LETTER

Research letter

Varicella-like exanthem as a specific COVID-19–associated skin manifestation: Multicenter case series of 22 patients

To the Editor: COVID-19, an infection due to the severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) that may cause interstitial pneumonia and respiratory failure, has currently taken on pandemic proportions.¹ The COVID-19 outbreak emerged in Wuhan, China, and rapidly spread to Europe, particularly to Italy,² where, as of April 27, 2020, a total of 199,414 people have tested positive.³

Two recent publications have brought attention to COVID-19–associated cutaneous manifestations.^{4,5} Joob and Wiwanitkit⁴ reported on a dengue-like petechial rash in a patient with COVID-19 from Thailand. Recalcati⁵ described 18 out of 88 patients with COVID-19 hospitalized in Lecco Hospital (Lombardy region, Italy) who developed erythematous rash (n = 14), widespread urticaria (n = 3), or varicella-like vesicles (n = 1).

During the Italian outbreak, we have observed a varicella-like papulovesicular exanthem as a rare but specific COVID-19—associated skin manifestation. Eight Italian dermatology units collected clinical data from patients with COVID-19 (microbiologically proven by nasopharyngeal swab) and no history of new medications in the previous 15 days who developed varicella-like lesions.

Demographic and clinical features of the 22 patients are summarized in Table I. The median age was 60 years, and 72.7% of patients (n = 16/22) were male. Most patients (n = 17/22; 77.3%) came from Lombardy, currently the worst-hit region in Italy, and the remaining patients came from Piedmont (n = 1), Emilia-Romagna (n = 1), Toscana (n = 1), Lazio (n = 1), and Campania (n = 1). The median latency time from systemic symptoms to exanthem was 3 days (range, -2 to 12 days). The median duration of skin manifestations was 8 days (range, 4-15 days). Lesions were scattered in most patients (n = 16; 72.7%), and they were diffuse in 6 (27.3%) patients. Predominance of vesicles was observed in 12 (54.5%) patients. No variations in the papulovesicular presentation were observed in our case series. The trunk was always involved, in some cases in association with the limbs (n = 4; 18.2%) (Fig 1, A-D). No facial or mucosal involvements were scored. Itching, which was generally mild, was reported in 9 (40.9%)

patients. In all patients who underwent skin biopsy (n = 7), histologic findings were consistent with viral infection (Fig 1, *E* and *F*).

The most common systemic symptom was fever (n = 21/22; 95.5%), followed by cough (n = 16; 72.7%), headache (n = 11; 50%), weakness (n = 11; 50%), coryza (n = 10; 45.5%), dyspnea (n = 9; 40.9%), hyposmia (n = 4; 18.2%), hypogeusia (n = 4; 18.2%), pharyngodynia (n = 1; 4.5%), diarrhea (n = 1; 4.5%), and myalgia (n = 1; 4.5%). Death occurred in 3 (13.6\%) patients.

Ours is the first series on this varicella-like exanthem as a specific COVID-19-associated cutaneous picture, unlike the nonspecific cutaneous manifestations such as erythematous rash or urticaria reported by Recalcati.⁵ Its typical features are frequent trunk involvement, usually scattered distribution, and mild/absent pruritus, the latter being in line with most viral exanthems but unlike true varicella. Lesions generally appear 3 days after systemic symptoms and disappear by 8 days, without leaving scarring. A limitation of our study was missing histologic evaluation in some cases. Moreover, demonstration of SARS-CoV-2 presence by polymerase chain reaction in lesional skin was not possible because of specific primer unavailability. If further studies validate our findings, this early skin manifestation will represent a useful clue for suspecting COVID-19 in asymptomatic/paucisymptomatic patients.

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ID	Sex	Age, years	Hometown	Systemic symptoms' onset	Positive result on nasopharyngeal swab	Skin lesions	Skin symptoms	Latency time, days	Duration, days	Localization	Systemic symptoms	Negative result on nasopharyngeal swab	Course
1	М	75	Rome	February 19, 2020	March 4, 2020	Diffuse papulovesicular lesions (predominance of papules)	No itching	12	5	Trunk	Fever, asthenia, hypogeusia, hyposmia	Yes	Resolution
2	М	57	Milan	February 20, 2020	February 22, 2020	Diffuse papulovesicular lesions (predominance of vesicles)	Mild itching	5	4	Trunk	Fever, cough, coryza, headache, hyposmia, hypogeusia, weakness	Yes	Resolution
3	М	59	Milan	February 28, 2020	March 2, 2020	Scattered papulovesicular lesions (predominance of papules)	Mild itching	7	15	Trunk	Fever, cough, pharyngodynia, headache, weakness	Yes	Resolution
4	F	56	Brescia	February 28, 2020	March 2, 2020	Scattered papulovesicular lesions (predominance of vesicles)	Pain	3	15	Trunk	Fever, cough, coryza, headache, weakness	Yes	Resolution
5	Μ	28	Bologna	March 1, 2020	March 10, 2020	Diffuse papulovesicular lesions started (predominance of papules)	ltching	4	7	Trunk	Fever, cough	Yes	Resolution
6	Μ	45	Biella	March 1, 2020	March 6, 2020	Scattered papulovesicular lesions (predominance of papules)	No itching	6	10	Trunk	Fever, diarrhea, nausea	Yes	Resolution
7	Μ	72	Brescia	March 1, 2020	March 14, 2020	Scattered papulovesicular lesions (predominance of vesicles)	No itching	Unknown	NA	Trunk, limbs	Fever, cough, coryza, headache, dyspnea	No	Active disease

