



Combination of searches for Higgs boson pairs in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV with the ATLAS detector

The ATLAS Collaboration ^{*}



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ABSTRACT

This letter presents a combination of searches for Higgs boson pair production using up to 36.1 fb^{-1} of proton–proton collision data at a centre-of-mass energy $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV recorded with the ATLAS detector at the LHC. The combination is performed using six analyses searching for Higgs boson pairs decaying into the $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$, $b\bar{b}W^+W^-$, $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$, $W^+W^-W^+W^-$, $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ and $W^+W^-\gamma\gamma$ final states. Results are presented for non-resonant and resonant Higgs boson pair production modes. No statistically significant excess in data above the Standard Model predictions is found. The combined observed (expected) limit at 95% confidence level on the non-resonant Higgs boson pair production cross-section is 6.9 (10) times the predicted Standard Model cross-section. Limits are also set on the ratio (κ_λ) of the Higgs boson self-coupling to its Standard Model value. This ratio is constrained at 95% confidence level in observation (expectation) to $-5.0 < \kappa_\lambda < 12.0$ ($-5.8 < \kappa_\lambda < 12.0$). In addition, limits are set on the production of narrow scalar resonances and spin-2 Kaluza–Klein Randall–Sundrum gravitons. Exclusion regions are also provided in the parameter space of the habemus Minimal Supersymmetric Standard Model and the Electroweak Singlet Model.

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1. Introduction

The discovery of the Higgs boson (H) [1,2] at the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) [3] in 2012 has experimentally confirmed the Brout–Englert–Higgs (BEH) mechanism of electroweak symmetry breaking and mass generation [4–6]. The BEH mechanism not only predicts the existence of a massive scalar particle, but also requires this scalar particle to couple to itself. Therefore, observing the production of Higgs boson pairs (HH) and measuring the Higgs boson self-coupling λ_{HHH} is a crucial validation of the BEH mechanism. Any deviation from the Standard Model (SM) predictions would open a window to new physics. Moreover, the form of the Higgs field potential, which generates the Higgs boson self-coupling after electroweak symmetry breaking, can have important cosmological implications, involving, for example, predictions for vacuum stability or models in which the Higgs boson acts as the inflation field [7–10].

In the SM, the gluon–gluon fusion $pp \rightarrow HH$ process (ggF) accounts for more than 90% of the Higgs boson pair production cross-section, and only this production mode is considered here. It proceeds via two amplitudes: the first (\mathcal{A}_1) represented by the diagrams (a) and (b), and the second (\mathcal{A}_2) represented by the diagram (c) in Fig. 1. The interference between these two amplitudes is de-

structive and yields an overall cross-section of $\sigma_{\text{ggF}}^{\text{SM}}(pp \rightarrow HH) = 33.5_{-2.8}^{+2.4} \text{ fb}$ at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV [11], calculated first at next-to-leading order (NLO) in QCD with the heavy top-quark approximation [12], then numerically with full top-quark mass dependence [13] (confirmed later in Ref. [14] and analytically computed with some approximation in Ref. [15]) corrected at next-to-next-to-leading order (NNLO) [16] in QCD matched with next-to-next-to-leading logarithmic (NNLL) resummation in the heavy top-quark limit [17,18]. The Higgs boson mass used in these calculations and for all results in this paper is $m_H = 125.09$ GeV [19]. Beyond-the-Standard-Model (BSM) scenarios can bring substantial enhancement of this cross-section by modifying the relative sign of \mathcal{A}_1 and \mathcal{A}_2 , and by increasing \mathcal{A}_2 . The \mathcal{A}_2 amplitude is proportional to the Higgs self-coupling λ_{HHH} . The Higgs boson self-coupling modifier due to BSM scenarios is defined as $\kappa_\lambda = \lambda_{HHH}/\lambda_{HHH}^{\text{SM}}$. In this analysis, all other Higgs boson couplings are assumed to have SM values. Indirect limits on κ_λ have been obtained using the measurements of single Higgs boson production and decay [20] and electroweak precision observables [21,22], constraining κ_λ to the range $-8 < \kappa_\lambda < 14$ at 95% confidence level (CL). The Higgs boson self-coupling is discussed in the context of BSM models in Refs. [22,23].

Several BSM models also predict the existence of heavy particles decaying into a pair of Higgs bosons. Two-Higgs-Doublet Models [24], models inspired by the Minimal Supersymmetric Standard Model (MSSM) like habemus MSSM (hMSSM) [25–28], and Elec-

^{*} E-mail address: atlas.publications@cern.ch.

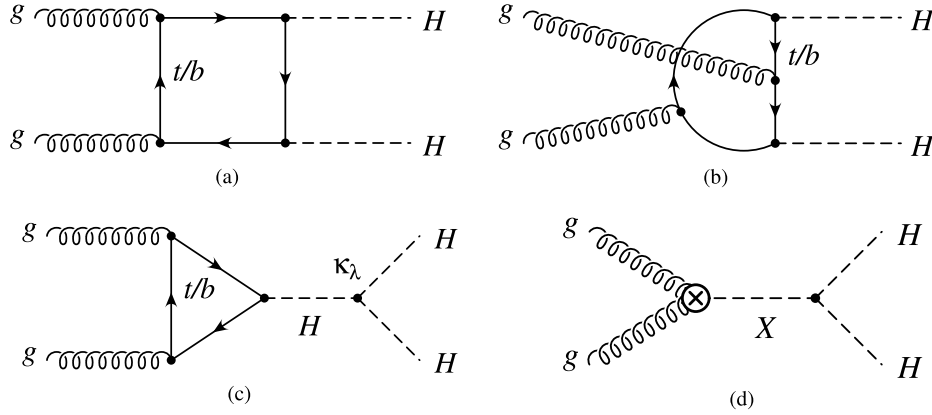


Fig. 1. Examples of leading-order Feynman diagrams for Higgs boson pair production: the diagrams (a) and (b) are proportional to the square of the heavy-quark Yukawa couplings, while the diagram (c) is proportional to the product of the heavy-quark Yukawa coupling and the Higgs boson self-coupling. Here κ_λ is the ratio of the beyond-the-Standard-Model Higgs boson self-coupling to that of the SM. The diagram (d) represents the production of the Higgs boson pair through an intermediate resonance (X) that couples to gluons through an effective coupling and to the SM Higgs boson.

trouble Singlet Models (EWK-singlet) [11,29–31] predict, in addition to the Higgs boson, a second, heavier, CP-even scalar that can decay into two SM Higgs bosons. In the EWK-singlet model, the scalar states are mixed, with a mixing angle α . The ratio of the vacuum expectation value of the additional singlet to that of the SM Higgs doublet, $\tan\beta$, is a free parameter. In the hMSSM, the CP-even states also mix, and the model's phenomenology can be described by the mass (m_A) of a third, CP-odd, resonance and the ratio of the vacuum expectation values of the two Higgs doublets, $\tan\beta$. Alternatively, the Higgs boson pair can be produced resonantly through the decay of a spin-2 Kaluza–Klein (KK) graviton, as predicted in the Randall–Sundrum (RS) model of warped extra dimensions [32]. A schematic diagram for production of a heavy resonance followed by its decay into a Higgs boson pair is shown in Fig. 1(d).

This letter presents a combination of results from searches for both non-resonant and resonant Higgs boson pair production in proton–proton (pp) collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV. The data were collected with the ATLAS detector [33–35] and correspond to an integrated luminosity of up to 36.1 fb^{-1} . The combination includes all published ATLAS HH search analyses using $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV data, namely those studying the final states $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ [36], $b\bar{b}W^+W^-$ [37], $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ [38], $W^+W^-W^+W^-$ [39], $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ [40] and $W^+W^-\gamma\gamma$ [41].

Previous combinations of searches for HH pair production were performed at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV by the ATLAS experiment [42] and at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV by the CMS experiment [43] combining the final states $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ [44–47], $b\bar{b}V\bar{V}$ [48], $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ [49] and $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ [50].

2. Analysis description

The analysis strategies for each of the final states considered in this letter are summarised below.

- The $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ analysis is performed using four anti- k_T jets reconstructed with a radius parameter $R = 0.4$ [51,52] (resolved analysis) or two large- R jets with $R = 1.0$ (boosted analysis). The dataset of the resolved analysis is split according to the years 2015 and 2016, and then statistically combined taking into account the different trigger algorithms used in 2015 and 2016. In part of the 2016 data period, inefficiencies in the online vertex reconstruction affected b -jet triggers that were used in the resolved analysis, reducing the total available integrated luminosity to 27.5 fb^{-1} . The boosted analysis searches for two large- R jets containing the b -quark pairs from the de-

cays of the two Higgs bosons. The large- R jets are identified as originating from b -quarks using a b -tagging algorithm applied to $R = 0.2$ track-jets [53] associated with the large- R jet [54]. The analysis is divided into three categories: the first category selects events in which each of the two large- R jets has one b -tagged track-jet; the second category requires that one large- R jet contains two b -tagged track-jets and the other large- R jet contains one b -tagged track-jet; the third category requires that both large- R jets contain two b -tagged track-jets. For the SM HH search, only the resolved analysis is used, with two categories, one for the 2015 and another for the 2016 dataset. The resonant search is instead performed with the resolved analysis for masses in the range 260–1400 GeV, with the boosted analysis for masses in the range 800–3000 GeV, and with the combination of the two for masses in the overlapping range 800–1400 GeV.

- The $b\bar{b}W^+W^-$ analysis looks for the $WW \rightarrow \ell\nu qq$ decay channel, where ℓ is an electron or muon, and q is a u, d, s, c quark or anti-quark. The $b\bar{b}$ pair is selected from two $R = 0.4$ jets (resolved analysis) or one $R = 1.0$ large- R jet (boosted analysis), while the jets from the W decay are reconstructed with $R = 0.4$ jets. The resolved analysis is used in the SM HH search, in the search for a scalar resonance with a mass between 500 and 1400 GeV, and in the search for a KK graviton in the mass range 500 to 800 GeV. The boosted analysis looks for scalar resonances in the mass range 1400 to 3000 GeV and for KK gravitons between 800 and 3000 GeV. The resolved and boosted analyses each use one category. The two analyses are not statistically combined due to a significant overlap between the two signal regions.
- The $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ analysis looks for final states with two $R = 0.4$ b -tagged jets and two τ -leptons. One of the two τ -leptons of the $\tau^+\tau^-$ pair is required to decay hadronically, while the other decays either hadronically ($\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$) or leptonically ($\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$). In the $\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ channel, events are triggered by single lepton triggers (SLT), requiring an electron or a muon in the final state, or by the coincidence of a lepton trigger with a hadronic τ trigger (LTT). In the $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ channel, events are triggered by single hadronic τ triggers (STT) or double hadronic τ triggers (DTT). The analysis is divided into three categories: one selects $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ events, a second selects $\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ events triggered by the SLT, and a third selects $\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ events triggered by the LTT. The $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ and the SLT $\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ categories are used for all model interpretations, while the LTT

Table 1

Summary of the main characteristics of the analyses used in the non-resonant and resonant searches. The resonant analysis characteristics are indicated between square brackets. “ $\mathcal{B}(HH \rightarrow x\bar{x}y\bar{y})$ ” indicates the branching fraction of the HH pair where one H decays into $x\bar{x}$ and the other decays into $y\bar{y}$. The branching fraction values are taken from Ref. [11] for a Higgs boson mass $m_H = 125.09$ GeV. “ \mathcal{L}_{int} ” indicates the integrated luminosity of the dataset used in the analysis. “Categories” indicates the number of signal categories. “Discriminant” indicates the distribution used in the final limit-setting fit (“c.e.” stands for counting events and indicates that a simple event counting was used in the final fit rather than a distribution shape). “Model” indicates which models each analysis tested: NR stands for SM HH signal model, S for a spin-0 scalar model, and G for a KK graviton model. “ $m_{S/G}$ ” gives the probed mass range for the resonant search. “Ref.” reports the reference to the individual final state papers.

	$b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$	$b\bar{b}W^+W^-$	$b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$	$W^+W^-W^+W^-$	$b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$	$W^+W^-\gamma\gamma$
$\mathcal{B}(HH \rightarrow x\bar{x}y\bar{y})$	0.34	0.25	0.073	0.046	$2.6 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$1.0 \cdot 10^{-3}$
\mathcal{L}_{int} [fb^{-1}]	27.5 [36.1]	36.1	36.1	36.1	36.1	36.1
Categories	2 [2–5]	1 [1]	3 [2–3]	9 [9]	2 [2]	1 [1]
Discriminant	m_{HH} [m_{HH}]	c.e. [m_{HH}]	BDT [BDT]	c.e. [c.e.]	$m_{\gamma\gamma}$ [m_{HH}]	$m_{\gamma\gamma}$ [$m_{\gamma\gamma}$]
Model	NR [S/G]	NR [S/G]	NR [S/G]	NR [S]	NR [S]	NR [S]
$m_{S/G}$ [TeV]	[0.26–3.00]	[0.50–3.00]	[0.50–1.00]	[0.26–0.50]	[0.26–1.00]	[0.26–0.50]
Ref.	[36]	[37]	[38]	[39]	[40]	[41]

$\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ category is used in the SM HH search (excluding the κ_λ analysis) and in resonant searches up to a mass of 800 GeV.

- The $W^+W^-W^+W^-$ analysis looks for channels with leptonic and/or hadronic W decays. Three channels are identified: $\ell\nu\ell\nu 4q$, $\ell\nu\ell\nu\ell\nu 2q$, and $\ell\nu\ell\nu\ell\nu\ell\nu$, with ℓ being an electron or muon, q a quark, and ν a neutrino. The q momentum is reconstructed from $R = 0.4$ jets. In order to suppress Z + jets and $t\bar{t}$ background, dilepton events are required to have two leptons of the same charge. Events are categorised according to the lepton flavour (ee , $e\mu$ and $\mu\mu$). Three-lepton events are selected if the sum of the lepton charges is ± 1 . They are divided into two categories according to the number of same-flavour, opposite-charge (SFOS) lepton pairs; one category selects zero SFOS lepton pairs and a second category selects one or two SFOS lepton pairs. Four-lepton events are categorised according to the number of SFOS lepton pairs and the invariant mass ($m_{4\ell}$) of the four-lepton system. Four categories are defined, requiring that the number of SFOS lepton pairs is less than two or equal to two, and $m_{4\ell}$ is smaller or larger than 180 GeV. A total of nine categories are fit simultaneously in the searches for both non-resonant and resonant HH production.
- The $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ analysis searches for a HH pair decaying into $b\bar{b}$ and $\gamma\gamma$. Two high- p_T isolated photons are required to have $E_T/m_{\gamma\gamma} > 0.35$ and 0.25 respectively. The events are then analysed using two selections: a ‘loose selection’ requiring a jet with $p_T > 40$ GeV and a second jet with $p_T > 25$ GeV, and a ‘tight selection’ where the two jets are required to have p_T larger than 100 and 30 GeV. All jets have a radius parameter $R = 0.4$. Both selections are subdivided into two categories requiring one b -tagged jet or two b -tagged jets. The tight selection is used in the SM HH search and in the search for resonances with masses higher than 500 GeV, while the loose selection is used in the κ_λ analysis and in the search for resonances with masses smaller than 500 GeV. The analysis is therefore divided into four categories, but only two of them are simultaneously fit to extract each result.
- The $W^+W^-\gamma\gamma$ analysis searches for a HH pair decaying into $\gamma\gamma$ and WW . The analysis uses the same photon selection as the $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ channel and looks for one W decaying leptonically and a second W decaying hadronically ($WW \rightarrow \ell\nu qq$). The hadronic W decay is reconstructed from $R = 0.4$ jets. Only one category is used in the searches for both non-resonant and resonant HH production.

A summary of the main analysis characteristics is given in Table 1. All analyses impose a series of sequential requirements on kinematic variables to select signal events and suppress back-

grounds. The $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ analysis uses a boosted decision tree (BDT) [55] distribution as the final discriminant for both the non-resonant and resonant searches. For the resonant searches, the $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$, $b\bar{b}W^+W^-$ and $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ analyses use the HH invariant mass (m_{HH}) as the final discriminant, the $W^+W^-\gamma\gamma$ analysis uses the $\gamma\gamma$ invariant mass ($m_{\gamma\gamma}$), while $W^+W^-W^+W^-$ uses simple event counting. For the SM HH search, the $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ analysis uses the m_{HH} distribution as a discriminant, profiting from the difference between the shapes of the signal and the dominant multi-jet background. The $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ and $W^+W^-\gamma\gamma$ analyses fit the $m_{\gamma\gamma}$ distribution to extract both the signal yield and the background expectation, while the $b\bar{b}W^+W^-$ and $W^+W^-W^+W^-$ analyses use event counting.

3. Statistical treatment

The statistical interpretation of the combined search results is based on a simultaneous fit to the data for the cross-section of the signal process and nuisance parameters that encode statistical and systematic uncertainties, using the CL_S approach [56]. The asymptotic approximation [57] is used in the analysis of all final states and their combination.

All signal regions considered in the simultaneous fit are either orthogonal by construction or have negligible overlap. The overlap due to object misidentification between $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ and $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$, and between $W^+W^-\gamma\gamma$ and $W^+W^-W^+W^-$, which are not orthogonal by construction, is evaluated by running the signal and data samples from each channel through the analysis selection of each other channel. Less than 0.1% of simulated signal events overlap between analyses, and no overlap is found in data. There is some irreducible contamination from $b\bar{b}W^+W^-$ and $b\bar{b}ZZ$ events with τ 's in the final state passing the $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ selection. This contamination is less than 8% of the $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ selected events, and it is not taken into account in the $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ analysis, note that including this contribution would increase the analysis sensitivity therefore the results obtained here are slightly conservative. The detector systematic uncertainties, such as those in jet reconstruction, b -jet tagging, electron, muon and photon reconstruction and identification, as well as the uncertainty on the integrated luminosity [58], are correlated across all final states. Uncertainties on the signal acceptance derived by varying the renormalisation and factorisation scales, the parton distribution functions and the parton shower are correlated too. Theoretical and modelling systematic uncertainties of the backgrounds derived using simulated events are not correlated across different analyses because the overlap among their contributions to the different analyses is negligible.

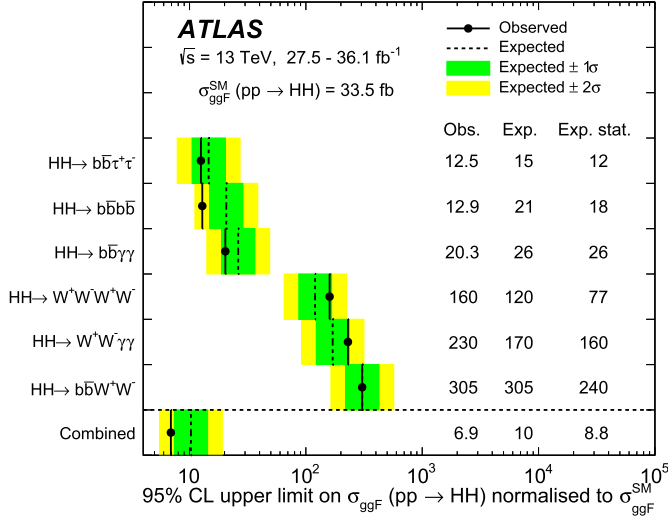


Fig. 2. Upper limits at 95% CL on the cross-section of the ggF SM HH production normalised to its SM expectation $\sigma_{\text{ggF}}^{\text{SM}}(pp \rightarrow HH)$ from the $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$, $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$, $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$, $W^+W^-W^+W^-$, $W^+W^-\gamma\gamma$ and $b\bar{b}W^+W^-$ searches, and their statistical combination. The column “Obs.” lists the observed limits, “Exp.” the expected limits with all statistical and systematic uncertainties, and “Exp. stat.” the expected limits obtained including only statistical uncertainties in the fit.

4. Combination of results on non-resonant Higgs boson pair production

The SM HH analyses use signal samples generated at next-to-leading order (NLO) in QCD with MADGRAPH5_AMC@NLO [59] using the CT10 NLO parton distribution function (PDF) set [60]. Parton showers and hadronisation were simulated with HERWIG++ [61] using parameter values from the UE-EE-5-CTEQ6L1 tune [62]. The so-called FTApprox method [63] is applied in the event generation to include finite top-quark mass effects in the real-radiation NLO corrections. The virtual-loop corrections are realised with Higgs effective field theory (HEFT) assuming infinite top-quark mass. The generated events are then corrected with a generator level bin-by-bin reweighting of the m_{HH} distribution, which is calculated with finite top-quark mass in full NLO corrections [13]. The branching fractions of the Higgs boson are assumed to be equal to the SM predictions [11]. For the SM HH search, upper limits are extracted for the cross-section $\sigma_{\text{ggF}}(pp \rightarrow HH)$ of HH production and are normalised by the SM HH cross-section $\sigma_{\text{ggF}}^{\text{SM}}(pp \rightarrow HH)$. The limits are determined assuming that all kinematic properties of the HH pair are those predicted by the SM, particularly the m_{HH} distribution, and only the total ggF production cross-section, $\sigma_{\text{ggF}}(pp \rightarrow HH)$, is allowed to deviate from its SM value. The theoretical uncertainties of $\sigma_{\text{ggF}}^{\text{SM}}$ are less than 10% [11] and are not included in the fit results.

The upper limits at 95% CL on the cross-section of the ggF Higgs boson pair production normalised to $\sigma_{\text{ggF}}^{\text{SM}}$ are shown in Fig. 2 for the individual final states and their combination. The upper limit for each final state is obtained from a fit with minimal changes from previously published results. The changes include an update of the ggF Higgs boson pair production cross-section from 33.4 fb to 33.5 fb for all final states. Additionally, the $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ final state included theoretical uncertainties on the ggF inclusive cross-section, $\sigma_{\text{ggF}}^{\text{SM}}$, which are not considered in the present treatment, and the $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ final state is updated to use an asymptotic approximation to calculate the observed limit instead of the pseudo-experiment method used for its publication. This results in a 10% change in the observed limit of $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$. Moreover, the impact of the

asymptotic approximation on all final states combined is found to be 5%.

