_{i=1}^n TC_{Op_i}$$

CONCLUSIONS AND FUTURE PERSPECTIVES

An innovative approach based on two linked stand-level models was developed:

- the FOREMA model support the user in selecting the forestry machinery chain to use, by taking into account seven technical parameters that “classify” the stand;
- for a given machinery chain, FOREMA defines the sequence of operations and the types of usable machines;
- in the ENVIAM model environmental performances assessment based on calculation of fuel/lubricant, materials and emissions of each operation (relations between engine load and working times);
- economic costs of each operation computed as the sum of fixed and variable costs;
- simultaneous calculation of economic costs and environmental performances crucial to better define the sustainability of the whole machinery chain.

PERSPECTIVES

- Model validation (experimental tests);
- Improvement of FOREMA model with:
 - Parameters currently not included: soil conditions, average tree diameters;
 - Selection of different wood assortment at the same time;
- use of a programming language and integration of FOREMA and ENVIAM models.