Table I. Demographic and clinical data of patients with varicella-like exanthem associated with COV	/ID-19
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8 N	Л 83	Cremona	March 2, 2020	March 10, 2020	Scattered papulovesicular lesions (predominance of vesicles)	No itching	2	5	Trunk	Fever, dyspnea	No	Active disease*
9 N	Л 61	Milan	March 2, 2020	March 5, 2020	Diffuse papulovesicular lesions (predominance of vesicles)	Mild itching	2	4	Trunk	Fever, cough, dyspnea, coryza, headache, weakness	//	Death
10 N	A 29	Brescia	March 3, 2020	March 10, 2020	Scattered papulovesicular lesions (predominance of vesicles)	Mild itching	1	12	Trunk	Fever, cough, weakness	Yes	Resolution
11 N	Л 65	Brescia	March 3, 2020	March 16, 2020	Scattered papulovesicular lesions (predominance of papules)	Burning	2	13	Trunk	Fever, cough, dyspnea, coryza, headache, weakness	No	Active disease
12 N	Λ 44	Brescia	March 8, 2020	March 16, 2020	Scattered papulovesicular lesions (predominance of vesicles)	Burning, itching	3	8	Trunk	Fever, cough, coryza, headache, weakness	No	Resolution
13 N	Л 75	Cremona	March 8, 2020	March 16, 2020	Scattered vesicular lesions (predominance of vesicles)	No itching	0	8	Trunk, limbs	Fever, dyspnea	//	Death
14 F	51	Brescia	March 8, 2020	March 17, 2020	Scattered papulovesicular lesions (predominance of vesicles)	Pain	4	8	Trunk	Fever, cough, dyspnea, coryza, headache, weakness	No	Active disease
15 F	62	Brescia	March 9, 2020	March 18, 2020	Scattered papulovesicular lesions (predominance of papules)	Burning	2	11	Trunk	Fever, cough, coryza, headache, weakness	No	Improvement

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Table I. Cont'd

ID	Sex	Age, years	Hometown	Systemic symptoms' onset	Positive result on nasopharyngeal swab	Skin lesions	Skin symptoms	Latency time, days	Duration, days	Localization	Systemic symptoms	Negative result on nasopharyngeal swab	Course
16	М	25	Siena	March 10, 2020	March 17, 2020	Diffuse papulovesicular lesions (predominance of vesicles)	ltching	5	6	Trunk, limbs	Cough, hyposmia, hypogeusia	No	Resolution
17	F	90	Cremona	March 12, 2020	March 20, 2020	Scattered papulovesicular lesions (predominance of vesicles)	No itching	1	6	Trunk	Fever, cough, dyspnea, coryza, headache, weakness	No	Active disease
18	F	69	Brescia	March 12, 2020	March 20, 2020	Scattered papulovesicular lesions (predominance of papules)	No itching	Unknown	NA	Trunk	Fever, cough, dyspnea, coryza, hyposmia, hypogeusia, headache, weakness	No	Active disease
19	Μ	65	Naples	March 13, 2020	March 20, 2020	Diffuse papulovesicular lesions (predominance of papules)	Mild itching	-2	9	Trunk	Fever, cough	No	Improvement
20	Μ	80	Brescia	March 14, 2020	March 22, 2020	Scattered papulovesicular lesions (predominance of vesicles)	No itching	Unknown	NA	Trunk, limbs	Fever, dyspnea	//	Death
21	Μ	43	Milan	March 15, 2020	March 23, 2020	Scattered papulovesicular lesions (predominance of vesicles)	Mild itching	0	11	Trunk	Fever, myalgia	No	Active disease
22	F	8	Milan	March 15, 2020	March 24, 2020	Scattered papulovesicular lesions (predominance of papules)	No itching	3	7	Trunk	Fever, cough	No	Resolution

F, Female; *ID*, identification; *M*, male; *NA*, not available; *//*, not applicable. *Patient with acute respiratory distress symptoms in intensive care unit.

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Fig 1. A-D, Papulovesicular exanthem on the trunk in 4 patients with COVID-19. **A-C**, In 3 patients, predominance of papules is seen. **D**, In another patient mainly presenting with vesicles, exanthem resolution with crusts is evident; **E**, Basket-wave hyperkeratosis; slightly atrophic epidermis; and vacuolar degeneration of the basal layer with multinucleate, hyper-chromatic keratinocytes and dyskeratotic cells. Note the absence of inflammatory infiltrate. (Hematoxylin-eosin stain; original magnification: ×4.) **F**, Close-up image with atrophic epidermis, vacuolar alteration with disorganized keratinocytes lacking orderly maturation, and enlarged and multinucleate keratinocytes with dyskeratotic (apoptotic) cells. (Hematoxylin-eosin stain; original magnification: ×20).

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