The combined observed (expected) upper limit on the SM HH production is $6.9 (10) \times \sigma_{\text{ggF}}^{\text{SM}}(pp \rightarrow HH)$. The expected limit is similar to the CMS result of $12.8 \times \sigma_{\text{ggF}}^{\text{SM}}(pp \rightarrow HH)$. The observed limit is more stringent for the ATLAS result than the CMS result of $22.2 \times \sigma_{\text{ggF}}^{\text{SM}}(pp \rightarrow HH)$ because the three leading channels ($b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$, $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ and $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$) have a data deficit in ATLAS and an excess in CMS [43], remaining however within the two 2σ uncertainty interval. Detailed comparisons can be found in Ref. [64].

The impact of the systematic uncertainties has been evaluated by recomputing the limit without their inclusion. The limit is then reduced by 13% when removing all of them. The main sources of systematic uncertainty are the modelling of the backgrounds, the statistical uncertainty of simulated events and the τ -lepton reconstruction and identification. When removed the limit reduces by 5%, 3% and 2%, respectively.

5. Constraints on the Higgs boson self-coupling

The results in Fig. 2 show that the sensitivity of the SM HH search is driven by the final states $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$, $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ and $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$. These final states are used to set constraints on the Higgs boson self-coupling modifier $\kappa_\lambda = \lambda_{HHH}/\lambda_{HHH}^{\text{SM}}$. After setting all couplings to fermions and bosons to their SM values, a scan of the self-coupling modifier κ_λ is performed. The κ_λ factor affects both the production cross-section and the kinematic distributions of the Higgs boson pairs, by modifying the \mathcal{A}_2 production amplitude. It can also affect the Higgs boson branching fractions due to NLO electroweak corrections [20], but this dependence is neglected in the following.

The signal used in the κ_λ fit was simulated according to the following procedure. For each value of κ_λ the m_{HH} spectrum is computed at the generator-level, using the leading-order (LO) version of MADGRAPH5_AMC@NLO [59] with the NNPDF 2.3 LO [65] PDF set, together with PYTHIA 8.2 [66] for the showering model using the A14 tune [67]. Because only one amplitude of Higgs boson pair production depends on κ_λ , linear combinations of three LO samples generated with different values of κ_λ are sufficient to make predictions for any value of κ_λ . Binned ratios of the m_{HH} distributions to the SM distribution are computed for all κ_λ values and then used to reweight the events of NLO SM HH signal samples, generated using the full detector simulation. This procedure is validated by comparing kinematic distributions obtained with the reweighting procedure applied to the LO SM sample and LO samples generated with the actual κ_λ values set in the event generator. The two sets of distributions are found to be in agreement. This procedure assumes that higher order QCD corrections on the differential cross-section as a function of m_{HH} are independent of κ_λ . The reweighted NLO signal sample is used to compute the signal acceptance and the kinematic distributions for different values of κ_λ .

This letter presents κ_λ results for the first time in the ATLAS $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ and $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ final states and incorporates the previously published result for the $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ final state. The κ_λ analyses closely follow the SM HH search, with some exceptions which are discussed below for each final state.

- In the $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ final state, the same analysis selection and final discriminant are used in the κ_λ -scan analysis and in the SM HH search. The distribution of the final discriminant m_{HH} is shown in Fig. 3(a), where, with the exception of a small excess in the region below 300 GeV [36] and a small deficit in the 500-600 GeV region, good agreement between data and the

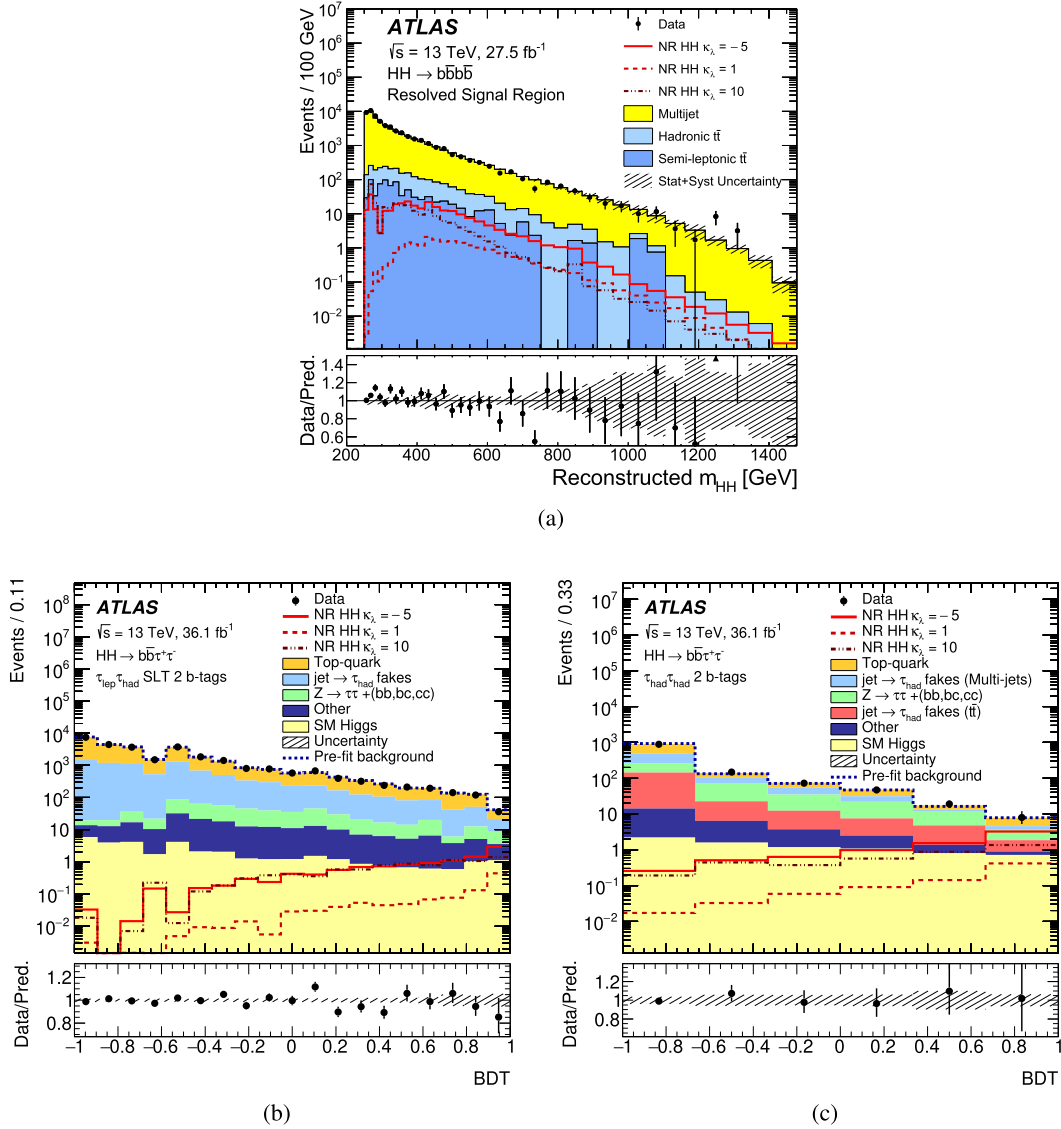


Fig. 3. Final discriminants used in the κ_λ -scan analysis for the $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ and the $b\bar{b}t^+\tau^-$ final states. (a) shows the reconstructed m_{HH} distribution in the $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ analysis; backgrounds include data-driven multi-jet processes (Multijet), $t\bar{t} \rightarrow W^+W^-b\bar{b}$ with both W bosons decaying hadronically (Hadronic $t\bar{t}$) and $t\bar{t} \rightarrow W^+W^-b\bar{b}$ with at least one of the W bosons decaying leptonically (Semileptonic $t\bar{t}$). (b) and (c) show the BDT distributions in the $b\bar{b}t^+\tau^-$ analysis for the $\tau_{lep}\tau_{had}$ and the $\tau_{had}\tau_{had}$ channels, respectively. The main backgrounds are $t\bar{t}$ and single-top-quark production (Top-quark), the background arising from jets faking hadronic τ -lepton decays (jet $\rightarrow \tau_{had}$ fakes), $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau + \tau\tau + (bb, bc, cc)$, SM single Higgs boson production (SM Higgs) and other minor backgrounds (Other). The shaded area includes the systematic uncertainty of the total background expectation due to the statistics of simulated events and all experimental and theoretical systematic uncertainties. In figures (b) and (c) the uncertainty band is not shown in the upper panes because it is too small to be seen. The signal distribution is overlaid for $\kappa_\lambda = -5, 1, 10$ and is normalised to its expected yield.

expected background is observed. The shape of the m_{HH} distribution has a strong dependence on κ_λ , and the signal acceptance varies by a factor 2.5 over the probed range of κ_λ -values ($-20 \leq \kappa_\lambda \leq 20$) shown in Fig. 4(a). The two effects together determine how the exclusion limits on the cross-section of the HH production vary as a function of κ_λ .

- In the $b\bar{b}t^+\tau^-$ final state, as in the SM HH search, both $\tau_{lep}\tau_{had}$ and $\tau_{had}\tau_{had}$ events are used. In contrast with the SM HH search, LTT $\tau_{lep}\tau_{had}$ events (see Section 2) are not used given their negligible contribution. The SM HH search and the κ_λ -scan analysis use the same sets of variables to build BDT discriminants. For the κ_λ -scan the BDTs are retrained using the NLO SM signal sample reweighted with $\kappa_\lambda = 20$, ensuring good sensitivity over the whole range of probed κ_λ -values. The BDT score distributions are used in the fit to compute the final results. The shape of the $b\bar{b}t^+\tau^-$ BDT distributions does

not show a κ_λ dependence as strong as in the $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ final state, as can be seen in Fig. 3. The sensitivity of this analysis is instead affected by a variation in the signal acceptance by up to a factor of three over the probed range of κ_λ -values, as shown in Fig. 4(a).

- In the $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ final state, the loose selection is used in the κ_λ -scan analysis because the average transverse momentum of the Higgs bosons is lower at large values of κ_λ , where $|\mathcal{A}_2|^2$ dominates the production cross-section. As in the SM HH search, the statistical analysis is performed using the $m_{\gamma\gamma}$ distribution, which does not depend on κ_λ . The signal acceptance varies by about 30% over the probed range of κ_λ -values, as shown in Fig. 4(a). In the previously published analysis [40], LO samples were used for the computation of the signal acceptance, while in this paper the NLO reweighted samples are used, as described above.

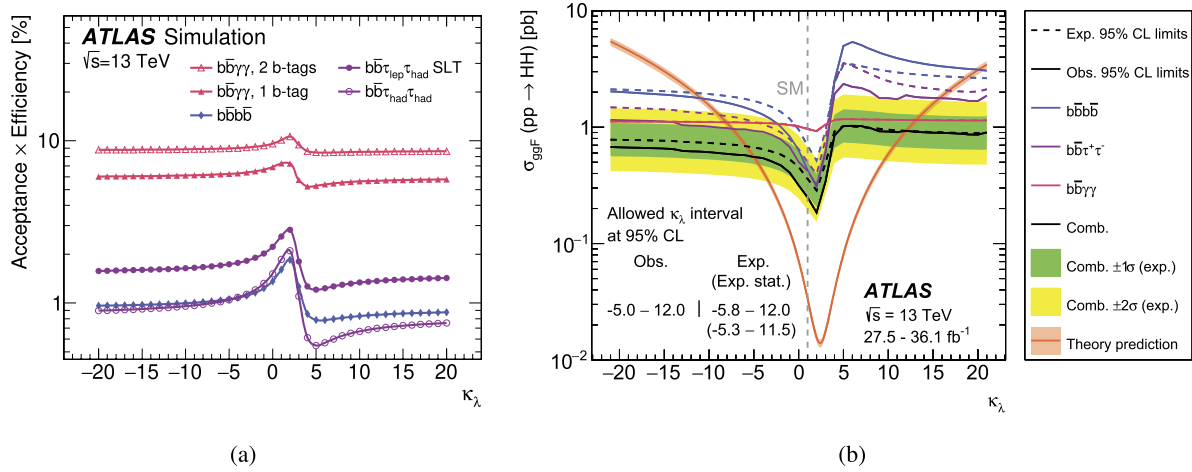


Fig. 4. (a) Signal acceptance times efficiency as a function of κ_λ for the $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$, $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ and $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ analyses. The $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ curve is the average of the 2015 and 2016 curves weighted by the integrated luminosities of the two datasets. (b) Upper limits at 95% CL on the cross-section of the ggF non-resonant SM HH production as a function of κ_λ . The observed (expected) limits are shown as solid (dashed) lines. In the $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ final state, the observed and expected limits coincide. The $\pm 1\sigma$ and $\pm 2\sigma$ bands are only shown for the combined expected limit. The theoretical prediction of the cross-section as a function of κ_λ is also shown. The effect of non-SM Higgs decay branching fractions due to κ_λ variations is not taken into account, which impacts the κ_λ intervals by no more than 7%.

The signal acceptance times efficiency as a function of κ_λ is shown in Fig. 4(a). Given that, for each final state, the same selection was applied over the full scanned κ_λ range, the shape of the acceptance times efficiency curve is determined by the variation of the event kinematics as a function of κ_λ . For high values of $|\kappa_\lambda|$ the \mathcal{A}_2 term dominates the total amplitude, causing a softer m_{HH} spectrum, and thus a lower acceptance times efficiency. Around $\kappa_\lambda = 2.4$ the interference between \mathcal{A}_1 and \mathcal{A}_2 amplitudes is maximal, producing the hardest m_{HH} spectrum and, consequently, the highest signal acceptance times efficiency.

In each analysis, and in their combination, the 95% CL upper limit on the $\sigma_{ggF}(pp \rightarrow HH)$ cross-section is computed for different values of κ_λ . The results are shown in Fig. 4(b). The theoretical $\sigma_{ggF}(pp \rightarrow HH)$ cross-section as a function of κ_λ is overlaid in the figure. It is computed by multiplying the HH SM cross-section $\sigma_{ggF}^{SM}(pp \rightarrow HH)$ by the ratio $R(\kappa_\lambda)$ of the $pp \rightarrow HH$ cross-section computed at κ_λ , $\sigma_{ggF}^{\kappa_\lambda}(pp \rightarrow HH)$ to the same quantity $\sigma_{ggF}^{\kappa_\lambda=1}(pp \rightarrow HH)$ computed at $\kappa_\lambda = 1$. The $R(\kappa_\lambda)$ factor is computed at NNLO+NNLL with the infinite top-quark mass approximation [68]. The resulting observed (expected) confidence interval at 95% CL for κ_λ is: $-5.0 < \kappa_\lambda < 12.0$ ($-5.8 < \kappa_\lambda < 12.0$).

In Fig. 4(b) the shape of the upper-limit curves approximately follows the inverse of the signal acceptance shown in Fig. 4(a). In the $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ analysis, the observed limits are more stringent than the expected limits at low values of κ_λ . For these κ_λ values the signal m_{HH} distributions have significant populations in the region 500–600 GeV, where the data deficit sits, as explained above. For larger values of κ_λ the m_{HH} distribution is shifted to lower m_{HH} values, and thus the excess in data below 300 GeV leads to the observed limits being less stringent than expected. In the $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ final state the observed limits are more stringent than the expected limits over the whole range of κ_λ , due to a deficit of data relative to the background predictions at high values of the BDT score. The $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ limit shows a weaker dependence on κ_λ than the $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ and $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ limits because the $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ acceptance varies less as function of κ_λ .

The 95% CL allowed κ_λ intervals are given in Table 2. The systematic uncertainties weaken the κ_λ limits by less than 10% relative to those obtained with only statistical uncertainties. The final state least (most) affected by systematic uncertainties is $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ ($b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$). The Higgs boson branching fraction depends on κ_λ due to

Table 2

Allowed κ_λ intervals at 95% CL for the $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$, $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ and $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ final states and their combination. The column ‘‘Obs.’’ lists the observed results, ‘‘Exp.’’ the expected results obtained including all statistical and systematic uncertainties in the fit, and ‘‘Exp. stat.’’ the expected results obtained including only the statistical uncertainties. The effect of non-SM Higgs decay branching fractions due to κ_λ variations is not taken into account, which impacts the κ_λ intervals by no more than 7%.

Final state	Allowed κ_λ interval at 95% CL		
	Obs.	Exp.	Exp. stat.
$b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$	−10.9 – 20.1	−11.6 – 18.8	−9.8 – 16.3
$b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$	−7.4 – 15.7	−8.9 – 16.8	−7.8 – 15.5
$b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$	−8.1 – 13.1	−8.1 – 13.1	−7.9 – 12.9
Combination	−5.0 – 12.0	−5.8 – 12.0	−5.3 – 11.5

NLO electroweak corrections [20]. This dependence is neglected in the present treatment, but its overall impact on the allowed κ_λ interval is evaluated to be no more than 7%. Theory uncertainties on the signal cross section shown in Fig. 4(b) are not taken into account when computing the κ_λ limits in Table 2, they affect the limit by less than 8%.

6. Combination of results for resonant Higgs boson pair production

The resonance decaying into a pair of Higgs bosons is assumed to be either a heavy spin-0 scalar particle, S , with a narrow width or a spin-2 KK graviton, G_{KK} .

The search for the heavy scalar particle S is performed with all six final states included in this combination. With the exception of $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ and $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$, all signal samples were simulated at NLO with MADGRAPH5_AMC@NLO using the CT10 PDF set. The matrix-element generator was interfaced to HERWIG++ with the UE-EE-5-CTEQ6L1 tune. The $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ final state uses an LO model generated with MADGRAPH5_AMC@NLO using the NNPDF 2.3 LO PDF set interfaced to PYTHIA 8.2 with the A14 tune, while the $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ final state uses the same LO event generator but interfaced to HERWIG++ with the UE-EE-5-CTEQ6L1 tune.

The scalar resonance search is performed in the mass range 260–3000 GeV, and within this range no statistically significant excess is observed. In the combination, the largest observed deviation from the background expectation is 1σ for the search mass range. The combined upper limit on the cross-section is shown as a func-

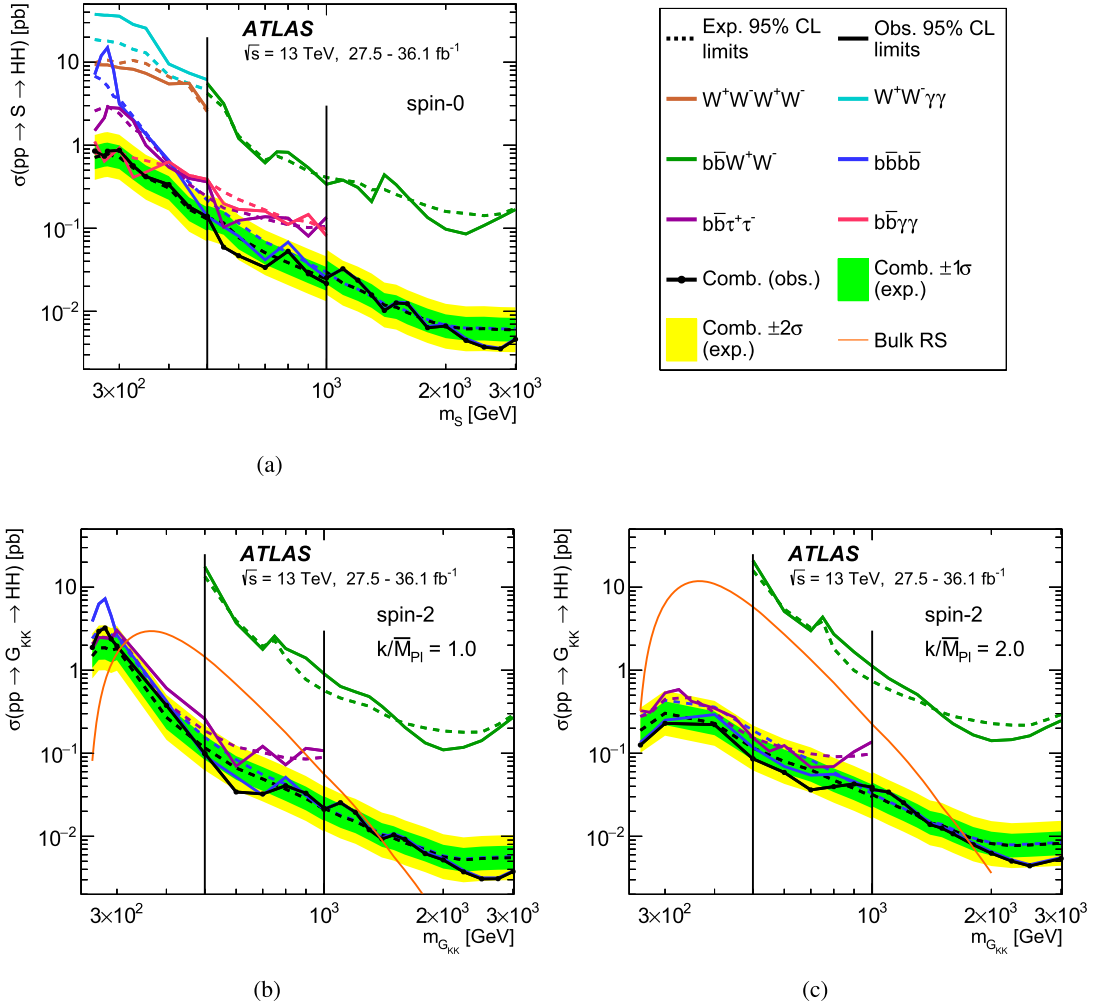


Fig. 5. Upper limits at 95% CL on the cross-section of the resonant Higgs boson pair production for (a) a spin-0 heavy scalar, (b) a spin-2 KK graviton with $k/\overline{M}_{\text{Pl}} = 1$ and (c) a spin-2 KK graviton with $k/\overline{M}_{\text{Pl}} = 2$. The observed (expected) limits are shown as solid (dashed) lines. The $\pm 1\sigma$ and $\pm 2\sigma$ bands are only shown for the expected limits of the combination. Only the $bbb\bar{b}$, bbW^+W^- and $bb\tau^+\tau^-$ search results are used in the spin-2 resonant combination. The vertical black lines in each panel indicate mass intervals where different final states are combined.

tion of the resonance mass in Fig. 5(a). Systematic uncertainties have a sizeable effect on the upper limits depending on the probed resonance mass. The total impact of systematics or the impact of a single systematic uncertainty has been evaluated by computing the percentage reduction of the upper limit obtained by removing all systematic uncertainties or a particular source. Overall the systematic uncertainties affect the limit by 12% (11%) for a resonance mass of 1 (3) TeV. Among them, the largest systematic uncertainties are due to the modelling of the backgrounds, impacting the upper limit by 7% (9%) at 1 (3) TeV. The second leading systematic uncertainty comes from b -tagging, that affects the upper limit by 2% at 1 TeV, but its impact is negligible at 3 TeV where relative background and statistical uncertainties increase significantly. At 3 TeV the second leading systematic uncertainty is related to the jet energy scale and resolution, changing the limit by 2%. Interpretations in specific spin-0 BSM models are provided in Section 7.

