

## ABSTRACT SUBMISSION

Title: PCSK9 EXPRESSION IS REGULATED BY PRO-INFLAMMATORY CYTOKINES AND ADIPOKINES IN HEPG2 CELLS

**Abstract No.** 0023

Title PCSK9 EXPRESSION IS REGULATED BY PRO-INFLAMMATORY CYTOKINES AND ADIPOKINES IN

**HEPG2 CELLS** 

**Objectives** 

Clinical, genetic and experimental evidence indicates that proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin 9 (PCSK9) may be either a cause or an effect of metabolic syndrome (MetS). We have recently demonstrated that PCSK9 is regulated by pro-inflammatory cytokine TNF-a in a SOCS3-dependent manner (Ruscica et al., JBC, 2016). Thus, the present work aimed to further extend this observation and studied the possible molecular mechanisms linking the effects of cytokines (TNF-a) and adipokines (leptin and resistin) on de novo lipogenesis and PCSK9 expression.

**Method** 

Human hepatocellular liver carcinoma cell line (HepG2) and HepG2 overexpressing PCSK9 (HepG2<sup>PCSK9</sup>) were used as in vitro tools. qPCR, Western blot, ELISA and luciferase reporter assays, together with siRNA directed to STAT3 and SOCS3, were used.

**Results** 

HepG2 expresses leptin (ObRl), resistin (Adenylyl cyclase-associated protein 1, CAP1), and adiponectin (AdipoR2) receptors. Notably, HepG2PCSK9 expresses higher levels of ObRl and AdipoR2. Twenty-four h treatment of HepG2 with TNF-a (10 ng/mL), leptin (200 ng/mL) and resistin (50 ng/mL) induced the expression of both PCSK9 (2.3-, 2.0- and 3.5-fold, respectively) and the suppressor of JAK/STAT pathway, SOCS3 (3-, 1.8- and 1.9-fold, respectively). TNF-a and leptin increased the secreting PCSK9 (+15% and +20%, respectively) but only leptin stimulated (+46%) PCSK9 promoter activity (+20%). TNF-a, leptin and resistin induced the gene expression of apolipoprotein (apo) B, sterol regulatory element-binding protein 1 (SREBP1), stearoyl-CoA desaturase-1 (SCD-1), fatty acid synthase (FAS) and microsomal triglyceride transfer protein (MTP). The TNF-a mediated effects were inhibited by transfection with siRNA anti-STAT3, suggesting the involvement of the JAK/STAT pathway.

**Conclusions** 

Pro-inflammatory cytokines and adipokines up-regulate PCSK9 expression and the key genes involved in the de novo lipogenesis. Future analyses will investigate the potential role of JAK/STAT/SOCS3 pathways in mediating these effects.

Approval from all authors

Confirm

**Affiliations** (1) Università degli Studi di Milano - La Statale, Milan, Italy

(2) Università degli Studi di Padova, Padua, Italy

**Authors** Margherita Botta (1)

Cristina Songia (1) Chiara Macchi (1) Alberto Corsini (1) Nicola Ferri (2)
Paolo Magni (1)
Massimiliano Ruscica (1) Presenting

**Presenting** author

Male

Registration Confirm

**Categories** 1 - Cellular and systemic lipid metabolism

**Presentation** Either

Atherosclerosis Yes

publication

Contact us if you have a problem or wish to withdraw a submission: info@eas-elc.org