## Going beyond the surface: a glance inside smart conducting molecular surfaces through a multitechnique approach

<u>Mirko Magni</u>,<sup>a</sup> Serena Arnaboldi,<sup>a</sup> Claudia Malacrida,<sup>a</sup> Alessio Orbelli Biroli,<sup>b,c</sup> Tiziana Benincori,<sup>d</sup> Francesco Sannicolò,<sup>a</sup> Patrizia Mussini<sup>a,c</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Dipartimento di Chimica dell'Università degli Studi di Milano, Via Golgi 19, 20133 Milano, Italy <sup>b</sup> Istituto di Scienze e Tecnologie Molecolari del CNR (CNR-ISTM), Via Golgi 19, 20133 Milano, Italy

<sup>c</sup> SmartMatLab Centre, Via Golgi 19, 20133 Milano, Italy <sup>d</sup> Dipartimento di Scienza ed Alta Tecnologia dell'Università dell'Insubria, Via Valleggio 11, 22100 Como, Italy mirko.magni@unimi.it

Conducting organic polymers, COPs, are smart materials that merge some of the most interesting properties of common polymers (*e.g.* flexibility, processability, etc.) with high electrical conductivity of metals. Research in this field is currently attracting increasing attention, since these innovative materials are very promising for a great variety of applications, from energetics to electronics and sensoristics, even from an industrial point of view.

Chirality makes COPs even smarter materials, opening the way to enantioselective electroanalysis/electrosynthesis. In particular the "inherent chirality" concept proposed by our groups some years ago actually represented a breakthrough, significantly improving all other literature approaches so far proposed, making possible deposition of conducting homochiral oligomeric films acting as effective, efficient and robust enantioselectors toward a great variety of chiral analytes, in different media [1-3].

The further natural step is the comprehension of the actual working mechanism of these intelligent surfaces. To reach such intriguing target a deep and multivariate characterization is mandatory, to reveal as much properties as possible that could be finally combined to depict a complete portrait of these conducting inherently chiral films. In this short presentation we will glance at these smart chiral conducting molecular surfaces, following an ideal tour from outside (*i.e.* surface appearance) to their inner parts (*i.e.* optical and electronic features).



The support of Fondazione Cariplo/Regione Lombardia (Project 2016-0923) and SmartMatLab are gratefully acknowledged.

## References

- [1] F. Sannicolò, P.R. Mussini, T. Benincori, R. Martinazzo, S. Arnaboldi, G. Appoloni, M. Panigati, E. Quartapelle Procopio, V. Marino, R. Cirilli, S. Casolo, W. Kutner, K. Noworyta, A. Pietrzyk-Le, Z. Iskierko, K. Bartold, *Chem. Eur. J.*, **2016**, *22*, 10839. (and references therein)
- [2] S. Arnaboldi, T. Benincori, R. Cirilli, W. Kutner, M. Magni, P.R. Mussini, K. Noworyta, F. Sannicolò, *Chem. Sci.*, **2015**, *6*, 1706.
- [3] F. Sannicolò, S. Arnaboldi, T. Benincori, V. Bonometti, R. Cirilli, L. Dunsch, W. Kutner, G. Longhi, P.R. Mussini, M. Panigati, M. Pierini, S. Rizzo, *Angew. Chem. Int. Edit.*, 2014, 53, 2623.