The search for a spin-2 KK graviton is performed with the $bbb\bar{b}$, bbW^+W^- and $bb\tau^+\tau^-$ final states only. Gravitons were simulated using an LO model in MADGRAPH5_AMC@NLO with the NNPDF 2.3 LO PDF set interfaced to PYTHIA 8.2 with the A14 tune. The resonance width changes with the graviton mass and depends on the parameter $k/\overline{M}_{\text{Pl}}$, where k is the curvature of the warped extra dimension in the bulk RS model and $\overline{M}_{\text{Pl}} = 2.4 \times 10^{18}$ GeV is the effective four-dimensional Planck mass. The search is performed

for models with $k/\overline{M}_{\text{Pl}}$ equal to 1 and 2. For $k/\overline{M}_{\text{Pl}} = 1$ (2), the width ranges from 3% (11%) for a 0.3 TeV graviton mass to 6% (25%) for a 3 TeV graviton mass.

The upper limits in the G_{KK} search are shown as a function of the resonance mass in Figs. 5(b) and 5(c) for $k/\overline{M}_{\text{Pl}}$ equal to 1 and 2, respectively. In the combination, the largest observed deviation from the background expectation is 1.5σ (0.7σ) for the search mass range with $k/\overline{M}_{\text{Pl}} = 1$ (2). Exclusion ranges on the KK graviton mass are obtained by comparing the upper limit with the production cross section calculated at LO. In the case of $k/\overline{M}_{\text{Pl}} = 1$, the bulk RS model is excluded at 95% CL in the graviton mass range from 310 GeV to 1380 GeV. In the case of $k/\overline{M}_{\text{Pl}} = 2$, the model is excluded at 95% CL for graviton masses from 260 GeV, where the scan starts, to 1760 GeV.

The impact of the systematic uncertainties on the upper limits on G_{KK} has a small dependence on the resonance mass. It is $\sim 20\%$ over the whole mass range for $k/\overline{M}_{\text{Pl}} = 1$, and 29% (25%) at a mass of 1 TeV (3 TeV) for $k/\overline{M}_{\text{Pl}} = 2$. The largest systematic uncertainties are from the modelling of the backgrounds, affecting the limit by 11% (15%) at 1 TeV (3 TeV) for $k/\overline{M}_{\text{Pl}} = 1$ and 16% (21%) at 1 TeV (3 TeV) for $k/\overline{M}_{\text{Pl}} = 2$. For $k/\overline{M}_{\text{Pl}} = 1$, the subleading systematic uncertainties come from b -tagging at low G_{KK} mass, that affect the limit by 3%, and from jet energy scale and resolution at high mass, that affect the upper limit by 2% (3%) at 1 TeV (3 TeV). For

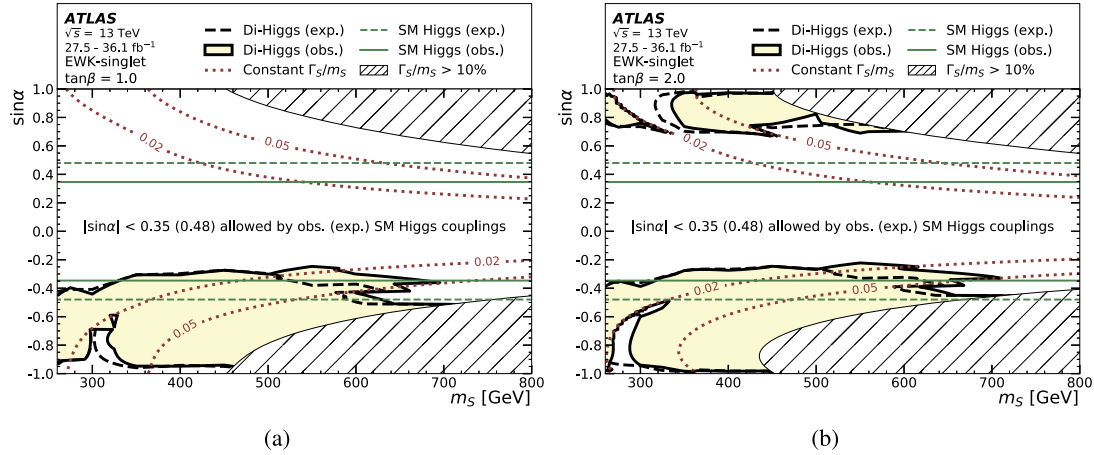


Fig. 6. Excluded regions for the EWK-singlet model for two values of the $\tan\beta$ parameter: (a) $\tan\beta = 1$ and (b) $\tan\beta = 2$. Indirect constraints from SM Higgs coupling measurements [74] are shown with horizontal lines. The dotted lines indicate the separation between regions where the resonance width is larger than 2% and 5% of the resonance mass. The hatch-marked area corresponds to regions that cannot be excluded because the width of the resonance exceeds 10% of the resonance mass, corresponding to the maximum of the experimental mass resolution among all analysed final states.

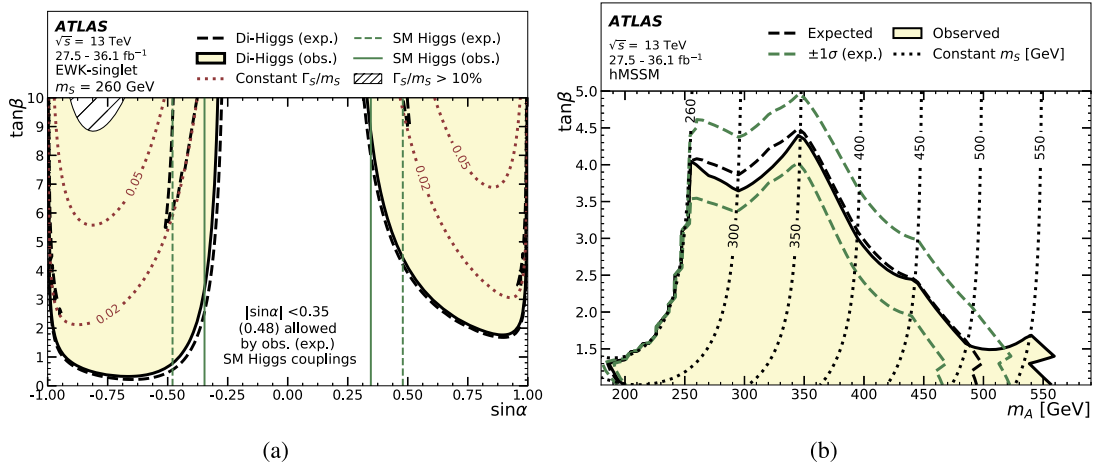


Fig. 7. Excluded regions in (a) the EWK-singlet model for $m_S = 260$ GeV and (b) the hMSSM model using the experimental upper limits obtained in the spin-0 resonance searches. In the EWK-singlet exclusion, the indirect constraints from SM Higgs coupling measurements [74] are shown with vertical lines.

$k/\overline{M}_{\text{Pl}} = 2$, subleading systematic uncertainties are from jet energy scale and resolution, impacting the upper limits by 5% at 1 TeV and 4% at 3 TeV. The systematic uncertainties affect upper limits more for $k/\overline{M}_{\text{Pl}} = 2$ than for $k/\overline{M}_{\text{Pl}} = 1$, because the natural width of the signal graviton is four times larger with $k/\overline{M}_{\text{Pl}} = 2$.

7. Constraints on the hMSSM and EWK-singlet models

Exclusion limits are also presented for two specific models, namely the EWK-singlet model [11,29–31] and the hMSSM model [11,26–28,69]. The sensitivity of the $b\bar{b}W^+W^-$, $W^+W^-W^+W^-$ and $W^+W^-\gamma\gamma$ final states to these models is negligible, so the presented results combine only the $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$, $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ and $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ final states.

For the EWK-singlet model, the experimental limits on the spin-0 resonance (as reported in Section 6) are interpreted as constraints in the m_S – $\sin\alpha$ plane (where m_S is the resonance mass) for $\tan\beta = 1$ and $\tan\beta = 2$, shown in Fig. 6(a) and Fig. 6(b) respectively. The expected cross-section for each point in the parameter space is obtained by scaling the heavy Higgs cross-section calculated at NNLO+NNLL [11] with singlet coupling modifiers. The branching fractions are computed with sHDECAY [70]. In this model, the width of the heavy scalar can be large in some regions

of the parameter space. Due to the use of narrow-width signal models in the event generation, results presented here are valid only in regions of the model parameter-space where the resonance width (Γ_S) is smaller than the experimental resolution at the resonance mass. This holds when $\Gamma_S/m_S < 2\%$ for $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$, $\Gamma_S/m_S < 5\%$ for $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ and $\Gamma_S/m_S < 10\%$ for $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$. Therefore, the excluded region in the plot is obtained by combining the three final states for $\Gamma_S/m_S < 2\%$, by combining the $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ and $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ final states for $2\% < \Gamma_S/m_S < 5\%$, and using only $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ for $5\% < \Gamma_S/m_S < 10\%$. The hatched region shows points where $\Gamma_S/m_S \geq 10\%$, where no exclusion can be provided. Fig. 7(a) shows limits for the $(\sin\alpha, \tan\beta)$ parameter space for $m_S = 260$ GeV where, due to the limited decay phase space, the resonance width is narrow in a wide region of the parameter space.

The experimental limits on a spin-0 resonance are also interpreted as constraints in the m_A – $\tan\beta$ plane of the hMSSM model in Fig. 7(b). The expected cross-section for each point in the parameter space is obtained using the gluon-gluon fusion cross-section from SUSHI 1.5.0 [71,72] and the branching fractions computed with HDECAY 6.4.2 [73].

The excluded region is more than doubled along $\tan\beta$ relative to the previous combined results in Ref. [42] at 8 TeV, and excludes values of m_A from 190 GeV to 560 GeV depending on $\tan\beta$. The

kink at low $\tan\beta$ and high m_A values is caused by removing the $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ final state from the combination in the region where the predicted width of the heavy CP-even Higgs boson is larger than the experimental resolution on m_S in the $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ analysis.

8. Conclusion

A statistical combination of six final states $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$, $b\bar{b}W^+W^-$, $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$, $W^+W^-W^+W^-$, $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ and $W^+W^-\gamma\gamma$, is presented for the search for non-resonant and resonant production of Higgs boson pairs. These searches use up to 36.1fb^{-1} of proton–proton collision data at 13 TeV recorded with the ATLAS detector at the LHC.¹

In both resonant and non-resonant searches, no statistically significant excess of events above the Standard Model predictions is found. For the Standard Model HH production mode, the observed (expected) 95% confidence level upper limit on the gluon–gluon fusion $pp \rightarrow HH$ cross-section is 6.9 (10) times the Standard Model prediction. The expected limit is comparable to the CMS result, while the observed limit is significantly stronger than CMS's due to a data deficit compared to expected background in ATLAS and an excess in CMS. For the resonant case, upper limits are set on the production cross-section of heavy spin-0 and spin-2 resonances decaying into pairs of Higgs bosons in the mass range 260–3000 GeV.

Upper limits on the $pp \rightarrow HH$ cross-section are also computed as a function of the Higgs boson self-coupling modifier $\kappa_\lambda = \lambda_{HHH}/\lambda_{HHH}^{\text{SM}}$, by combining the $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$, $b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$ and $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$ final states. The combination excludes κ_λ values outside the range $-5.0 < \kappa_\lambda < 12.0$ ($-5.8 < \kappa_\lambda < 12.0$) at 95% confidence level in observation (expectation). The three final states are also combined to constrain the Electroweak Singlet Model in the $(m_S, \sin\alpha)$ and the $(\sin\alpha, \tan\beta)$ parameter spaces and the *habemus* Minimal Supersymmetric Standard Model in the $(m_A, \tan\beta)$ parameter space.

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¹ All results are available in digital format on HEPDATA at the following link: <https://www.hepdata.net/record/90521>.

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L. Adamek¹⁶⁷, J. Adelman¹²⁰, M. Adersberger¹¹³, A. Adiguzel^{12c,aj}, S. Adorni⁵⁴, T. Adye¹⁴⁴, A.A. Affolder¹⁴⁶, Y. Afik¹⁶⁰, C. Agapopoulou¹³², M.N. Agaras³⁸, A. Aggarwal¹¹⁸, C. Agheorghiesei^{27c}, J.A. Aguilar-Saavedra^{140f,140a,ai}, F. Ahmadov⁷⁹, W.S. Ahmed¹⁰³, X. Ai¹⁸, G. Aielli^{73a,73b}, S. Akatsuka⁸⁵, T.P.A. Åkesson⁹⁶, E. Akilli⁵⁴, A.V. Akimov¹¹⁰, K. Al Khoury¹³², G.L. Alberghi^{23b,23a}, J. Albert¹⁷⁶, M.J. Alconada Verzini¹⁶¹, S. Alderweireldt³⁶, M. Aleksa³⁶, I.N. Aleksandrov⁷⁹, C. Alexa^{27b}, D. Alexandre¹⁹, T. Alexopoulos¹⁰, A. Alfonsi¹¹⁹, M. Alhroob¹²⁸, B. Ali¹⁴², G. Alimonti^{68a}, J. Alison³⁷, S.P. Alkire¹⁴⁸, C. Allaire¹³², B.M.M. Allbrooke¹⁵⁶, B.W. Allen¹³¹, P.P. Allport²¹, A. Aloisio^{69a,69b}, A. Alonso⁴⁰, F. Alonso⁸⁸, C. Alpigiani¹⁴⁸, A.A. Alshehri⁵⁷, M. Alvarez Estevez⁹⁸, D. Álvarez Piqueras¹⁷⁴, M.G. Alviggi^{69a,69b}, Y. Amaral Coutinho^{80b}, A. Ambler¹⁰³, L. Ambroz¹³⁵, C. Amelung²⁶, D. Amidei¹⁰⁵, S.P. Amor Dos Santos^{140a}, S. Amoroso⁴⁶, C.S. Amrouche⁵⁴, F. 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T. Buanes¹⁷, Q. Buat³⁶, P. Buchholz¹⁵¹, A.G. Buckley⁵⁷, I.A. Budagov⁷⁹, M.K. Bugge¹³⁴, F. Bühner⁵², O. Bulekov¹¹¹, T.J. Burch¹²⁰, S. Burdin⁹⁰, C.D. Burgard¹¹⁹, A.M. Burger¹²⁹, B. Burghgrave⁸, J.T.P. Burr⁴⁶, J.C. Burzynski¹⁰², V. Büscher⁹⁹, E. Buschmann⁵³, P.J. Bussey⁵⁷, J.M. Butler²⁵, C.M. Buttar⁵⁷, J.M. Butterworth⁹⁴, P. Butti³⁶, W. Buttinger³⁶, A. Buzatu¹⁵⁸, A.R. Buzykaev^{121b,121a}, G. Cabras^{23b,23a}, S. Cabrera Urbán¹⁷⁴, D. Caforio⁵⁶, H. Cai¹⁷³, V.M.M. Cairo¹⁵³, O. Cakir^{4a}, N. Calace³⁶, P. Calafiura¹⁸, A. Calandri¹⁰¹, G. Calderini¹³⁶, P. Calfayan⁶⁵, G. Callea⁵⁷, L.P. Caloba^{80b}, S. Calvente Lopez⁹⁸, D. Calvet³⁸, S. Calvet³⁸, T.P. Calvet¹⁵⁵, M. Calvetti^{71a,71b}, R. Camacho Toro¹³⁶, S. Camarda³⁶, D. Camarero Munoz⁹⁸, P. Camarri^{73a,73b}, D. Cameron¹³⁴, R. Caminal Armadans¹⁰², C. Camincher³⁶, S. Campana³⁶, M. Campanelli⁹⁴, A. Camplani⁴⁰, A. Campoverde¹⁵¹, V. Canale^{69a,69b}, A. Canesse¹⁰³, M. Cano Bret^{60c}, J. Cantero¹²⁹, T. Cao¹⁶¹, Y. Cao¹⁷³, M.D.M. Capeans Garrido³⁶, M. Capua^{41b,41a}, R. Cardarelli^{73a}, F. Cardillo¹⁴⁹, G. Carducci^{41b,41a}, I. Carli¹⁴³, T. Carli³⁶, G. Carlino^{69a}, B.T. Carlson¹³⁹, L. Carminati^{68a,68b}, R.M.D. Carney^{45a,45b}, S. Caron¹¹⁸, E. Carquin^{147c}, S. Carrá⁴⁶, J.W.S. Carter¹⁶⁷, M.P. Casado^{14,e}, A.F. Casha¹⁶⁷, D.W. Casper¹⁷¹, R. Castelijin¹¹⁹, F.L. Castillo¹⁷⁴, V. Castillo Gimenez¹⁷⁴, N.F. Castro^{140a,140e}, A. Catinaccio³⁶, J.R. Catmore¹³⁴, A. Cattai³⁶, J. Caudron²⁴, V. Cavaliere²⁹, E. Cavallaro¹⁴, M. Cavalli-Sforza¹⁴, V. Cavasinni^{71a,71b}, E. Celebi^{12b}, F. Ceradini^{74a,74b}, L. Cerda Alberich¹⁷⁴, K. Cerny¹³⁰, A.S. Cerqueira^{80a}, A. Cerri¹⁵⁶, L. Cerrito^{73a,73b}, F. Cerutti¹⁸, A. Cervelli^{23b,23a}, S.A. Cetin^{12b}, Z. Chadi^{35a}, D. Chakraborty¹²⁰, S.K. Chan⁵⁹, W.S. Chan¹¹⁹, W.Y. Chan⁹⁰, J.D. Chapman³², B. Chargeishvili^{159b}, D.G. Charlton²¹, T.P. Charman⁹², C.C. Chau³⁴, S. Che¹²⁶, A. Chegwidden¹⁰⁶, S. Chekanov⁶, S.V. Chekulaev^{168a}, G.A. Chelkov^{79,ax}, M.A. Chelstowska³⁶, B. Chen⁷⁸, C. Chen^{60a}, C.H. Chen⁷⁸, H. Chen²⁹, J. Chen^{60a}, J. Chen³⁹, S. Chen¹³⁷, S.J. Chen^{15c}, X. Chen^{15b,aw}, Y. Chen⁸², Y-H. Chen⁴⁶, H.C. Cheng^{63a}, H.J. Cheng^{15a,15d}, A. Cheplakov⁷⁹, E. Cheremushkina¹²³, R. Cherkaoui El Moursli^{35e}, E. Cheu⁷, K. Cheung⁶⁴, T.J.A. Chevaléris¹⁴⁵, L. Chevalier¹⁴⁵, V. Chiarella⁵¹, G. Chiarelli^{71a}, G. Chiodini^{67a}, A.S. Chisholm^{36,21}, A. Chitan^{27b}, I. Chiu¹⁶³, Y.H. Chiu¹⁷⁶, M.V. Chizhov⁷⁹, K. Choi⁶⁵, A.R. Chomont^{72a,72b}, S. Chouridou¹⁶², Y.S. Chow¹¹⁹, M.C. Chu^{63a}, X. Chu^{15a}, J. Chudoba¹⁴¹, A.J. Chuinard¹⁰³, J.J. Chwastowski⁸⁴, L. Chytka¹³⁰, D. Cieri¹¹⁴, K.M. Ciesla⁸⁴, D. Cinca⁴⁷, V. Cindro⁹¹, I.A. Cioară^{27b}, A. Ciocio¹⁸, F. Ciotto^{69a,69b}, Z.H. Citron^{180,k}, M. Citterio^{68a}, D.A. Ciubotaru^{27b}, B.M. Ciungu¹⁶⁷, A. Clark⁵⁴, M.R. Clark³⁹, P.J. Clark⁵⁰, C. Clement^{45a,45b}, Y. Coadou¹⁰¹, M. Cobl^{66a,66c}, A. Coccaro^{55b}, J. Cochran⁷⁸, H. Cohen¹⁶¹, A.E.C. Coimbra³⁶, L. Colasurdo¹¹⁸, B. Cole³⁹, A.P. Colijn¹¹⁹, J. Collot⁵⁸, P. Conde Muiño^{140a,f}, E. Coniavitis⁵², S.H. Connell^{33b}, I.A. Connelly⁵⁷, S. Constantinescu^{27b}, F. Conventi^{69a,az}, A.M. Cooper-Sarkar¹³⁵, F. Cormier¹⁷⁵, K.J.R. Cormier¹⁶⁷, L.D. Corpe⁹⁴, M. Corradi^{72a,72b}, E.E. Corrigan⁹⁶, F. Corriveau^{103,ae}, A. Cortes-Gonzalez³⁶, M.J. Costa¹⁷⁴, F. Costanza⁵, D. Costanzo¹⁴⁹, G. Cowan⁹³, J.W. Cowley³², J. Crane¹⁰⁰, K. Cranmer¹²⁴, S.J. Crawley⁵⁷, R.A. Creager¹³⁷, S. Crépe-Renaudin⁵⁸, F. Crescioli¹³⁶, M. Cristinziani²⁴, V. Croft¹¹⁹, G. Crosetti^{41b,41a}, A. Cueto⁵, T. Cuhadar Donszelmann¹⁴⁹, A.R. Cukierman¹⁵³, S. Czekierda⁸⁴, P. Czodrowski³⁶, M.J. Da Cunha Sargedas De Sousa^{60b}, J.V. Da Fonseca Pinto^{80b}, C. Da Via¹⁰⁰, W. Dabrowski^{83a}, T. Dado^{28a}, S. Dahbi^{35e}, T. Dai¹⁰⁵, C. Dallapiccola¹⁰², M. Dam⁴⁰, G. D'amen^{23b,23a}, V. D'Amico^{74a,74b}, J. Damp⁹⁹, J.R. Dandoy¹³⁷, M.F. Daneri³⁰, N.P. Dang^{181,j}, N.S. Dann¹⁰⁰, M. Danninger¹⁷⁵, V. Dao³⁶, G. Darbo^{55b}, O. Dartsis⁵, A. Dattagupta¹³¹, T. Daubney⁴⁶, S. D'Auria^{68a,68b}, W. Davey²⁴, C. David⁴⁶, T. Davidek¹⁴³, D.R. Davis⁴⁹, I. Dawson¹⁴⁹, K. De⁸, R. De Asmundis^{69a}, M. De Beurs¹¹⁹, S. De Castro^{23b,23a}, S. De Cecco^{72a,72b}, N. De Groot¹¹⁸, P. de Jong¹¹⁹, H. De la Torre¹⁰⁶, A. De Maria^{15c}, D. De Pedis^{72a}, A. De Salvo^{72a}, U. De Sanctis^{73a,73b}, M. De Santis^{73a,73b}, A. De Santo¹⁵⁶, K. De Vasconcelos Corga¹⁰¹, J.B. De Vivie De Regie¹³², C. Debenedetti¹⁴⁶, D.V. Dedovich⁷⁹, A.M. Deiana⁴², M. Del Gaudio^{41b,41a}, J. Del Peso⁹⁸, Y. Delabat Diaz⁴⁶, D. Delgove¹³², F. Deliot^{145,r}, C.M. Delitzsch⁷, M. Della Pietra^{69a,69b}, D. Della Volpe⁵⁴, A. Dell'Acqua³⁶, L. Dell'Asta^{73a,73b}, M. Delmastro⁵, C. Delporte¹³², P.A. Delsart⁵⁸, D.A. DeMarco¹⁶⁷, S. Demers¹⁸³, M. Demichev⁷⁹, G. Demontigny¹⁰⁹, S.P. Denisov¹²³, D. Denysiuk¹¹⁹, L. D'Eramo¹³⁶, D. Derendarz⁸⁴, J.E. Derkaoui^{35d}, F. Derue¹³⁶, P. Dervan⁹⁰, K. Desch²⁴, C. Deterre⁴⁶, K. Dette¹⁶⁷, C. Deutsch²⁴, M.R. Devesa³⁰, P.O. Deviveiros³⁶, A. Dewhurst¹⁴⁴, F.A. Di Bello⁵⁴, A. Di Ciaccio^{73a,73b}, L. Di Ciaccio⁵, W.K. Di Clemente¹³⁷, C. Di Donato^{69a,69b}, A. Di Girolamo³⁶, G. Di Gregorio^{71a,71b}, B. Di Micco^{74a,74b}, R. Di Nardo¹⁰², K.F. Di Petrillo⁵⁹, R. Di Sipio¹⁶⁷, D. Di Valentino³⁴, C. Diaconu¹⁰¹, F.A. Dias⁴⁰, T. Dias Do Vale^{140a}, M.A. Diaz^{147a}, J. Dickinson¹⁸, E.B. Diehl¹⁰⁵, J. Dietrich¹⁹, S. Díez Cornell⁴⁶, A. Dimitrievska¹⁸, W. Ding^{15b}, J. Dingfelder²⁴, F. Dittus³⁶, F. Djama¹⁰¹, T. Djobava^{159b}, J.I. Djuvsland¹⁷,

M.A.B. Do Vale ^{80c}, M. Dobre ^{27b}, D. Dodsworth ²⁶, C. Doglioni ⁹⁶, J. Dolejsi ¹⁴³, Z. Dolezal ¹⁴³,
 M. Donadelli ^{80d}, B. Dong ^{60c}, J. Donini ³⁸, A. D'onofrio ⁹², M. D'Onofrio ⁹⁰, J. Dopke ¹⁴⁴, A. Doria ^{69a},
 M.T. Dova ⁸⁸, A.T. Doyle ⁵⁷, E. Drechsler ¹⁵², E. Dreyer ¹⁵², T. Dreyer ⁵³, A.S. Drobac ¹⁷⁰, Y. Duan ^{60b},
 F. Dubinin ¹¹⁰, M. Dubovsky ^{28a}, A. Dubreuil ⁵⁴, E. Duchovni ¹⁸⁰, G. Duckeck ¹¹³, A. Ducourthial ¹³⁶,
 O.A. Ducu ¹⁰⁹, D. Duda ¹¹⁴, A. Dudarev ³⁶, A.C. Dudder ⁹⁹, E.M. Duffield ¹⁸, L. Duflot ¹³², M. Dührssen ³⁶,
 C. Dülsen ¹⁸², M. Dumancic ¹⁸⁰, A.E. Dumitriu ^{27b}, A.K. Duncan ⁵⁷, M. Dunford ^{61a}, A. Duperrin ¹⁰¹,
 H. Duran Yildiz ^{4a}, M. Düren ⁵⁶, A. Durglishvili ^{159b}, D. Duschinger ⁴⁸, B. Dutta ⁴⁶, D. Duvnjak ¹,
 G.I. Dyckes ¹³⁷, M. Dyndal ³⁶, S. Dysch ¹⁰⁰, B.S. Dziedzic ⁸⁴, K.M. Ecker ¹¹⁴, R.C. Edgar ¹⁰⁵,
 M.G. Eggleston ⁴⁹, T. Eifert ³⁶, G. Eigen ¹⁷, K. Einsweiler ¹⁸, T. Ekelof ¹⁷², H. El Jarrari ^{35e}, M. El Kacimi ^{35c},
 R. El Kosseifi ¹⁰¹, V. Ellajosyula ¹⁷², M. Ellert ¹⁷², F. Ellinghaus ¹⁸², A.A. Elliot ⁹², N. Ellis ³⁶,
 J. Elmsheuser ²⁹, M. Elsing ³⁶, D. Emelianov ¹⁴⁴, A. Emerman ³⁹, Y. Enari ¹⁶³, D. Englert ⁹², M.B. Epland ⁴⁹,
 J. Erdmann ⁴⁷, A. Ereditato ²⁰, M. Errenst ³⁶, M. Escalier ¹³², C. Escobar ¹⁷⁴, O. Estrada Pastor ¹⁷⁴,
 E. Etzion ¹⁶¹, H. Evans ⁶⁵, A. Ezhilov ¹³⁸, F. Fabbri ⁵⁷, L. Fabbri ^{23b,23a}, V. Fabiani ¹¹⁸, G. Facini ⁹⁴,
 R.M. Faisca Rodrigues Pereira ^{140a}, R.M. Fakhruddinov ¹²³, S. Falciano ^{72a}, P.J. Falke ⁵, S. Falke ⁵,
 J. Faltova ¹⁴³, Y. Fang ^{15a}, Y. Fang ^{15a}, G. Fanourakis ⁴⁴, M. Fanti ^{68a,68b}, M. Faraj ^{66a,66c,u}, A. Farbin ⁸,
 A. Farilla ^{74a}, E.M. Farina ^{70a,70b}, T. Farooque ¹⁰⁶, S. Farrell ¹⁸, S.M. Farrington ⁵⁰, P. Farthouat ³⁶, F. Fassi ^{35e},
 P. Fassnacht ³⁶, D. Fassouliotis ⁹, M. Fauci Giannelli ⁵⁰, W.J. Fawcett ³², L. Fayard ¹³², O.L. Fedin ^{138,p},
 W. Fedorko ¹⁷⁵, M. Feickert ⁴², L. Feligioni ¹⁰¹, A. Fell ¹⁴⁹, C. Feng ^{60b}, E.J. Feng ³⁶, M. Feng ⁴⁹,
 M.J. Fenton ⁵⁷, A.B. Fenyuk ¹²³, J. Ferrando ⁴⁶, A. Ferrante ¹⁷³, A. Ferrari ¹⁷², P. Ferrari ¹¹⁹, R. Ferrari ^{70a},
 D.E. Ferreira de Lima ^{61b}, A. Ferrer ¹⁷⁴, D. Ferrere ⁵⁴, C. Ferretti ¹⁰⁵, F. Fiedler ⁹⁹, A. Filipčič ⁹¹,
 F. Filthaut ¹¹⁸, K.D. Finelli ²⁵, M.C.N. Fiolhais ^{140a,140c,a}, L. Fiorini ¹⁷⁴, F. Fischer ¹¹³, W.C. Fisher ¹⁰⁶,
 I. Fleck ¹⁵¹, P. Fleischmann ¹⁰⁵, R.R.M. Fletcher ¹³⁷, T. Flick ¹⁸², B.M. Flierl ¹¹³, L. Flores ¹³⁷,
 L.R. Flores Castillo ^{63a}, F.M. Follega ^{75a,75b}, N. Fomin ¹⁷, J.H. Foo ¹⁶⁷, G.T. Forcolin ^{75a,75b}, A. Formica ¹⁴⁵,
 F.A. Förster ¹⁴, A.C. Forti ¹⁰⁰, A.G. Foster ²¹, M.G. Foti ¹³⁵, D. Fournier ¹³², H. Fox ⁸⁹, P. Francavilla ^{71a,71b},
 S. Francescato ^{72a,72b}, M. Franchini ^{23b,23a}, S. Franchino ^{61a}, D. Francis ³⁶, L. Franconi ²⁰, M. Franklin ⁵⁹,
 A.N. Fray ⁹², P.M. Freeman ²¹, B. Freund ¹⁰⁹, W.S. Freund ^{80b}, E.M. Freundlich ⁴⁷, D.C. Frizzell ¹²⁸,
 D. Froidevaux ³⁶, J.A. Frost ¹³⁵, C. Fukunaga ¹⁶⁴, E. Fullana Torregrosa ¹⁷⁴, E. Fumagalli ^{55b,55a},
 T. Fusayasu ¹¹⁵, J. Fuster ¹⁷⁴, A. Gabrielli ^{23b,23a}, A. Gabrielli ¹⁸, G.P. Gach ^{83a}, S. Gadatsch ⁵⁴, P. Gadov ¹¹⁴,
 G. Gagliardi ^{55b,55a}, L.G. Gagnon ¹⁰⁹, C. Galea ^{27b}, B. Galhardo ^{140a}, G.E. Gallardo ¹³⁵, E.J. Gallas ¹³⁵,
 B.J. Gallop ¹⁴⁴, G. Galster ⁴⁰, R. Gamboa Goni ⁹², K.K. Gan ¹²⁶, S. Ganguly ¹⁸⁰, J. Gao ^{60a}, Y. Gao ⁵⁰,
 Y.S. Gao ^{31,m}, C. García ¹⁷⁴, J.E. García Navarro ¹⁷⁴, J.A. García Pascual ^{15a}, C. Garcia-Argos ⁵²,
 M. Garcia-Sciveres ¹⁸, R.W. Gardner ³⁷, N. Garelli ¹⁵³, S. Gargiulo ⁵², V. Garonne ¹³⁴, A. Gaudiello ^{55b,55a},
 G. Gaudio ^{70a}, I.L. Gavrilenko ¹¹⁰, A. Gavrilyuk ¹²², C. Gay ¹⁷⁵, G. Gaycken ⁴⁶, E.N. Gazis ¹⁰, A.A. Geanta ^{27b},
 C.N.P. Gee ¹⁴⁴, J. Geisen ⁵³, M. Geisen ⁹⁹, M.P. Geisler ^{61a}, C. Gemme ^{55b}, M.H. Genest ⁵⁸, C. Geng ¹⁰⁵,
 S. Gentile ^{72a,72b}, S. George ⁹³, T. Gerialis ⁴⁴, L.O. Gerlach ⁵³, P. Gessinger-Befurt ⁹⁹, G. Gessner ⁴⁷,
 S. Ghasemi ¹⁵¹, M. Ghasemi Bostanabad ¹⁷⁶, A. Ghosh ¹³², A. Ghosh ⁷⁷, B. Giacobbe ^{23b}, S. Giagu ^{72a,72b},
 N. Giangiacomi ^{23b,23a}, P. Giannetti ^{71a}, A. Giannini ^{69a,69b}, G. Giannini ¹⁴, S.M. Gibson ⁹³, M. Gignac ¹⁴⁶,
 D. Gillberg ³⁴, G. Gilles ¹⁸², D.M. Gingrich ^{3,ay}, M.P. Giordani ^{66a,66c}, F.M. Giorgi ^{23b}, P.F. Giraud ¹⁴⁵,
 G. Giugliarelli ^{66a,66c}, D. Giugni ^{68a}, F. Giuli ^{73a,73b}, S. Gkaitatzis ¹⁶², I. Gkialas ^{9,h}, E.L. Gkoukousis ¹⁴,
 P. Gkoutoumis ¹⁰, L.K. Gladilin ¹¹², C. Glasman ⁹⁸, J. Glatzer ¹⁴, P.C.F. Glaysher ⁴⁶, A. Glazov ⁴⁶,
 G.R. Gledhill ¹³¹, M. Goblirsch-Kolb ²⁶, S. Goldfarb ¹⁰⁴, T. Golling ⁵⁴, D. Golubkov ¹²³, A. Gomes ^{140a,140b},
 R. Goncalves Gama ⁵³, R. Gonçalo ^{140a,140b}, G. Gonella ⁵², L. Gonella ²¹, A. Gongadze ⁷⁹, F. Gonnella ²¹,
 J.L. Gonski ⁵⁹, S. González de la Hoz ¹⁷⁴, S. Gonzalez-Sevilla ⁵⁴, G.R. Gonzalvo Rodriguez ¹⁷⁴,
 L. Goossens ³⁶, P.A. Gorbounov ¹²², H.A. Gordon ²⁹, B. Gorini ³⁶, E. Gorini ^{67a,67b}, A. Gorišek ⁹¹,
 A.T. Goshaw ⁴⁹, M.I. Gostkin ⁷⁹, C.A. Gottardo ¹¹⁸, M. Gouighri ^{35b}, D. Goujdami ^{35c}, A.G. Goussiou ¹⁴⁸,
 N. Govender ^{33b}, C. Goy ⁵, E. Gozani ¹⁶⁰, I. Grabowska-Bold ^{83a}, E.C. Graham ⁹⁰, J. Gramling ¹⁷¹,
 E. Gramstad ¹³⁴, S. Grancagnolo ¹⁹, M. Grandi ¹⁵⁶, V. Gratchev ¹³⁸, P.M. Gravila ^{27f}, F.G. Gravili ^{67a,67b},
 C. Gray ⁵⁷, H.M. Gray ¹⁸, C. Greife ²⁴, K. Gregersen ⁹⁶, I.M. Gregor ⁴⁶, P. Grenier ¹⁵³, K. Grevtsov ⁴⁶,
 C. Grieco ¹⁴, N.A. Grieser ¹²⁸, J. Griffiths ⁸, A.A. Grillo ¹⁴⁶, K. Grimm ^{31,l}, S. Grinstein ^{14,z}, J.-F. Grivaz ¹³²,
 S. Groh ⁹⁹, E. Gross ¹⁸⁰, J. Grosse-Knetter ⁵³, Z.J. Grout ⁹⁴, C. Grud ¹⁰⁵, A. Grummer ¹¹⁷, L. Guan ¹⁰⁵,
 W. Guan ¹⁸¹, J. Guenther ³⁶, A. Guerguichon ¹³², J.G.R. Guerrero Rojas ¹⁷⁴, F. Guescini ¹¹⁴, D. Guest ¹⁷¹,
 R. Gugel ⁵², T. Guillemain ⁵, S. Guindon ³⁶, U. Gul ⁵⁷, J. Guo ^{60c}, W. Guo ¹⁰⁵, Y. Guo ^{60a,t}, Z. Guo ¹⁰¹,

R. Gupta ⁴⁶, S. Gurbuz ^{12c}, G. Gustavino ¹²⁸, P. Gutierrez ¹²⁸, C. Gutsche ⁹⁴, C. Guyot ¹⁴⁵, C. Gwenlan ¹³⁵, C.B. Gwilliam ⁹⁰, A. Haas ¹²⁴, C. Haber ¹⁸, H.K. Hadavand ⁸, N. Haddad ^{35e}, A. Hadeef ^{60a}, S. Hageböck ³⁶, M. Haleem ¹⁷⁷, J. Haley ¹²⁹, G. Halladjian ¹⁰⁶, G.D. Hallewell ¹⁰¹, K. Hamacher ¹⁸², P. Hamal ¹³⁰, K. Hamano ¹⁷⁶, H. Hamdaoui ^{35e}, G.N. Hamity ¹⁴⁹, K. Han ^{60a,al}, L. Han ^{60a}, S. Han ^{15a,15d}, Y.F. Han ¹⁶⁷, K. Hanagaki ^{81,x}, M. Hance ¹⁴⁶, D.M. Handl ¹¹³, B. Haney ¹³⁷, R. Hankache ¹³⁶, E. Hansen ⁹⁶, J.B. Hansen ⁴⁰, J.D. Hansen ⁴⁰, M.C. Hansen ²⁴, P.H. Hansen ⁴⁰, E.C. Hanson ¹⁰⁰, K. Hara ¹⁶⁹, A.S. Hard ¹⁸¹, T. Harenberg ¹⁸², S. Harkusha ¹⁰⁷, P.F. Harrison ¹⁷⁸, N.M. Hartmann ¹¹³, Y. Hasegawa ¹⁵⁰, A. Hasib ⁵⁰, S. Hassani ¹⁴⁵, S. Haug ²⁰, R. Hauser ¹⁰⁶, L.B. Havener ³⁹, M. Havranek ¹⁴², C.M. Hawkes ²¹, R.J. Hawkins ³⁶, D. Hayden ¹⁰⁶, C. Hayes ¹⁵⁵, R.L. Hayes ¹⁷⁵, C.P. Hays ¹³⁵, J.M. Hays ⁹², H.S. Hayward ⁹⁰, S.J. Haywood ¹⁴⁴, F. He ^{60a}, M.P. Heath ⁵⁰, V. Hedberg ⁹⁶, L. Heelan ⁸, S. Heer ²⁴, K.K. Heidegger ⁵², W.D. Heidorn ⁷⁸, J. Heilman ³⁴, S. Heim ⁴⁶, T. Heim ¹⁸, B. Heinemann ^{46.at}, J.J. Heinrich ¹³¹, L. Heinrich ³⁶, C. Heinz ⁵⁶, J. Hejbal ¹⁴¹, L. Helary ^{61b}, A. Held ¹⁷⁵, S. Hellesund ¹³⁴, C.M. Helling ¹⁴⁶, S. Hellman ^{45a,45b}, C. Helsens ³⁶, R.C.W. Henderson ⁸⁹, Y. Heng ¹⁸¹, S. Henkelmann ¹⁷⁵, A.M. Henriques Correia ³⁶, G.H. Herbert ¹⁹, H. Herde ²⁶, V. Herget ¹⁷⁷, Y. Hernández Jiménez ^{33c}, H. Herr ⁹⁹, M.G. Herrmann ¹¹³, T. Herrmann ⁴⁸, G. Herten ⁵², R. Hertenberger ¹¹³, L. Hervas ³⁶, T.C. Herwig ¹³⁷, G.G. Hesketh ⁹⁴, N.P. Hessey ^{168a}, A. Higashida ¹⁶³, S. Higashino ⁸¹, E. Higón-Rodríguez ¹⁷⁴, K. Hildebrand ³⁷, E. Hill ¹⁷⁶, J.C. Hill ³², K.K. Hill ²⁹, K.H. Hiller ⁴⁶, S.J. Hillier ²¹, M. Hils ⁴⁸, I. Hinchliffe ¹⁸, F. Hinterkeuser ²⁴, M. Hirose ¹³³, S. Hirose ⁵², D. Hirschbuehl ¹⁸², B. Hiti ⁹¹, O. Hladik ¹⁴¹, D.R. Hlaluku ^{33c}, X. Hoad ⁵⁰, J. Hobbs ¹⁵⁵, N. Hod ¹⁸⁰, M.C. Hodgkinson ¹⁴⁹, A. Hoecker ³⁶, F. Hoenig ¹¹³, D. Hohn ⁵², D. Hohov ¹³², T.R. Holmes ³⁷, M. Holzbock ¹¹³, L.B.A.H. Hommels ³², S. Honda ¹⁶⁹, T.M. Hong ¹³⁹, A. Hönle ¹¹⁴, B.H. Hooberman ¹⁷³, W.H. Hopkins ⁶, Y. Horii ¹¹⁶, P. Horn ⁴⁸, L.A. Horyn ³⁷, A. Hostiuc ¹⁴⁸, S. Hou ¹⁵⁸, A. Hoummada ^{35a}, J. Howarth ¹⁰⁰, J. Hoya ⁸⁸, M. Hrabovsky ¹³⁰, J. Hrdinka ⁷⁶, I. Hristova ¹⁹, J. Hrivnac ¹³², A. Hrynevich ¹⁰⁸, T. Hryn'ova ⁵, P.J. Hsu ⁶⁴, S.-C. Hsu ¹⁴⁸, Q. Hu ²⁹, S. Hu ^{60c}, D.P. Huang ⁹⁴, Y. Huang ^{15a}, Z. Hubacek ¹⁴², F. Hubaut ¹⁰¹, M. Huebner ²⁴, F. Huegging ²⁴, T.B. Huffman ¹³⁵, M. Huhtinen ³⁶, R.F.H. Hunter ³⁴, P. Huo ¹⁵⁵, A.M. Hupe ³⁴, N. Huseynov ^{79.ag}, J. Huston ¹⁰⁶, J. Huth ⁵⁹, R. Hyneman ¹⁰⁵, S. Hyrych ^{28a}, G. Iacobucci ⁵⁴, G. Iakovidis ²⁹, I. Ibragimov ¹⁵¹, L. Iconomidou-Fayard ¹³², Z. Idrissi ^{35e}, P. Iengo ³⁶, R. Ignazzi ⁴⁰, O. Igonkina ^{119.ab,*}, R. Iguchi ¹⁶³, T. Iizawa ⁵⁴, Y. Ikegami ⁸¹, M. Ikeno ⁸¹, D. Iliadis ¹⁶², N. Ilic ^{118,167,ae}, F. Iltzsche ⁴⁸, G. Introzzi ^{70a,70b}, M. Iodice ^{74a}, K. Iordanidou ^{168a}, V. Ippolito ^{72a,72b}, M.F. Isacson ¹⁷², M. Ishino ¹⁶³, W. Islam ¹²⁹, C. Issever ¹³⁵, S. Istin ¹⁶⁰, F. Ito ¹⁶⁹, J.M. Iturbe Ponce ^{63a}, R. Iuppa ^{75a,75b}, A. Ivina ¹⁸⁰, H. Iwasaki ⁸¹, J.M. Izen ⁴³, V. Izzo ^{69a}, P. Jacka ¹⁴¹, P. Jackson ¹, R.M. Jacobs ²⁴, B.P. Jaeger ¹⁵², V. Jain ², G. Jäkel ¹⁸², K.B. Jakobi ⁹⁹, K. Jakobs ⁵², S. Jakobsen ⁷⁶, T. Jakoubek ¹⁴¹, J. Jamieson ⁵⁷, K.W. Janas ^{83a}, R. Jansky ⁵⁴, J. Janssen ²⁴, M. Janus ⁵³, P.A. Janus ^{83a}, G. Jarlskog ⁹⁶, N. Javadov ^{79.ag}, T. Javůrek ³⁶, M. Javurkova ⁵², F. Jeanneau ¹⁴⁵, L. Jeanty ¹³¹, J. Jejelava ^{159a,ah}, A. Jelinskas ¹⁷⁸, P. Jenni ^{52,b}, J. Jeong ⁴⁶, N. Jeong ⁴⁶, S. Jézéquel ⁵, H. Ji ¹⁸¹, J. Jia ¹⁵⁵, H. Jiang ⁷⁸, Y. Jiang ^{60a}, Z. Jiang ^{153,q}, S. Jiggins ⁵², F.A. Jimenez Morales ³⁸, J. Jimenez Pena ¹¹⁴, S. Jin ^{15c}, A. Jinaru ^{27b}, O. Jinnouchi ¹⁶⁵, H. Jivan ^{33c}, P. Johansson ¹⁴⁹, K.A. Johns ⁷, C.A. Johnson ⁶⁵, K. Jon-And ^{45a,45b}, R.W.L. Jones ⁸⁹, S.D. Jones ¹⁵⁶, S. Jones ⁷, T.J. Jones ⁹⁰, J. Jongmanns ^{61a}, P.M. Jorge ^{140a}, J. Jovicevic ³⁶, X. Ju ¹⁸, J.J. Junggeburth ¹¹⁴, A. Juste Rozas ^{14,z}, A. Kaczmarska ⁸⁴, M. Kado ^{72a,72b}, H. Kagan ¹²⁶, M. Kagan ¹⁵³, C. Kahra ⁹⁹, T. Kaji ¹⁷⁹, E. Kajomovitz ¹⁶⁰, C.W. Kalderon ⁹⁶, A. Kaluza ⁹⁹, A. Kamenshchikov ¹²³, L. Kanjir ⁹¹, Y. Kano ¹⁶³, V.A. Kantserov ¹¹¹, J. Kanzaki ⁸¹, L.S. Kaplan ¹⁸¹, D. Kar ^{33c}, K. Karava ¹³⁵, M.J. Kareem ^{168b}, S.N. Karpov ⁷⁹, Z.M. Karpova ⁷⁹, V. Kartvelishvili ⁸⁹, A.N. Karyukhin ¹²³, L. Kashif ¹⁸¹, R.D. Kass ¹²⁶, A. Kastanas ^{45a,45b}, C. Kato ^{60d,60c}, J. Katzy ⁴⁶, K. Kawade ¹⁵⁰, K. Kawagoe ⁸⁷, T. Kawaguchi ¹¹⁶, T. Kawamoto ¹⁶³, G. Kawamura ⁵³, E.F. Kay ¹⁷⁶, V.F. Kazanin ^{121b,121a}, R. Keeler ¹⁷⁶, R. Kehoe ⁴², J.S. Keller ³⁴, E. Kellermann ⁹⁶, D. Kelsey ¹⁵⁶, J.J. Kempster ²¹, J. Kendrick ²¹, O. Kepka ¹⁴¹, S. Kersten ¹⁸², B.P. Kerševan ⁹¹, S. Ketabchi Haghightat ¹⁶⁷, M. Khader ¹⁷³, F. Khalil-Zada ¹³, M. Khandoga ¹⁴⁵, A. Khanov ¹²⁹, A.G. Kharlamov ^{121b,121a}, T. Kharlamova ^{121b,121a}, E.E. Khoda ¹⁷⁵, A. Khodinov ¹⁶⁶, T.J. Khoo ⁵⁴, E. Khramov ⁷⁹, J. Khubua ^{159b}, S. Kido ⁸², M. Kiehn ⁵⁴, C.R. Kilby ⁹³, Y.K. Kim ³⁷, N. Kimura ⁹⁴, O.M. Kind ¹⁹, B.T. King ^{90,*}, D. Kirchmeier ⁴⁸, J. Kirk ¹⁴⁴, A.E. Kiryunin ¹¹⁴, T. Kishimoto ¹⁶³, D.P. Kisliuk ¹⁶⁷, V. Kitali ⁴⁶, O. Kivernyk ⁵, T. Klapdor-Kleingrothaus ⁵², M. Klassen ^{61a}, M.H. Klein ¹⁰⁵, M. Klein ⁹⁰, U. Klein ⁹⁰, K. Kleinknecht ⁹⁹, P. Klimek ¹²⁰, A. Klimentov ²⁹, T. Klingl ²⁴, T. Klioutchnikova ³⁶, F.F. Klitzner ¹¹³, P. Kluit ¹¹⁹, S. Kluth ¹¹⁴, E. Kneringer ⁷⁶, E.B.F.G. Knoops ¹⁰¹, A. Knue ⁵², D. Kobayashi ⁸⁷, T. Kobayashi ¹⁶³, M. Kobel ⁴⁸, M. Kocian ¹⁵³, P. Kodys ¹⁴³, P.T. Koenig ²⁴, T. Koffas ³⁴, N.M. Köhler ³⁶, T. Koi ¹⁵³, M. Kolb ^{61b}, I. Koletsou ⁵,

T. Komarek¹³⁰, T. Kondo⁸¹, N. Kondrashova^{60c}, K. Köneke⁵², A.C. König¹¹⁸, T. Kono¹²⁵,
R. Konoplich^{124,ao}, V. Konstantinides⁹⁴, N. Konstantinidis⁹⁴, B. Konya⁹⁶, R. Kopeliansky⁶⁵,
S. Koperny^{83a}, K. Korcyl⁸⁴, K. Kordas¹⁶², G. Koren¹⁶¹, A. Korn⁹⁴, I. Korolkov¹⁴, E.V. Korolkova¹⁴⁹,
N. Korotkova¹¹², O. Kortner¹¹⁴, S. Kortner¹¹⁴, T. Kosek¹⁴³, V.V. Kostyukhin²⁴, A. Kotwal⁴⁹,
A. Koulouris¹⁰, A. Kourkoumeli-Charalampidi^{70a,70b}, C. Kourkoumelis⁹, E. Kourlitis¹⁴⁹, V. Kouskoura²⁹,
A.B. Kowalewska⁸⁴, R. Kowalewski¹⁷⁶, C. Kozakai¹⁶³, W. Kozanecki¹⁴⁵, A.S. Kozhin¹²³,
V.A. Kramarenko¹¹², G. Kramberger⁹¹, D. Krasnopevtsev^{60a}, M.W. Krasny¹³⁶, A. Krasznahorkay³⁶,
D. Krauss¹¹⁴, J.A. Kremer^{83a}, J. Kretzschmar⁹⁰, P. Krieger¹⁶⁷, F. Krieter¹¹³, A. Krishnan^{61b}, K. Krizka¹⁸,
K. Kroeninger⁴⁷, H. Kroha¹¹⁴, J. Kroll¹⁴¹, J. Kroll¹³⁷, J. Krstic¹⁶, U. Kruchonak⁷⁹, H. Krüger²⁴,
N. Krumnack⁷⁸, M.C. Kruse⁴⁹, J.A. Krzysiak⁸⁴, T. Kubota¹⁰⁴, O. Kuchinskaia¹⁶⁶, S. Kудay^{4b},
J.T. Kuechler⁴⁶, S. Kuehn³⁶, A. Kugel^{61a}, T. Kuhl⁴⁶, V. Kukhtin⁷⁹, R. Kukla¹⁰¹, Y. Kulchitsky^{107,ak},
S. Kuleshov^{147c}, Y.P. Kulinich¹⁷³, M. Kuna⁵⁸, T. Kunigo⁸⁵, A. Kupco¹⁴¹, T. Kupfer⁴⁷, O. Kuprash⁵²,
H. Kurashige⁸², L.L. Kurchaninov^{168a}, Y.A. Kurochkin¹⁰⁷, A. Kurova¹¹¹, M.G. Kurth^{15a,15d}, E.S. Kuwertz³⁶,
M. Kuze¹⁶⁵, A.K. Kvam¹⁴⁸, J. Kvita¹³⁰, T. Kwan¹⁰³, A. La Rosa¹¹⁴, L. La Rotonda^{41b,41a}, F. La Ruffa^{41b,41a},
C. Lacasta¹⁷⁴, F. Lacava^{72a,72b}, D.P.J. Lack¹⁰⁰, H. Lacker¹⁹, D. Lacour¹³⁶, E. Ladygin⁷⁹, R. Lafaye⁵,
B. Laforge¹³⁶, T. Lagouri^{33c}, S. Lai⁵³, S. Lammers⁶⁵, W. Lampl⁷, C. Lampoudis¹⁶², E. Lançon²⁹,
U. Landgraf⁵², M.P.J. Landon⁹², M.C. Lanfermann⁵⁴, V.S. Lang⁴⁶, J.C. Lange⁵³, R.J. Langenberg³⁶,
A.J. Lankford¹⁷¹, F. Lanni²⁹, K. Lantzsch²⁴, A. Lanza^{70a}, A. Lapertosa^{55b,55a}, S. Laplace¹³⁶, J.F. Laporte¹⁴⁵,
T. Lari^{68a}, F. Lasagni Manghi^{23b,23a}, M. Lassnig³⁶, T.S. Lau^{63a}, A. Laudrain¹³², A. Laurier³⁴,
M. Lavorgna^{69a,69b}, M. Lazzaroni^{68a,68b}, B. Le¹⁰⁴, E. Le Guirriec¹⁰¹, M. LeBlanc⁷, T. LeCompte⁶,
F. Ledroit-Guillon⁵⁸, C.A. Lee²⁹, G.R. Lee¹⁷, L. Lee⁵⁹, S.C. Lee¹⁵⁸, S.J. Lee³⁴, B. Lefebvre^{168a},
M. Lefebvre¹⁷⁶, F. Legger¹¹³, C. Leggett¹⁸, K. Lehmann¹⁵², N. Lehmann¹⁸², G. Lehmann Miotto³⁶,
W.A. Leight⁴⁶, A. Leisos^{162,y}, M.A.L. Leite^{80d}, C.E. Leitgeb¹¹³, R. Leitner¹⁴³, D. Lellouch^{180,*},
K.J.C. Leney⁴², T. Lenz²⁴, B. Lenzi³⁶, R. Leone⁷, S. Leone^{71a}, C. Leonidopoulos⁵⁰, A. Leopold¹³⁶,
G. Lerner¹⁵⁶, C. Leroy¹⁰⁹, R. Les¹⁶⁷, C.G. Lester³², M. Levchenko¹³⁸, J. Levêque⁵, D. Levin¹⁰⁵,
L.J. Levinson¹⁸⁰, D.J. Lewis²¹, B. Li^{15b}, B. Li¹⁰⁵, C-Q. Li^{60a}, F. Li^{60c}, H. Li^{60a}, H. Li^{60b}, J. Li^{60c}, K. Li¹⁵³,
L. Li^{60c}, M. Li^{15a}, Q. Li^{15a,15d}, Q.Y. Li^{60a}, S. Li^{60d,60c}, X. Li⁴⁶, Y. Li⁴⁶, Z. Li^{60b}, Z. Liang^{15a}, B. Liberti^{73a},
A. Liblong¹⁶⁷, K. Lie^{63c}, S. Liem¹¹⁹, C.Y. Lin³², K. Lin¹⁰⁶, T.H. Lin⁹⁹, R.A. Linck⁶⁵, J.H. Lindon²¹,
A.L. Lioni⁵⁴, E. Lipeles¹³⁷, A. Lipniacka¹⁷, M. Lisovyi^{61b}, T.M. Liss^{173,av}, A. Lister¹⁷⁵, A.M. Litke¹⁴⁶,
J.D. Little⁸, B. Liu⁷⁸, B.L. Liu⁶, H.B. Liu²⁹, H. Liu¹⁰⁵, J.B. Liu^{60a}, J.K.K. Liu¹³⁵, K. Liu¹³⁶, M. Liu^{60a},
P. Liu¹⁸, Y. Liu^{15a,15d}, Y.L. Liu¹⁰⁵, Y.W. Liu^{60a}, M. Livan^{70a,70b}, A. Lleres⁵⁸, J. Llorente Merino^{15a},
S.L. Lloyd⁹², C.Y. Lo^{63b}, F. Lo Sterzo⁴², E.M. Lobodzinska⁴⁶, P. Loch⁷, S. Loffredo^{73a,73b}, T. Lohse¹⁹,
K. Lohwasser¹⁴⁹, M. Lokajicek¹⁴¹, J.D. Long¹⁷³, R.E. Long⁸⁹, L. Longo³⁶, K.A. Looper¹²⁶, J.A. Lopez^{147c},
I. Lopez Paz¹⁰⁰, A. Lopez Solis¹⁴⁹, J. Lorenz¹¹³, N. Lorenzo Martinez⁵, M. Losada²², P.J. Lösel¹¹³,
A. Lösle⁵², X. Lou⁴⁶, X. Lou^{15a}, A. Lounis¹³², J. Love⁶, P.A. Love⁸⁹, J.J. Lozano Bahilo¹⁷⁴, M. Lu^{60a},
Y.J. Lu⁶⁴, H.J. Lubatti¹⁴⁸, C. Luci^{72a,72b}, A. Lucotte⁵⁸, C. Luedtke⁵², F. Luehring⁶⁵, I. Luise¹³⁶,
L. Luminari^{72a}, B. Lund-Jensen¹⁵⁴, M.S. Lutz¹⁰², D. Lynn²⁹, R. Lysak¹⁴¹, E. Lytken⁹⁶, F. Lyu^{15a},
V. Lyubushkin⁷⁹, T. Lyubushkina⁷⁹, H. Ma²⁹, L.L. Ma^{60b}, Y. Ma^{60b}, G. Maccarrone⁵¹, A. Macchiolo¹¹⁴,
C.M. Macdonald¹⁴⁹, J. Machado Miguens¹³⁷, D. Madaffari¹⁷⁴, R. Madar³⁸, W.F. Mader⁴⁸, N. Madysa⁴⁸,
J. Maeda⁸², S. Maeland¹⁷, T. Maeno²⁹, M. Maerker⁴⁸, A.S. Maevskiy¹¹², V. Magerl⁵², N. Magini⁷⁸,
D.J. Mahon³⁹, C. Maidantchik^{80b}, T. Maier¹¹³, A. Maio^{140a,140b,140d}, K. Maj^{83a}, O. Majersky^{28a},
S. Majewski¹³¹, Y. Makida⁸¹, N. Makovec¹³², B. Malaescu¹³⁶, Pa. Malecki⁸⁴, V.P. Maleev¹³⁸, F. Malek⁵⁸,
U. Mallik⁷⁷, D. Malon⁶, C. Malone³², S. Maltezos¹⁰, S. Malyukov⁷⁹, J. Mamuzic¹⁷⁴, G. Mancini⁵¹,
I. Mandić⁹¹, L. Manhaes de Andrade Filho^{80a}, I.M. Maniatis¹⁶², J. Manjarres Ramos⁴⁸, K.H. Mankinen⁹⁶,
A. Mann¹¹³, A. Manousos⁷⁶, B. Mansoulie¹⁴⁵, I. Manthos¹⁶², S. Manzoni¹¹⁹, A. Marantis¹⁶²,
G. Marceca³⁰, L. Marchese¹³⁵, G. Marchiori¹³⁶, M. Marcisovsky¹⁴¹, C. Marcon⁹⁶, C.A. Marin Tobon³⁶,
M. Marjanovic³⁸, Z. Marshall¹⁸, M.U.F. Martensson¹⁷², S. Marti-Garcia¹⁷⁴, C.B. Martin¹²⁶, T.A. Martin¹⁷⁸,
V.J. Martin⁵⁰, B. Martin dit Latour¹⁷, L. Martinelli^{74a,74b}, M. Martinez^{14,z}, V.I. Martinez Outschoorn¹⁰²,
S. Martin-Haugh¹⁴⁴, V.S. Martoiu^{27b}, A.C. Martyniuk⁹⁴, A. Marzin³⁶, S.R. Maschek¹¹⁴, L. Masetti⁹⁹,
T. Mashimo¹⁶³, R. Mashinistov¹¹⁰, J. Masik¹⁰⁰, A.L. Maslennikov^{121b,121a}, L. Massa^{73a,73b},
P. Massarotti^{69a,69b}, P. Mastrandrea^{71a,71b}, A. Mastroberardino^{41b,41a}, T. Masubuchi¹⁶³, D. Matakias¹⁰,
A. Matic¹¹³, P. Mättig²⁴, J. Maurer^{27b}, B. Maček⁹¹, D.A. Maximov^{121b,121a}, R. Mazini¹⁵⁸, I. Maznas¹⁶²,

S.M. Mazza¹⁴⁶, S.P. Mc Kee¹⁰⁵, T.G. McCarthy¹¹⁴, W.P. McCormack¹⁸, E.F. McDonald¹⁰⁴, J.A. MCFayden³⁶, M.A. McKay⁴², K.D. McLean¹⁷⁶, S.J. McMahon¹⁴⁴, P.C. McNamara¹⁰⁴, C.J. McNicol¹⁷⁸, R.A. McPherson^{176,ae}, J.E. Mdhului^{33c}, Z.A. Meadows¹⁰², S. Meehan³⁶, T. Megy⁵², S. Mehlhase¹¹³, A. Mehta⁹⁰, T. Meideck⁵⁸, B. Meirose⁴³, D. Melini¹⁷⁴, B.R. Mellado Garcia^{33c}, J.D. Mellenthin⁵³, M. Melo^{28a}, F. Meloni⁴⁶, A. Melzer²⁴, S.B. Menary¹⁰⁰, E.D. Mendes Gouveia^{140a,140e}, L. Meng³⁶, X.T. Meng¹⁰⁵, S. Menke¹¹⁴, E. Meoni^{41b,41a}, S. Mergelmeyer¹⁹, S.A.M. Merkt¹³⁹, C. Merlassino²⁰, P. Mermod⁵⁴, L. Merola^{69a,69b}, C. Meroni^{68a}, O. Meshkov^{112,110}, J.K.R. Meshreki¹⁵¹, A. Messina^{72a,72b}, J. Metcalfe⁶, A.S. Mete¹⁷¹, C. Meyer⁶⁵, J. Meyer¹⁶⁰, J.-P. Meyer¹⁴⁵, H. Meyer Zu Theenhausen^{61a}, F. Miano¹⁵⁶, M. Michetti¹⁹, R.P. Middleton¹⁴⁴, L. Mijović⁵⁰, G. Mikenberg¹⁸⁰, M. Mikesstikova¹⁴¹, M. Mikuž⁹¹, H. Mildner¹⁴⁹, M. Milesi¹⁰⁴, A. Milic¹⁶⁷, D.A. Millar⁹², D.W. Miller³⁷, A. Milov¹⁸⁰, D.A. Milstead^{45a,45b}, R.A. Mina^{153,q}, A.A. Minaenko¹²³, M. Miñano Moya¹⁷⁴, I.A. Minashvili^{159b}, A.I. Mincer¹²⁴, B. Mindur^{83a}, M. Mineev⁷⁹, Y. Minegishi¹⁶³, Y. Ming¹⁸¹, L.M. Mir¹⁴, A. Mirto^{67a,67b}, K.P. Mistry¹³⁷, T. Mitani¹⁷⁹, J. Mitrevski¹¹³, V.A. Mitsou¹⁷⁴, M. Mittal^{60c}, O. Miu¹⁶⁷, A. Miucci²⁰, P.S. Miyagawa¹⁴⁹, A. Mizukami⁸¹, J.U. Mjörnmark⁹⁶, T. Mkrtchyan¹⁸⁴, M. Mlynarikova¹⁴³, T. Moa^{45a,45b}, K. Mochizuki¹⁰⁹, P. Mogg⁵², S. Mohapatra³⁹, R. Moles-Valls²⁴, M.C. Mondragon¹⁰⁶, K. Mönig⁴⁶, J. Monk⁴⁰, E. Monnier¹⁰¹, A. Montalbano¹⁵², J. Montejo Berlingen³⁶, M. Montella⁹⁴, F. Monticelli⁸⁸, S. Monzani^{68a}, N. Morange¹³², D. Moreno²², M. Moreno Llácer³⁶, C. Moreno Martinez¹⁴, P. Morettini^{55b}, M. Morgenstern¹¹⁹, S. Morgenstern⁴⁸, D. Mori¹⁵², M. Morii⁵⁹, M. Morinaga¹⁷⁹, V. Morisbak¹³⁴, A.K. Morley³⁶, G. Mornacchi³⁶, A.P. Morris⁹⁴, L. Morvaj¹⁵⁵, P. Moschovakos³⁶, B. Moser¹¹⁹, M. Mosidze^{159b}, T. Moskalets¹⁴⁵, H.J. Moss¹⁴⁹, J. Moss^{31,n}, E.J.W. Moyse¹⁰², S. Muanza¹⁰¹, J. Mueller¹³⁹, R.S.P. Mueller¹¹³, D. Muenstermann⁸⁹, G.A. Mullier⁹⁶, J.L. Munoz Martinez¹⁴, F.J. Munoz Sanchez¹⁰⁰, P. Murin^{28b}, W.J. Murray^{178,144}, A. Murrone^{68a,68b}, M. Muškinja¹⁸, C. Mwewa^{33a}, A.G. Myagkov^{123,ap}, J. Myers¹³¹, M. Myska¹⁴², B.P. Nachman¹⁸, O. Nackenhurst⁴⁷, A. Nag Nag⁴⁸, K. Nagai¹³⁵, K. Nagano⁸¹, Y. Nagasaka⁶², M. Nagel⁵², E. Nagy¹⁰¹, A.M. Nairz³⁶, Y. Nakahama¹¹⁶, K. Nakamura⁸¹, T. Nakamura¹⁶³, I. Nakano¹²⁷, H. Nanjo¹³³, F. Napolitano^{61a}, R.F. Naranjo Garcia⁴⁶, R. Narayan⁴², I. Naryshkin¹³⁸, T. Naumann⁴⁶, G. Navarro²², H.A. Neal^{105,*}, P.Y. Nechaeva¹¹⁰, F. Nechansky⁴⁶, T.J. Neep²¹, A. Negri^{70a,70b}, M. Negrini^{23b}, C. Nellist⁵³, M.E. Nelson¹³⁵, S. Nemecek¹⁴¹, P. Nemethy¹²⁴, M. Nessi^{36,d}, M.S. Neubauer¹⁷³, M. Neumann¹⁸², P.R. Newman²¹, Y.S. Ng¹⁹, Y.W.Y. Ng¹⁷¹, B. Ngair^{35e}, H.D.N. Nguyen¹⁰¹, T. Nguyen Manh¹⁰⁹, E. Nibigira³⁸, R.B. Nickerson¹³⁵, R. Nicolaidou¹⁴⁵, D.S. Nielsen⁴⁰, J. Nielsen¹⁴⁶, N. Nikiforou¹¹, V. Nikolaenko^{123,ap}, I. Nikolic-Audit¹³⁶, K. Nikolopoulos²¹, P. Nilsson²⁹, H.R. Nindhito⁵⁴, Y. Ninomiya⁸¹, A. Nisati^{72a}, N. Nishu^{60c}, R. Nisius¹¹⁴, I. Nitsche⁴⁷, T. Nitta¹⁷⁹, T. Nobe¹⁶³, Y. Noguchi⁸⁵, I. Nomidis¹³⁶, M.A. Nomura²⁹, M. Nordberg³⁶, N. Norjoharuddeen¹³⁵, T. Novak⁹¹, O. Novgorodova⁴⁸, R. Novotny¹⁴², L. Nozka¹³⁰, K. Ntekas¹⁷¹, E. Nurse⁹⁴, F.G. Oakham^{34,ay}, H. Oberlack¹¹⁴, J. Ocariz¹³⁶, A. Ochi⁸², I. Ochoa³⁹, J.P. Ochoa-Ricoux^{147a}, K. O'Connor²⁶, S. Oda⁸⁷, S. Odaka⁸¹, S. Oerdek⁵³, A. Ogrodnik^{83a}, A. Oh¹⁰⁰, S.H. Oh⁴⁹, C.C. Ohm¹⁵⁴, H. Oide¹⁶⁵, M.L. Ojeda¹⁶⁷, H. Okawa¹⁶⁹, Y. Okazaki⁸⁵, Y. Okumura¹⁶³, T. Okuyama⁸¹, A. Olariu^{27b}, L.F. Oleiro Seabra^{140a}, S.A. Olivares Pino^{147a}, D. Oliveira Damazio²⁹, J.L. Oliver¹, M.J.R. Olsson¹⁷¹, A. Olszewski⁸⁴, J. Olszowska⁸⁴, D.C. O'Neil¹⁵², A.P. O'Neill¹³⁵, A. Onofre^{140a,140e}, P.U.E. Onyisi¹¹, H. Oppen¹³⁴, M.J. Oreglia³⁷, G.E. Orellana⁸⁸, D. Orestano^{74a,74b}, N. Orlando¹⁴, R.S. Orr¹⁶⁷, V. O'Shea⁵⁷, R. Ospanov^{60a}, G. Otero y Garzon³⁰, H. Otono⁸⁷, P.S. Ott^{61a}, M. Ouchrif^{35d}, J. Ouellette²⁹, F. Ould-Saada¹³⁴, A. Ouraou¹⁴⁵, Q. Ouyang^{15a}, M. Owen⁵⁷, R.E. Owen²¹, V.E. Ozcan^{12c}, N. Ozturk⁸, J. Pacalt¹³⁰, H.A. Pacey³², K. Pachal⁴⁹, A. Pacheco Pages¹⁴, C. Padilla Aranda¹⁴, S. Pagan Griso¹⁸, M. Paganini¹⁸³, G. Palacino⁶⁵, S. Palazzo⁵⁰, S. Palestini³⁶, M. Palka^{83b}, D. Pallin³⁸, I. Panagoulas¹⁰, C.E. Pandini³⁶, J.G. Panduro Vazquez⁹³, P. Pani⁴⁶, G. Panizzo^{66a,66c}, L. Paolozzi⁵⁴, C. Papadatos¹⁰⁹, K. Papageorgiou^{9,h}, S. Parajuli⁴³, A. Paramonov⁶, D. Paredes Hernandez^{63b}, S.R. Paredes Saenz¹³⁵, B. Parida¹⁶⁶, T.H. Park¹⁶⁷, A.J. Parker⁸⁹, M.A. Parker³², F. Parodi^{55b,55a}, E.W.P. Parrish¹²⁰, J.A. Parsons³⁹, U. Parzefall⁵², L. Pascual Dominguez¹³⁶, V.R. Pascuzzi¹⁶⁷, J.M.P. Pasner¹⁴⁶, E. Pasqualucci^{72a}, S. Passaggio^{55b}, F. Pastore⁹³, P. Pasuwan^{45a,45b}, S. Pataraiia⁹⁹, J.R. Pater¹⁰⁰, A. Pathak¹⁸¹, T. Pauly³⁶, B. Pearson¹¹⁴, M. Pedersen¹³⁴, L. Pedraza Diaz¹¹⁸, R. Pedro^{140a}, T. Peiffer⁵³, S.V. Peleganchuk^{121b,121a}, O. Penc¹⁴¹, H. Peng^{60a}, B.S. Peralva^{80a}, M.M. Perego¹³², A.P. Pereira Peixoto^{140a}, D.V. Perepelitsa²⁹, F. Peri¹⁹, L. Perini^{68a,68b}, H. Pernegger³⁶, S. Perrella^{69a,69b}, K. Peters⁴⁶, R.F.Y. Peters¹⁰⁰, B.A. Petersen³⁶, T.C. Petersen⁴⁰, E. Petit¹⁰¹, A. Petridis¹,

C. Petridou ¹⁶², P. Petroff ¹³², M. Petrov ¹³⁵, F. Petrucci ^{74a,74b}, M. Pettee ¹⁸³, N.E. Pettersson ¹⁰², K. Petukhova ¹⁴³, A. Peyaud ¹⁴⁵, R. Pezoa ^{147c}, L. Pezzotti ^{70a,70b}, T. Pham ¹⁰⁴, F.H. Phillips ¹⁰⁶, P.W. Phillips ¹⁴⁴, M.W. Phipps ¹⁷³, G. Piacquadio ¹⁵⁵, E. Pianori ¹⁸, A. Picazio ¹⁰², R.H. Pickles ¹⁰⁰, R. Piegaia ³⁰, D. Pietreanu ^{27b}, J.E. Pilcher ³⁷, A.D. Pilkington ¹⁰⁰, M. Pinamonti ^{73a,73b}, J.L. Pinfold ³, M. Pitt ¹⁶¹, L. Pizzimento ^{73a,73b}, M.-A. Pleier ²⁹, V. Pleskot ¹⁴³, E. Plotnikova ⁷⁹, P. Podberezko ^{121b,121a}, R. Poettgen ⁹⁶, R. Poggi ⁵⁴, L. Poggioli ¹³², I. Pogrebnyak ¹⁰⁶, D. Pohl ²⁴, I. Pokharel ⁵³, G. Polesello ^{70a}, A. Poley ¹⁸, A. Policicchio ^{72a,72b}, R. Polifka ¹⁴³, A. Polini ^{23b}, C.S. Pollard ⁴⁶, V. Polychronakos ²⁹, D. Ponomarenko ¹¹¹, L. Pontecorvo ³⁶, S. Popa ^{27a}, G.A. Popeneciu ^{27d}, L. Portales ⁵, D.M. Portillo Quintero ⁵⁸, S. Pospisil ¹⁴², K. Potamianos ⁴⁶, I.N. Potrap ⁷⁹, C.J. Potter ³², H. Potti ¹¹, T. Poulsen ⁹⁶, J. Poveda ³⁶, T.D. Powell ¹⁴⁹, G. Pownall ⁴⁶, M.E. Pozo Astigarraga ³⁶, P. Pralavorio ¹⁰¹, S. Prell ⁷⁸, D. Price ¹⁰⁰, M. Primavera ^{67a}, S. Prince ¹⁰³, M.L. Proffitt ¹⁴⁸, N. Proklova ¹¹¹, K. Prokofiev ^{63c}, F. Prokoshin ⁷⁹, S. Protopopescu ²⁹, J. Proudfoot ⁶, M. Przybycien ^{83a}, D. Pudzha ¹³⁸, A. Puri ¹⁷³, P. Puzo ¹³², J. Qian ¹⁰⁵, Y. Qin ¹⁰⁰, A. Quadt ⁵³, M. Queitsch-Maitland ⁴⁶, A. Qureshi ¹, M. Racko ^{28a}, P. Rados ¹⁰⁴, F. Ragusa ^{68a,68b}, G. Rahal ⁹⁷, J.A. Raine ⁵⁴, S. Rajagopalan ²⁹, A. Ramirez Morales ⁹², K. Ran ^{15a,15d}, T. Rashid ¹³², S. Raspopov ⁵, D.M. Rauch ⁴⁶, F. Rauscher ¹¹³, S. Rave ⁹⁹, B. Ravina ¹⁴⁹, I. Ravinovitch ¹⁸⁰, J.H. Rawling ¹⁰⁰, M. Raymond ³⁶, A.L. Read ¹³⁴, N.P. Readioff ⁵⁸, M. Reale ^{67a,67b}, D.M. Rebuffi ^{70a,70b}, A. Redelbach ¹⁷⁷, G. Redlinger ²⁹, K. Reeves ⁴³, L. Rehnisch ¹⁹, J. Reichert ¹³⁷, D. Reikher ¹⁶¹, A. Reiss ⁹⁹, A. Rej ¹⁵¹, C. Rembser ³⁶, M. Renda ^{27b}, M. Rescigno ^{72a}, S. Resconi ^{68a}, E.D. Resseguie ¹³⁷, S. Rettie ¹⁷⁵, E. Reynolds ²¹, O.L. Rezanova ^{121b,121a}, P. Reznicek ¹⁴³, E. Ricci ^{75a,75b}, R. Richter ¹¹⁴, S. Richter ⁴⁶, E. Richter-Was ^{83b}, O. Ricken ²⁴, M. Ridel ¹³⁶, P. Rieck ¹¹⁴, C.J. Riegel ¹⁸², O. Rifki ⁴⁶, M. Rijssenbeek ¹⁵⁵, A. Rimoldi ^{70a,70b}, M. Rimoldi ⁴⁶, L. Rinaldi ^{23b}, G. Ripellino ¹⁵⁴, I. Riu ¹⁴, J.C. Rivera Vergara ¹⁷⁶, F. Rizatdinova ¹²⁹, E. Rizvi ⁹², C. Rizzi ³⁶, R.T. Roberts ¹⁰⁰, S.H. Robertson ^{103,ae}, M. Robin ⁴⁶, D. Robinson ³², J.E.M. Robinson ⁴⁶, C.M. Robles Gajardo ^{147c}, A. Robson ⁵⁷, E. Rocco ⁹⁹, C. Roda ^{71a,71b}, S. Rodriguez Bosca ¹⁷⁴, A. Rodriguez Perez ¹⁴, D. Rodriguez Rodriguez ¹⁷⁴, A.M. Rodriguez Vera ^{168b}, S. Roe ³⁶, O. Røhne ¹³⁴, R. Røhrig ¹¹⁴, C.P.A. Roland ⁶⁵, J. Roloff ⁵⁹, A. Romaniouk ¹¹¹, M. Romano ^{23b,23a}, N. Rompotis ⁹⁰, M. Ronzani ¹²⁴, L. Roos ¹³⁶, S. Rosati ^{72a}, K. Rosbach ⁵², G. Rosin ¹⁰², B.J. Rosser ¹³⁷, E. Rossi ⁴⁶, E. Rossi ^{74a,74b}, E. Rossi ^{69a,69b}, L.P. Rossi ^{55b}, L. Rossini ^{68a,68b}, R. Rosten ¹⁴, M. Rotaru ^{27b}, J. Rothberg ¹⁴⁸, D. Rousseau ¹³², G. Rovelli ^{70a,70b}, A. Roy ¹¹, D. Roy ^{33c}, A. Rozanov ¹⁰¹, Y. Rozen ¹⁶⁰, X. Ruan ^{33c}, F. Rubbo ¹⁵³, F. Rühr ⁵², A. Ruiz-Martinez ¹⁷⁴, A. Rummler ³⁶, Z. Rurikova ⁵², N.A. Rusakovich ⁷⁹, H.L. Russell ¹⁰³, L. Rustige ^{38,47}, J.P. Rutherford ⁷, E.M. Rüttinger ¹⁴⁹, M. Rybar ³⁹, G. Rybkin ¹³², E.B. Rye ¹³⁴, A. Ryzhov ¹²³, G.F. Rzehorz ⁵³, P. Sabatini ⁵³, G. Sabato ¹¹⁹, S. Sacerdoti ¹³², H.F.-W. Sadrozinski ¹⁴⁶, R. Sadykov ⁷⁹, F. Safai Tehrani ^{72a}, B. Safarzadeh Samani ¹⁵⁶, P. Saha ¹²⁰, S. Saha ¹⁰³, M. Sahinsoy ^{61a}, A. Sahu ¹⁸², M. Saimpert ⁴⁶, M. Saito ¹⁶³, T. Saito ¹⁶³, H. Sakamoto ¹⁶³, A. Sakharov ^{124,ao}, D. Salamani ⁵⁴, G. Salamanna ^{74a,74b}, J.E. Salazar Loyola ^{147c}, P.H. Sales De Bruin ¹⁷², A. Salnikov ¹⁵³, J. Salt ¹⁷⁴, D. Salvatore ^{41b,41a}, F. Salvatore ¹⁵⁶, A. Salvucci ^{63a,63b,63c}, A. Salzburger ³⁶, J. Samarati ³⁶, D. Sammel ⁵², D. Sampsonidis ¹⁶², D. Sampsonidou ¹⁶², J. Sánchez ¹⁷⁴, A. Sanchez Pineda ^{66a,66c}, H. Sandaker ¹³⁴, C.O. Sander ⁴⁶, I.G. Sanderswood ⁸⁹, M. Sandhoff ¹⁸², C. Sandoval ²², D.P.C. Sankey ¹⁴⁴, M. Sannino ^{55b,55a}, Y. Sano ¹¹⁶, A. Sansoni ⁵¹, C. Santoni ³⁸, H. Santos ^{140a,140b}, S.N. Santpur ¹⁸, A. Santra ¹⁷⁴, A. Saproinov ⁷⁹, J.G. Saraiva ^{140a,140d}, O. Sasaki ⁸¹, K. Sato ¹⁶⁹, F. Sauerburger ⁵², E. Sauvan ⁵, P. Savard ^{167,ay}, N. Savic ¹¹⁴, R. Sawada ¹⁶³, C. Sawyer ¹⁴⁴, L. Sawyer ^{95,am}, C. Sbarra ^{23b}, A. Sbrizzi ^{23a}, T. Scanlon ⁹⁴, J. Schaarschmidt ¹⁴⁸, P. Schacht ¹¹⁴, B.M. Schachtner ¹¹³, D. Schaefer ³⁷, L. Schaefer ¹³⁷, J. Schaeffer ⁹⁹, S. Schaepe ³⁶, U. Schäfer ⁹⁹, A.C. Schaffer ¹³², D. Schaile ¹¹³, R.D. Schamberger ¹⁵⁵, N. Scharmberg ¹⁰⁰, V.A. Schegelsky ¹³⁸, D. Scheirich ¹⁴³, F. Schenck ¹⁹, M. Schernau ¹⁷¹, C. Schiavi ^{55b,55a}, S. Schier ¹⁴⁶, L.K. Schildgen ²⁴, Z.M. Schillaci ²⁶, E.J. Schioppa ³⁶, M. Schioppa ^{41b,41a}, K.E. Schleicher ⁵², S. Schlenker ³⁶, K.R. Schmidt-Sommerfeld ¹¹⁴, K. Schmieden ³⁶, C. Schmitt ⁹⁹, S. Schmitt ⁴⁶, S. Schmitz ⁹⁹, J.C. Schmoeckel ⁴⁶, U. Schnoor ⁵², L. Schoeffel ¹⁴⁵, A. Schoening ^{61b}, P.G. Scholer ⁵², E. Schopf ¹³⁵, M. Schott ⁹⁹, J.F.P. Schouwenberg ¹¹⁸, J. Schovancova ³⁶, S. Schramm ⁵⁴, F. Schroeder ¹⁸², A. Schulte ⁹⁹, H.-C. Schultz-Coulon ^{61a}, M. Schumacher ⁵², B.A. Schumm ¹⁴⁶, Ph. Schune ¹⁴⁵, A. Schwartzman ¹⁵³, T.A. Schwarz ¹⁰⁵, Ph. Schwemling ¹⁴⁵, R. Schwienhorst ¹⁰⁶, A. Sciandra ¹⁴⁶, G. Sciolla ²⁶, M. Scodeggio ⁴⁶, M. Scornajenghi ^{41b,41a}, F. Scuri ^{71a}, F. Scutti ¹⁰⁴, L.M. Scyboz ¹¹⁴, C.D. Sebastiani ^{72a,72b}, P. Seema ¹⁹, S.C. Seidel ¹¹⁷, A. Seiden ¹⁴⁶, B.D. Seidlitz ²⁹, T. Seiss ³⁷, J.M. Seixas ^{80b}, G. Sekhniaidze ^{69a}, K. Sekhon ¹⁰⁵, S.J. Sekula ⁴², N. Semprini-Cesari ^{23b,23a}, S. Sen ⁴⁹, S. Senkin ³⁸, C. Serfon ⁷⁶, L. Serin ¹³², L. Serkin ^{66a,66b},

M. Sessa ^{60a}, H. Severini ¹²⁸, T. Šfiligoj ⁹¹, F. Sforza ^{55b,55a}, A. Sfyrla ⁵⁴, E. Shabalina ⁵³, J.D. Shahinian ¹⁴⁶,
 N.W. Shaikh ^{45a,45b}, D. Shaked Renous ¹⁸⁰, L.Y. Shan ^{15a}, R. Shang ¹⁷³, J.T. Shank ²⁵, M. Shapiro ¹⁸,
 A. Sharma ¹³⁵, A.S. Sharma ¹, P.B. Shatalov ¹²², K. Shaw ¹⁵⁶, S.M. Shaw ¹⁰⁰, A. Shcherbakova ¹³⁸,
 M. Shehade ¹⁸⁰, Y. Shen ¹²⁸, N. Sherafati ³⁴, A.D. Sherman ²⁵, P. Sherwood ⁹⁴, L. Shi ^{158,au}, S. Shimizu ⁸¹,
 C.O. Shimmin ¹⁸³, Y. Shimogama ¹⁷⁹, M. Shimojima ¹¹⁵, I.P.J. Shipsey ¹³⁵, S. Shirabe ⁸⁷, M. Shiyakova ^{79,ac},
 J. Shlomi ¹⁸⁰, A. Shmeleva ¹¹⁰, M.J. Shochet ³⁷, J. Shojaii ¹⁰⁴, D.R. Shope ¹²⁸, S. Shrestha ¹²⁶, E.M. Shrif ^{33c},
 E. Shulga ¹⁸⁰, P. Sicho ¹⁴¹, A.M. Sickles ¹⁷³, P.E. Sidebo ¹⁵⁴, E. Sideras Haddad ^{33c}, O. Sidiropoulou ³⁶,
 A. Sidoti ^{23b,23a}, F. Siegert ⁴⁸, Dj. Sijacki ¹⁶, M.Jr. Silva ¹⁸¹, M.V. Silva Oliveira ^{80a}, S.B. Silverstein ^{45a},
 S. Simion ¹³², E. Simioni ⁹⁹, R. Simoniello ⁹⁹, S. Simsek ^{12b}, P. Sinervo ¹⁶⁷, V. Sinetckii ^{112,110}, N.B. Sinev ¹³¹,
 M. Sioli ^{23b,23a}, I. Siral ¹⁰⁵, S.Yu. Sivoklokov ¹¹², J. Sjölin ^{45a,45b}, E. Skorda ⁹⁶, P. Skubic ¹²⁸, M. Slawinska ⁸⁴,
 K. Sliwa ¹⁷⁰, R. Slovak ¹⁴³, V. Smakhtin ¹⁸⁰, B.H. Smart ¹⁴⁴, J. Smiesko ^{28a}, N. Smirnov ¹¹¹, S.Yu. Smirnov ¹¹¹,
 Y. Smirnov ¹¹¹, L.N. Smirnova ^{112,v}, O. Smirnova ⁹⁶, J.W. Smith ⁵³, M. Smizanska ⁸⁹, K. Smolek ¹⁴²,
 A. Smykiewicz ⁸⁴, A.A. Snesev ¹¹⁰, H.L. Snoek ¹¹⁹, I.M. Snyder ¹³¹, S. Snyder ²⁹, R. Sobie ^{176,ae},
 A. Soffer ¹⁶¹, A. Sogaard ⁵⁰, F. Sohns ⁵³, C.A. Solans Sanchez ³⁶, E.Yu. Soldatov ¹¹¹, U. Soldevila ¹⁷⁴,
 A.A. Solodkov ¹²³, A. Soloshenko ⁷⁹, O.V. Solovyanov ¹²³, V. Solovyev ¹³⁸, P. Sommer ¹⁴⁹, H. Son ¹⁷⁰,
 W. Song ¹⁴⁴, W.Y. Song ^{168b}, A. Sopczak ¹⁴², F. Sopkova ^{28b}, C.L. Sotiropoulou ^{71a,71b}, S. Sottocornola ^{70a,70b},
 R. Soualah ^{66a,66c,g}, A.M. Soukharev ^{121b,121a}, D. South ⁴⁶, S. Spagnolo ^{67a,67b}, M. Spalla ¹¹⁴,
 M. Spangenberg ¹⁷⁸, F. Spanò ⁹³, D. Sperlich ⁵², T.M. Spieker ^{61a}, R. Spighi ^{23b}, G. Spigo ³⁶, M. Spina ¹⁵⁶,
 D.P. Spiteri ⁵⁷, M. Spousta ¹⁴³, A. Stabile ^{68a,68b}, B.L. Stamas ¹²⁰, R. Stamen ^{61a}, M. Stamenkovic ¹¹⁹,
 E. Stanecka ⁸⁴, B. Stanislaus ¹³⁵, M.M. Stanitzki ⁴⁶, M. Stankaityte ¹³⁵, B. Stapf ¹¹⁹, E.A. Starchenko ¹²³,
 G.H. Stark ¹⁴⁶, J. Stark ⁵⁸, S.H. Stark ⁴⁰, P. Staroba ¹⁴¹, P. Starovoitov ^{61a}, S. Stärz ¹⁰³, R. Staszewski ⁸⁴,
 G. Stavropoulos ⁴⁴, M. Stegler ⁴⁶, P. Steinberg ²⁹, A.L. Steinhebel ¹³¹, B. Stelzer ¹⁵², H.J. Stelzer ¹³⁹,
 O. Stelzer-Chilton ^{168a}, H. Stenzel ⁵⁶, T.J. Stevenson ¹⁵⁶, G.A. Stewart ³⁶, M.C. Stockton ³⁶, G. Stoicea ^{27b},
 M. Stolarski ^{140a}, S. Stonjek ¹¹⁴, A. Straessner ⁴⁸, J. Strandberg ¹⁵⁴, S. Strandberg ^{45a,45b}, M. Strauss ¹²⁸,
 P. Strizenec ^{28b}, R. Ströhmer ¹⁷⁷, D.M. Strom ¹³¹, R. Stroynowski ⁴², A. Strubig ⁵⁰, S.A. Stucci ²⁹, B. Stugu ¹⁷,
 J. Stupak ¹²⁸, N.A. Styles ⁴⁶, D. Su ¹⁵³, S. Suchek ^{61a}, V.V. Sulin ¹¹⁰, M.J. Sullivan ⁹⁰, D.M.S. Sultan ⁵⁴,
 S. Sultansoy ^{4c}, T. Sumida ⁸⁵, S. Sun ¹⁰⁵, X. Sun ³, K. Suruliz ¹⁵⁶, C.J.E. Suster ¹⁵⁷, M.R. Sutton ¹⁵⁶,
 S. Suzuki ⁸¹, M. Svatos ¹⁴¹, M. Swiatlowski ³⁷, S.P. Swift ², T. Swirski ¹⁷⁷, A. Sydorenko ⁹⁹, I. Sykora ^{28a},
 M. Sykora ¹⁴³, T. Sykora ¹⁴³, D. Ta ⁹⁹, K. Tackmann ^{46,aa}, J. Taenzer ¹⁶¹, A. Taffard ¹⁷¹, R. Tafirout ^{168a},
 H. Takai ²⁹, R. Takashima ⁸⁶, K. Takeda ⁸², T. Takeshita ¹⁵⁰, E.P. Takeva ⁵⁰, Y. Takubo ⁸¹, M. Talby ¹⁰¹,
 A.A. Talyshv ^{121b,121a}, N.M. Tamir ¹⁶¹, J. Tanaka ¹⁶³, M. Tanaka ¹⁶⁵, R. Tanaka ¹³², S. Tapia Araya ¹⁷³,
 S. Tapprogge ⁹⁹, A. Tarek Abouelfadl Mohamed ¹³⁶, S. Tarem ¹⁶⁰, G. Tarna ^{27b,c}, G.F. Tartarelli ^{68a}, P. Tas ¹⁴³,
 M. Tasevsky ¹⁴¹, T. Tashiro ⁸⁵, E. Tassi ^{41b,41a}, A. Tavares Delgado ^{140a,140b}, Y. Tayalati ^{35e}, A.J. Taylor ⁵⁰,
 G.N. Taylor ¹⁰⁴, W. Taylor ^{168b}, A.S. Tee ⁸⁹, R. Teixeira De Lima ¹⁵³, P. Teixeira-Dias ⁹³, H. Ten Kate ³⁶,
 J.J. Teoh ¹¹⁹, S. Terada ⁸¹, K. Terashi ¹⁶³, J. Terron ⁹⁸, S. Terzo ¹⁴, M. Testa ⁵¹, R.J. Teuscher ^{167,ae},
 S.J. Thais ¹⁸³, T. Theveneaux-Pelzer ⁴⁶, F. Thiele ⁴⁰, D.W. Thomas ⁹³, J.O. Thomas ⁴², J.P. Thomas ²¹,
 A.S. Thompson ⁵⁷, P.D. Thompson ²¹, L.A. Thomsen ¹⁸³, E. Thomson ¹³⁷, E.J. Thorpe ⁹², Y. Tian ³⁹,
 R.E. Ticse Torres ⁵³, V.O. Tikhomirov ^{110,aq}, Yu.A. Tikhonov ^{121b,121a}, S. Timoshenko ¹¹¹, P. Tipton ¹⁸³,
 S. Tisserant ¹⁰¹, K. Todome ^{23b,23a}, S. Todorova-Nova ⁵, S. Todt ⁴⁸, J. Tojo ⁸⁷, S. Tokár ^{28a}, K. Tokushuku ⁸¹,
 E. Tolley ¹²⁶, K.G. Tomiwa ^{33c}, M. Tomoto ¹¹⁶, L. Tompkins ^{153,q}, B. Tong ⁵⁹, P. Tornambe ¹⁰²,
 E. Torrence ¹³¹, H. Torres ⁴⁸, E. Torrón Pastor ¹⁴⁸, C. Toscirri ¹³⁵, J. Toth ^{101,ad}, D.R. Tovey ¹⁴⁹, A. Traet ¹⁷,
 C.J. Treado ¹²⁴, T. Trefzger ¹⁷⁷, F. Tresoldi ¹⁵⁶, A. Tricoli ²⁹, I.M. Trigger ^{168a}, S. Trincaz-Duvold ¹³⁶,
 W. Trischuk ¹⁶⁷, B. Trocmé ⁵⁸, A. Trofymov ¹⁴⁵, C. Troncon ^{68a}, M. Trovatelli ¹⁷⁶, F. Trovato ¹⁵⁶,
 L. Truong ^{33b}, M. Trzebinski ⁸⁴, A. Trzupek ⁸⁴, F. Tsai ⁴⁶, J.C-L. Tseng ¹³⁵, P.V. Tsiarehka ^{107,ak},
 A. Tsirigotis ¹⁶², N. Tsirintanis ⁹, V. Tsiskaridze ¹⁵⁵, E.G. Tskhadadze ^{159a}, M. Tsopoulou ¹⁶²,
 I.I. Tsukerman ¹²², V. Tsulaia ¹⁸, S. Tsuno ⁸¹, D. Tsybychev ¹⁵⁵, Y. Tu ^{63b}, A. Tudorache ^{27b}, V. Tudorache ^{27b},
 T.T. Tulbure ^{27a}, A.N. Tuna ⁵⁹, S. Turchikhin ⁷⁹, D. Turgeman ¹⁸⁰, I. Turk Cakir ^{4b,w}, R.J. Turner ²¹,
 R.T. Turra ^{68a}, P.M. Tuts ³⁹, S. Tzamarias ¹⁶², E. Tzovara ⁹⁹, G. Uccielli ⁴⁷, K. Uchida ¹⁶³, I. Ueda ⁸¹,
 M. Ughetto ^{45a,45b}, F. Ukegawa ¹⁶⁹, G. Unal ³⁶, A. Undrus ²⁹, G. Unel ¹⁷¹, F.C. Ungaro ¹⁰⁴, Y. Unno ⁸¹,
 K. Uno ¹⁶³, J. Urban ^{28b}, P. Urquijo ¹⁰⁴, G. Usai ⁸, Z. Uysal ^{12d}, L. Vacavant ¹⁰¹, V. Vacek ¹⁴², B. Vachon ¹⁰³,
 K.O.H. Vadla ¹³⁴, A. Vaidya ⁹⁴, C. Valderanis ¹¹³, E. Valdes Santurio ^{45a,45b}, M. Valente ⁵⁴,
 S. Valentinetti ^{23b,23a}, A. Valero ¹⁷⁴, L. Valéry ⁴⁶, R.A. Vallance ²¹, A. Vallier ³⁶, J.A. Valls Ferrer ¹⁷⁴,

T.R. Van Daalen¹⁴, P. Van Gemmeren⁶, I. Van Vulpen¹¹⁹, M. Vanadia^{73a,73b}, W. Vandelli³⁶,
 A. Vaniachine¹⁶⁶, D. Vannicola^{72a,72b}, R. Vari^{72a}, E.W. Varnes⁷, C. Varni^{55b,55a}, T. Varol⁴²,
 D. Varouchas¹³², K.E. Varvell¹⁵⁷, M.E. Vasile^{27b}, G.A. Vasquez¹⁷⁶, J.G. Vasquez¹⁸³, F. Vazeille³⁸,
 D. Vazquez Furelos¹⁴, T. Vazquez Schroeder³⁶, J. Veatch⁵³, V. Vecchio^{74a,74b}, M.J. Veen¹¹⁹,
 L.M. Veloce¹⁶⁷, F. Veloso^{140a,140c}, S. Veneziano^{72a}, A. Ventura^{67a,67b}, N. Venturi³⁶, A. Verbytskyi¹¹⁴,
 V. Vercesi^{70a}, M. Verducci^{71a,71b}, C.M. Vergel Infante⁷⁸, C. Vergis²⁴, W. Verkerke¹¹⁹, A.T. Vermeulen¹¹⁹,
 J.C. Vermeulen¹¹⁹, M.C. Vetterli^{152,ay}, N. Viaux Maira^{147c}, M. Vicente Barreto Pinto⁵⁴, T. Vickey¹⁴⁹,
 O.E. Vickey Boeriu¹⁴⁹, G.H.A. Viehhauser¹³⁵, L. Vigani^{61b}, M. Villa^{23b,23a}, M. Villaplana Perez^{68a,68b},
 E. Vilucchi⁵¹, M.G. Vincter³⁴, V.B. Vinogradov⁷⁹, G.S. Virdee²¹, A. Vishwakarma⁴⁶, C. Vittori^{23b,23a},
 I. Vivarelli¹⁵⁶, M. Vogel¹⁸², P. Vokac¹⁴², S.E. von Buddenbrock^{33c}, E. Von Toerne²⁴, V. Vorobel¹⁴³,
 K. Vorobev¹¹¹, M. Vos¹⁷⁴, J.H. Vosseveld⁹⁰, M. Vozak¹⁰⁰, N. Vranjes¹⁶, M. Vranjes Milosavljevic¹⁶,
 V. Vrba¹⁴², M. Vreeswijk¹¹⁹, R. Vuillermet³⁶, I. Vukotic³⁷, P. Wagner²⁴, W. Wagner¹⁸²,
 J. Wagner-Kuhr¹¹³, S. Wahdan¹⁸², H. Wahlberg⁸⁸, V.M. Walbrecht¹¹⁴, J. Walder⁸⁹, R. Walker¹¹³,
 S.D. Walker⁹³, W. Walkowiak¹⁵¹, V. Wallangen^{45a,45b}, A.M. Wang⁵⁹, C. Wang^{60c}, C. Wang^{60b},
 F. Wang¹⁸¹, H. Wang¹⁸, H. Wang³, J. Wang¹⁵⁷, J. Wang^{61b}, P. Wang⁴², Q. Wang¹²⁸, R.-J. Wang⁹⁹,
 R. Wang^{60a}, R. Wang⁶, S.M. Wang¹⁵⁸, W.T. Wang^{60a}, W. Wang^{15c,af}, W.X. Wang^{60a,af}, Y. Wang^{60a,an},
 Z. Wang^{60c}, C. Wanotayaroj⁴⁶, A. Warburton¹⁰³, C.P. Ward³², D.R. Wardrope⁹⁴, N. Warrack⁵⁷,
 A. Washbrook⁵⁰, A.T. Watson²¹, M.F. Watson²¹, G. Watts¹⁴⁸, B.M. Waugh⁹⁴, A.F. Webb¹¹, S. Webb⁹⁹,
 C. Weber¹⁸³, M.S. Weber²⁰, S.A. Weber³⁴, S.M. Weber^{61a}, A.R. Weidberg¹³⁵, J. Weingarten⁴⁷,
 M. Weirich⁹⁹, C. Weiser⁵², P.S. Wells³⁶, T. Wenaus²⁹, T. Wengler³⁶, S. Wenig³⁶, N. Wermes²⁴,
 M.D. Werner⁷⁸, M. Wessels^{61a}, T.D. Weston²⁰, K. Whalen¹³¹, N.L. Whallon¹⁴⁸, A.M. Wharton⁸⁹,
 A.S. White¹⁰⁵, A. White⁸, M.J. White¹, D. Whiteson¹⁷¹, B.W. Whitmore⁸⁹, W. Wiedenmann¹⁸¹,
 M. Wielers¹⁴⁴, N. Wieseotte⁹⁹, C. Wiglesworth⁴⁰, L.A.M. Wiik-Fuchs⁵², F. Wilk¹⁰⁰, H.G. Wilkens³⁶,
 L.J. Wilkins⁹³, H.H. Williams¹³⁷, S. Williams³², C. Willis¹⁰⁶, S. Willocq¹⁰², J.A. Wilson²¹,
 I. Wingerter-Seez⁵, E. Winkels¹⁵⁶, F. Winklmeier¹³¹, O.J. Winston¹⁵⁶, B.T. Winter⁵², M. Wittgen¹⁵³,
 M. Wobisch⁹⁵, A. Wolf⁹⁹, T.M.H. Wolf¹¹⁹, R. Wolff¹⁰¹, R.W. Wölker¹³⁵, J. Wollrath⁵², M.W. Wolter⁸⁴,
 H. Wolters^{140a,140c}, V.W.S. Wong¹⁷⁵, N.L. Woods¹⁴⁶, S.D. Worm²¹, B.K. Wosiek⁸⁴, K.W. Woźniak⁸⁴,
 K. Wraight⁵⁷, S.L. Wu¹⁸¹, X. Wu⁵⁴, Y. Wu^{60a}, T.R. Wyatt¹⁰⁰, B.M. Wynne⁵⁰, S. Xella⁴⁰, Z. Xi¹⁰⁵,
 L. Xia¹⁷⁸, X. Xiao¹⁰⁵, D. Xu^{15a}, H. Xu^{60a,c}, L. Xu²⁹, T. Xu¹⁴⁵, W. Xu¹⁰⁵, Z. Xu^{60b}, Z. Xu¹⁵³, B. Yabsley¹⁵⁷,
 S. Yacoob^{33a}, K. Yajima¹³³, D.P. Yallup⁹⁴, D. Yamaguchi¹⁶⁵, Y. Yamaguchi¹⁶⁵, A. Yamamoto⁸¹,
 M. Yamatani¹⁶³, T. Yamazaki¹⁶³, Y. Yamazaki⁸², Z. Yan²⁵, H.J. Yang^{60c,60d}, H.T. Yang¹⁸, S. Yang⁷⁷,
 X. Yang^{60b,58}, Y. Yang¹⁶³, W.-M. Yao¹⁸, Y.C. Yap⁴⁶, Y. Yasu⁸¹, E. Yatsenko^{60c,60d}, J. Ye⁴², S. Ye²⁹,
 I. Yeletsikh⁷⁹, M.R. Yexley⁸⁹, E. Yigitbasi²⁵, K. Yorita¹⁷⁹, K. Yoshihara¹³⁷, C.J.S. Young³⁶, C. Young¹⁵³,
 J. Yu⁷⁸, R. Yuan^{60b,i}, X. Yue^{61a}, S.P.Y. Yuen²⁴, B. Zabinski⁸⁴, G. Zacharis¹⁰, E. Zaffaroni⁵⁴,
 J. Zahreddine¹³⁶, A.M. Zaitsev^{123,ap}, T. Zakareishvili^{159b}, N. Zakharchuk³⁴, S. Zambito⁵⁹, D. Zanzi³⁶,
 D.R. Zariповas⁵⁷, S.V. Zeiřner⁴⁷, C. Zeitnitz¹⁸², G. Zemaityte¹³⁵, J.C. Zeng¹⁷³, O. Zenin¹²³, T. Ženiř^{28a},
 D. Zerwas¹³², M. Zgubić¹³⁵, D.F. Zhang^{15b}, F. Zhang¹⁸¹, G. Zhang^{15b}, H. Zhang^{15c}, J. Zhang⁶,
 L. Zhang^{15c}, L. Zhang^{60a}, M. Zhang¹⁷³, R. Zhang²⁴, X. Zhang^{60b}, Y. Zhang^{15a,15d}, Z. Zhang^{63a},
 Z. Zhang¹³², P. Zhao⁴⁹, Y. Zhao^{60b}, Z. Zhao^{60a}, A. Zhemchugov⁷⁹, Z. Zheng¹⁰⁵, D. Zhong¹⁷³, B. Zhou¹⁰⁵,
 C. Zhou¹⁸¹, M.S. Zhou^{15a,15d}, M. Zhou¹⁵⁵, N. Zhou^{60c}, Y. Zhou⁷, C.G. Zhu^{60b}, H.L. Zhu^{60a}, H. Zhu^{15a},
 J. Zhu¹⁰⁵, Y. Zhu^{60a}, X. Zhuang^{15a}, K. Zhukov¹¹⁰, V. Zhulanov^{121b,121a}, D. Zieminska⁶⁵, N.I. Zimine⁷⁹,
 S. Zimmermann⁵², Z. Zinonos¹¹⁴, M. Ziolkowski¹⁵¹, L. Živković¹⁶, G. Zobernig¹⁸¹, A. Zoccoli^{23b,23a},
 K. Zoch⁵³, T.G. Zorbas¹⁴⁹, R. Zou³⁷, L. Zwalinski³⁶

¹ Department of Physics, University of Adelaide, Adelaide, Australia

² Physics Department, SUNY Albany, Albany, NY, United States of America

³ Department of Physics, University of Alberta, Edmonton, AB, Canada

⁴ (a) Department of Physics, Ankara University, Ankara; (b) Istanbul Aydin University, Istanbul; (c) Division of Physics, TOBB University of Economics and Technology, Ankara, Turkey

⁵ LAPP, Université Grenoble Alpes, Université Savoie Mont Blanc, CNRS/IN2P3, Annecy, France

⁶ High Energy Physics Division, Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne, IL, United States of America

⁷ Department of Physics, University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ, United States of America

⁸ Department of Physics, University of Texas at Arlington, Arlington, TX, United States of America

⁹ Physics Department, National and Kapodistrian University of Athens, Athens, Greece

¹⁰ Physics Department, National Technical University of Athens, Zografou, Greece

¹¹ Department of Physics, University of Texas at Austin, Austin, TX, United States of America

¹² (a) Bahcesehir University, Faculty of Engineering and Natural Sciences, Istanbul; (b) Istanbul Bilgi University, Faculty of Engineering and Natural Sciences, Istanbul; (c) Department of Physics, Bogazici University, Istanbul; (d) Department of Physics Engineering, Gaziantep University, Gaziantep, Turkey

- ¹³ Institute of Physics, Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences, Baku, Azerbaijan
- ¹⁴ Institut de Física d'Altes Energies (IFAE), Barcelona Institute of Science and Technology, Barcelona, Spain
- ¹⁵ ^(a) Institute of High Energy Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing; ^(b) Physics Department, Tsinghua University, Beijing; ^(c) Department of Physics, Nanjing University, Nanjing;
- ^(d) University of Chinese Academy of Science (UCAS), Beijing, China
- ¹⁶ Institute of Physics, University of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia
- ¹⁷ Department for Physics and Technology, University of Bergen, Bergen, Norway
- ¹⁸ Physics Division, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory and University of California, Berkeley, CA, United States of America
- ¹⁹ Institut für Physik, Humboldt Universität zu Berlin, Berlin, Germany
- ²⁰ Albert Einstein Center for Fundamental Physics and Laboratory for High Energy Physics, University of Bern, Bern, Switzerland
- ²¹ School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Birmingham, Birmingham, United Kingdom
- ²² Facultad de Ciencias y Centro de Investigaciones, Universidad Antonio Nariño, Bogota, Colombia
- ²³ ^(a) INFN Bologna and Università di Bologna, Dipartimento di Fisica; ^(b) INFN Sezione di Bologna, Italy
- ²⁴ Physikalisches Institut, Universität Bonn, Bonn, Germany
- ²⁵ Department of Physics, Boston University, Boston, MA, United States of America
- ²⁶ Department of Physics, Brandeis University, Waltham, MA, United States of America
- ²⁷ ^(a) Transilvania University of Brasov, Brasov; ^(b) Horia Hulubei National Institute of Physics and Nuclear Engineering, Bucharest; ^(c) Department of Physics, Alexandru Ioan Cuza University of Iasi, Iasi; ^(d) National Institute for Research and Development of Isotopic and Molecular Technologies, Physics Department, Cluj-Napoca; ^(e) University Politehnica Bucharest, Bucharest; ^(f) West University in Timisoara, Timisoara, Romania
- ²⁸ ^(a) Faculty of Mathematics, Physics and Informatics, Comenius University, Bratislava; ^(b) Department of Subnuclear Physics, Institute of Experimental Physics of the Slovak Academy of Sciences, Kosice, Slovak Republic
- ²⁹ Physics Department, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, NY, United States of America
- ³⁰ Departamento de Física, Universidad de Buenos Aires, Buenos Aires, Argentina
- ³¹ California State University, CA, United States of America
- ³² Cavendish Laboratory, University of Cambridge, Cambridge, United Kingdom
- ³³ ^(a) Department of Physics, University of Cape Town, Cape Town; ^(b) Department of Mechanical Engineering Science, University of Johannesburg, Johannesburg; ^(c) School of Physics, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, South Africa
- ³⁴ Department of Physics, Carleton University, Ottawa, ON, Canada
- ³⁵ ^(a) Faculté des Sciences Ain Chock, Réseau Universitaire de Physique des Hautes Energies – Université Hassan II, Casablanca; ^(b) Faculté des Sciences, Université Ibn-Tofail, Kénitra; ^(c) Faculté des Sciences Semlalia, Université Cadi Ayyad, LPHEA, Marrakech; ^(d) Faculté des Sciences, Université Mohamed Premier and LPTPM, Oujda; ^(e) Faculté des sciences, Université Mohammed V, Rabat, Morocco
- ³⁶ CERN, Geneva, Switzerland
- ³⁷ Enrico Fermi Institute, University of Chicago, Chicago, IL, United States of America
- ³⁸ LPC, Université Clermont Auvergne, CNRS/IN2P3, Clermont-Ferrand, France
- ³⁹ Nevis Laboratory, Columbia University, Irvington, NY, United States of America
- ⁴⁰ Niels Bohr Institute, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen, Denmark
- ⁴¹ ^(a) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università della Calabria, Rende; ^(b) INFN Gruppo Collegato di Cosenza, Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Italy
- ⁴² Physics Department, Southern Methodist University, Dallas, TX, United States of America
- ⁴³ Physics Department, University of Texas at Dallas, Richardson, TX, United States of America
- ⁴⁴ National Centre for Scientific Research "Demokritos", Agia Paraskevi, Greece
- ⁴⁵ ^(a) Department of Physics, Stockholm University; ^(b) Oskar Klein Centre, Stockholm, Sweden
- ⁴⁶ Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron DESY, Hamburg and Zeuthen, Germany
- ⁴⁷ Lehrstuhl für Experimentelle Physik IV, Technische Universität Dortmund, Dortmund, Germany
- ⁴⁸ Institut für Kern- und Teilchenphysik, Technische Universität Dresden, Dresden, Germany
- ⁴⁹ Department of Physics, Duke University, Durham, NC, United States of America
- ⁵⁰ SUPA – School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Edinburgh, Edinburgh, United Kingdom
- ⁵¹ INFN e Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Frascati, Italy
- ⁵² Physikalisches Institut, Albert-Ludwigs-Universität Freiburg, Freiburg, Germany
- ⁵³ II. Physikalisches Institut, Georg-August-Universität Göttingen, Göttingen, Germany
- ⁵⁴ Département de Physique Nucléaire et Corpusculaire, Université de Genève, Genève, Switzerland
- ⁵⁵ ^(a) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Genova, Genova; ^(b) INFN Sezione di Genova, Italy
- ⁵⁶ II. Physikalisches Institut, Justus-Liebig-Universität Giessen, Giessen, Germany
- ⁵⁷ SUPA – School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Glasgow, Glasgow, United Kingdom
- ⁵⁸ LPSC, Université Grenoble Alpes, CNRS/IN2P3, Grenoble INP, Grenoble, France
- ⁵⁹ Laboratory for Particle Physics and Cosmology, Harvard University, Cambridge, MA, United States of America
- ⁶⁰ ^(a) Department of Modern Physics and State Key Laboratory of Particle Detection and Electronics, University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei; ^(b) Institute of Frontier and Interdisciplinary Science and Key Laboratory of Particle Physics and Particle Irradiation (MOE), Shandong University, Qingdao; ^(c) School of Physics and Astronomy, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, KLPPAC-MoE, SKLPPC, Shanghai; ^(d) Tsung-Dao Lee Institute, Shanghai, China
- ⁶¹ ^(a) Kirchhoff-Institut für Physik, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Heidelberg; ^(b) Physikalisches Institut, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Heidelberg, Germany
- ⁶² Faculty of Applied Information Science, Hiroshima Institute of Technology, Hiroshima, Japan
- ⁶³ ^(a) Department of Physics, Chinese University of Hong Kong, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong; ^(b) Department of Physics, University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong; ^(c) Department of Physics and Institute for Advanced Study, Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, Clear Water Bay, Kowloon, Hong Kong, China
- ⁶⁴ Department of Physics, National Tsing Hua University, Hsinchu, Taiwan
- ⁶⁵ Department of Physics, Indiana University, Bloomington, IN, United States of America
- ⁶⁶ ^(a) INFN Gruppo Collegato di Udine, Sezione di Trieste, Udine; ^(b) ICTP, Trieste; ^(c) Dipartimento Politecnico di Ingegneria e Architettura, Università di Udine, Udine, Italy
- ⁶⁷ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Lecce; ^(b) Dipartimento di Matematica e Fisica, Università del Salento, Lecce, Italy
- ⁶⁸ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Milano; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Milano, Milano, Italy
- ⁶⁹ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Napoli; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Napoli, Napoli, Italy
- ⁷⁰ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Pavia; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Pavia, Pavia, Italy
- ⁷¹ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Pisa; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica E. Fermi, Università di Pisa, Pisa, Italy
- ⁷² ^(a) INFN Sezione di Roma; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Sapienza Università di Roma, Roma, Italy
- ⁷³ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Roma Tor Vergata; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Roma Tor Vergata, Roma, Italy
- ⁷⁴ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Roma Tre; ^(b) Dipartimento di Matematica e Fisica, Università Roma Tre, Roma, Italy
- ⁷⁵ ^(a) INFN-TIFPA; ^(b) Università degli Studi di Trento, Trento, Italy
- ⁷⁶ Institut für Astro- und Teilchenphysik, Leopold-Franzens-Universität, Innsbruck, Austria
- ⁷⁷ University of Iowa, Iowa City, IA, United States of America
- ⁷⁸ Department of Physics and Astronomy, Iowa State University, Ames, IA, United States of America
- ⁷⁹ Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, Dubna, Russia
- ⁸⁰ ^(a) Departamento de Engenharia Elétrica, Universidade Federal de Juiz de Fora (UFJF), Juiz de Fora; ^(b) Universidade Federal do Rio De Janeiro COPPE/EE/IF, Rio de Janeiro; ^(c) Universidade Federal de São João del Rei (UFSJ), São João del Rei; ^(d) Instituto de Física, Universidade de São Paulo, São Paulo, Brazil

- 81 KEK, High Energy Accelerator Research Organization, Tsukuba, Japan
- 82 Graduate School of Science, Kobe University, Kobe, Japan
- 83 ^(a) AGH University of Science and Technology, Faculty of Physics and Applied Computer Science, Krakow; ^(b) Marian Smoluchowski Institute of Physics, Jagiellonian University, Krakow, Poland
- 84 Institute of Nuclear Physics Polish Academy of Sciences, Krakow, Poland
- 85 Faculty of Science, Kyoto University, Kyoto, Japan
- 86 Kyoto University of Education, Kyoto, Japan
- 87 Research Center for Advanced Particle Physics and Department of Physics, Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan
- 88 Instituto de Física La Plata, Universidad Nacional de La Plata and CONICET, La Plata, Argentina
- 89 Physics Department, Lancaster University, Lancaster, United Kingdom
- 90 Oliver Lodge Laboratory, University of Liverpool, Liverpool, United Kingdom
- 91 Department of Experimental Particle Physics, Jožef Stefan Institute and Department of Physics, University of Ljubljana, Ljubljana, Slovenia
- 92 School of Physics and Astronomy, Queen Mary University of London, London, United Kingdom
- 93 Department of Physics, Royal Holloway University of London, Egham, United Kingdom
- 94 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University College London, London, United Kingdom
- 95 Louisiana Tech University, Ruston, LA, United States of America
- 96 Fysiska institutionen, Lunds universitet, Lund, Sweden
- 97 Centre de Calcul de l'Institut National de Physique Nucléaire et de Physique des Particules (IN2P3), Villeurbanne, France
- 98 Departamento de Física Teórica C-15 and CIAFF, Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, Madrid, Spain
- 99 Institut für Physik, Universität Mainz, Mainz, Germany
- 100 School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Manchester, Manchester, United Kingdom
- 101 CPPM, Aix-Marseille Université, CNRS/IN2P3, Marseille, France
- 102 Department of Physics, University of Massachusetts, Amherst, MA, United States of America
- 103 Department of Physics, McGill University, Montreal, QC, Canada
- 104 School of Physics, University of Melbourne, Victoria, Australia
- 105 Department of Physics, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI, United States of America
- 106 Department of Physics and Astronomy, Michigan State University, East Lansing, MI, United States of America
- 107 B.I. Stepanov Institute of Physics, National Academy of Sciences of Belarus, Minsk, Belarus
- 108 Research Institute for Nuclear Problems of Byelorussian State University, Minsk, Belarus
- 109 Group of Particle Physics, University of Montreal, Montreal, QC, Canada
- 110 P.N. Lebedev Physical Institute of the Russian Academy of Sciences, Moscow, Russia
- 111 National Research Nuclear University MEPhI, Moscow, Russia
- 112 D.V. Skobeltsyn Institute of Nuclear Physics, M.V. Lomonosov Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia
- 113 Fakultät für Physik, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, München, Germany
- 114 Max-Planck-Institut für Physik (Werner-Heisenberg-Institut), München, Germany
- 115 Nagasaki Institute of Applied Science, Nagasaki, Japan
- 116 Graduate School of Science and Kobayashi-Maskawa Institute, Nagoya University, Nagoya, Japan
- 117 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of New Mexico, Albuquerque, NM, United States of America
- 118 Institute for Mathematics, Astrophysics and Particle Physics, Radboud University Nijmegen/Nikhef, Nijmegen, Netherlands
- 119 Nikhef National Institute for Subatomic Physics and University of Amsterdam, Amsterdam, Netherlands
- 120 Department of Physics, Northern Illinois University, DeKalb, IL, United States of America
- 121 ^(a) Budker Institute of Nuclear Physics and NSU, SB RAS, Novosibirsk; ^(b) Novosibirsk State University, Novosibirsk, Russia
- 122 Institute for Theoretical and Experimental Physics named by A.I. Alikhanov of National Research Centre "Kurchatov Institute", Moscow, Russia
- 123 Institute for High Energy Physics of the National Research Centre Kurchatov Institute, Protvino, Russia
- 124 Department of Physics, New York University, New York, NY, United States of America
- 125 Ochanomizu University, Otsuka, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo, Japan
- 126 Ohio State University, Columbus, OH, United States of America
- 127 Faculty of Science, Okayama University, Okayama, Japan
- 128 Homer L. Dodge Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Oklahoma, Norman, OK, United States of America
- 129 Department of Physics, Oklahoma State University, Stillwater, OK, United States of America
- 130 Palacký University, RCPTM, Joint Laboratory of Optics, Olomouc, Czech Republic
- 131 Center for High Energy Physics, University of Oregon, Eugene, OR, United States of America
- 132 LAL, Université Paris-Sud, CNRS/IN2P3, Université Paris-Saclay, Orsay, France
- 133 Graduate School of Science, Osaka University, Osaka, Japan
- 134 Department of Physics, University of Oslo, Oslo, Norway
- 135 Department of Physics, Oxford University, Oxford, United Kingdom
- 136 LPNHE, Sorbonne Université, Université de Paris, CNRS/IN2P3, Paris, France
- 137 Department of Physics, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA, United States of America
- 138 Konstantinov Nuclear Physics Institute of National Research Centre "Kurchatov Institute", PNPI, St. Petersburg, Russia
- 139 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, PA, United States of America
- 140 ^(a) Laboratório de Instrumentação e Física Experimental de Partículas – LIP, Lisboa; ^(b) Departamento de Física, Faculdade de Ciências, Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa; ^(c) Departamento de Física, Universidade de Coimbra, Coimbra; ^(d) Centro de Física Nuclear da Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa; ^(e) Departamento de Física, Universidade do Minho, Braga; ^(f) Universidad de Granada, Granada (Spain); ^(g) Dep Física and CEFITEC of Faculdade de Ciências e Tecnologia, Universidade Nova de Lisboa, Caparica; ^(h) Instituto Superior Técnico, Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa, Portugal
- 141 Institute of Physics of the Czech Academy of Sciences, Prague, Czech Republic
- 142 Czech Technical University in Prague, Prague, Czech Republic
- 143 Charles University, Faculty of Mathematics and Physics, Prague, Czech Republic
- 144 Particle Physics Department, Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom
- 145 IRFU, CEA, Université Paris-Saclay, Gif-sur-Yvette, France
- 146 Santa Cruz Institute for Particle Physics, University of California Santa Cruz, Santa Cruz, CA, United States of America
- 147 ^(a) Departamento de Física, Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile, Santiago; ^(b) Universidad Andres Bello, Department of Physics, Santiago; ^(c) Departamento de Física, Universidad Técnica Federico Santa María, Valparaíso, Chile
- 148 Department of Physics, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, United States of America
- 149 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sheffield, Sheffield, United Kingdom
- 150 Department of Physics, Shinshu University, Nagano, Japan
- 151 Department Physik, Universität Siegen, Siegen, Germany
- 152 Department of Physics, Simon Fraser University, Burnaby, BC, Canada
- 153 SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory, Stanford, CA, United States of America
- 154 Physics Department, Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm, Sweden

- ¹⁵⁵ Departments of Physics and Astronomy, Stony Brook University, Stony Brook, NY, United States of America
¹⁵⁶ Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sussex, Brighton, United Kingdom
¹⁵⁷ School of Physics, University of Sydney, Sydney, Australia
¹⁵⁸ Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan
¹⁵⁹ ^(a) E. Andronikashvili Institute of Physics, Iv. Javakishvili Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi; ^(b) High Energy Physics Institute, Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi, Georgia
¹⁶⁰ Department of Physics, Technion, Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel
¹⁶¹ Raymond and Beverly Sackler School of Physics and Astronomy, Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv, Israel
¹⁶² Department of Physics, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Thessaloniki, Greece
¹⁶³ International Center for Elementary Particle Physics and Department of Physics, University of Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan
¹⁶⁴ Graduate School of Science and Technology, Tokyo Metropolitan University, Tokyo, Japan
¹⁶⁵ Department of Physics, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Tokyo, Japan
¹⁶⁶ Tomsk State University, Tomsk, Russia
¹⁶⁷ Department of Physics, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada
¹⁶⁸ ^(a) TRIUMF, Vancouver, BC; ^(b) Department of Physics and Astronomy, York University, Toronto, ON, Canada
¹⁶⁹ Division of Physics and Tomonaga Center for the History of the Universe, Faculty of Pure and Applied Sciences, University of Tsukuba, Tsukuba, Japan
¹⁷⁰ Department of Physics and Astronomy, Tufts University, Medford, MA, United States of America
¹⁷¹ Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of California Irvine, Irvine, CA, United States of America
¹⁷² Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Uppsala, Uppsala, Sweden
¹⁷³ Department of Physics, University of Illinois, Urbana, IL, United States of America
¹⁷⁴ Instituto de Física Corpuscular (IFIC), Centro Mixto Universidad de Valencia – CSIC, Valencia, Spain
¹⁷⁵ Department of Physics, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, BC, Canada
¹⁷⁶ Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Victoria, Victoria, BC, Canada
¹⁷⁷ Fakultät für Physik und Astronomie, Julius-Maximilians-Universität Würzburg, Würzburg, Germany
¹⁷⁸ Department of Physics, University of Warwick, Coventry, United Kingdom
¹⁷⁹ Waseda University, Tokyo, Japan
¹⁸⁰ Department of Particle Physics, Weizmann Institute of Science, Rehovot, Israel
¹⁸¹ Department of Physics, University of Wisconsin, Madison, WI, United States of America
¹⁸² Fakultät für Mathematik und Naturwissenschaften, Fachgruppe Physik, Bergische Universität Wuppertal, Wuppertal, Germany
¹⁸³ Department of Physics, Yale University, New Haven, CT, United States of America
¹⁸⁴ Yerevan Physics Institute, Yerevan, Armenia

- ^a Also at Borough of Manhattan Community College, City University of New York, New York, NY; United States of America.
^b Also at CERN, Geneva; Switzerland.
^c Also at CPPM, Aix-Marseille Université, CNRS/IN2P3, Marseille; France.
^d Also at Département de Physique Nucléaire et Corpusculaire, Université de Genève, Genève; Switzerland.
^e Also at Departament de Física de la Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona, Barcelona; Spain.
^f Also at Departamento de Física, Instituto Superior Técnico, Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa; Portugal.
^g Also at Department of Applied Physics and Astronomy, University of Sharjah, Sharjah; United Arab Emirates.
^h Also at Department of Financial and Management Engineering, University of the Aegean, Chios; Greece.
ⁱ Also at Department of Physics and Astronomy, Michigan State University, East Lansing, MI; United States of America.
^j Also at Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Louisville, Louisville, KY; United States of America.
^k Also at Department of Physics, Ben Gurion University of the Negev, Beer Sheva; Israel.
^l Also at Department of Physics, California State University, East Bay; United States of America.
^m Also at Department of Physics, California State University, Fresno; United States of America.
ⁿ Also at Department of Physics, California State University, Sacramento; United States of America.
^o Also at Department of Physics, King's College London, London; United Kingdom.
^p Also at Department of Physics, St. Petersburg State Polytechnical University, St. Petersburg; Russia.
^q Also at Department of Physics, Stanford University, Stanford, CA; United States of America.
^r Also at Department of Physics, University of Adelaide, Adelaide; Australia.
^s Also at Department of Physics, University of Fribourg, Fribourg; Switzerland.
^t Also at Department of Physics, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI; United States of America.
^u Also at Dipartimento di Matematica, Informatica e Fisica, Università di Udine, Udine; Italy.
^v Also at Faculty of Physics, M.V. Lomonosov Moscow State University, Moscow; Russia.
^w Also at Giresun University, Faculty of Engineering, Giresun; Turkey.
^x Also at Graduate School of Science, Osaka University, Osaka; Japan.
^y Also at Hellenic Open University, Patras; Greece.
^z Also at Institutio Catalana de Recerca i Estudis Avancats, ICREA, Barcelona; Spain.
^{aa} Also at Institut für Experimentalphysik, Universität Hamburg, Hamburg; Germany.
^{ab} Also at Institute for Mathematics, Astrophysics and Particle Physics, Radboud University Nijmegen/Nikhef, Nijmegen; Netherlands.
^{ac} Also at Institute for Nuclear Research and Nuclear Energy (INRNE) of the Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, Sofia; Bulgaria.
^{ad} Also at Institute for Particle and Nuclear Physics, Wigner Research Centre for Physics, Budapest; Hungary.
^{ae} Also at Institute of Particle Physics (IPP), Vancouver; Canada.
^{af} Also at Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei; Taiwan.
^{ag} Also at Institute of Physics, Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences, Baku; Azerbaijan.
^{ah} Also at Institute of Theoretical Physics, Ilia State University, Tbilisi; Georgia.
^{ai} Also at Instituto de Física Teórica, IFT-UAM/CSIC, Madrid; Spain.
^{aj} Also at Istanbul University, Dept. of Physics, Istanbul; Turkey.
^{ak} Also at Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, Dubna; Russia.
^{al} Also at LAL, Université Paris-Sud, CNRS/IN2P3, Université Paris-Saclay, Orsay; France.
^{am} Also at Louisiana Tech University, Ruston, LA; United States of America.
^{an} Also at LPNHE, Sorbonne Université, Université de Paris, CNRS/IN2P3, Paris; France.
^{ao} Also at Manhattan College, New York, NY; United States of America.
^{ap} Also at Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology State University, Dolgoprudny; Russia.
^{aq} Also at National Research Nuclear University MEPhI, Moscow; Russia.
^{ar} Also at Physics Department, An-Najah National University, Nablus; Palestine.
^{as} Also at Physics Dept, University of South Africa, Pretoria; South Africa.

^{at} Also at Physikalisches Institut, Albert-Ludwigs-Universität Freiburg, Freiburg; Germany.

^{au} Also at School of Physics, Sun Yat-sen University, Guangzhou; China.

^{av} Also at The City College of New York, New York, NY; United States of America.

^{aw} Also at The Collaborative Innovation Center of Quantum Matter (CICQM), Beijing; China.

^{ax} Also at Tomsk State University, Tomsk, and Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology State University, Dolgoprudny; Russia.

^{ay} Also at TRIUMF, Vancouver, BC; Canada.

^{az} Also at Università di Napoli Parthenope, Napoli; Italy.

* Deceased.