## [SAT0583] A SYSTEMATIC REVIEW OF SYSTEMIC SCLEROSIS INSTRUMENTS FOR THE EULAR OUTCOME MEASURES LIBRARY: AN EVOLUTIONARY DATABASE OF VALIDATED PATIENT-REPORTED INSTRUMENTS

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**Background:** Over time, a patient-centered evaluation of health status has become more important for systemic sclerosis (SSc), both in research and clinical setting. Patient-reported outcomes (PROs) are being increasingly used to measure various domains of disease status relevant to patients and physicians. The EULAR Outcome Measures Library (OML) is a freely available website with structured access to a growing database of validated PROs [1], but currently there are no PROs available on SSc at the EULAR OML.

**Objectives:** To provide a comprehensive review of validated SSc-specific PROs and to critically appraise their validity.

**Methods:** A sensitive search was developed in Medline and Embase (08/2015) to identify all validation studies, cohort studies, reviews or metaanalyses in which the objective were the development or validation of PROs evaluating organ involvement, disease activity or damage in SSc. A reviewer screened title and abstracts, selected the studies, and collected data concerning validation using ad hoc forms based on the COSMIN checklist.

**Results:** From 13,140 articles captured, 74 met the predefined criteria. After excluding an instrument for the unavailability of an English version, the selected studies provided information on 6 SSc-specific PROs: the Scleroderma Assessment Questionnaire (SAQ), the scleroderma functional score (FS), the Raynaud's condition score (RCS), the Mouth Handicap in SSc (MHISS), the University of California Los Angeles-Scleroderma Clinical Trial Consortium Gastro-Intestinal tract (UCLA-SCTC-GIT 2.0), and the Skin Self-Assessment. The table summarizes the instruments and their measurement properties:

## Table 1

SSc- specific PROs	Domains	No. of items and range	Measurement properties			
			Reliability IC/TR/ME	Validity	Responsivene ss	Interpretability
SAQ	Functional status (vascular, respiratory, GIT and musculoskelet al apparatus)	Items: 23Rang e: 0-3	ICC 0.79- 0.95	Total score higher in pts with systemic involvement	Vascular z=0.92-2.97; Respiratory z=1.34-2.52; GIT z=-3.14- 4.03; Musculoskeletal status z=0.68- 3.16	-
FS	Functional ability (upper limbs & muscle weakness)	11Rang	$Intra-\\observk_w~0.1\\9-0.6inter-\\observk_w~0.69\\-0.94$	HAQ-DI r=0.90Skin score r=0.11	FS correlates with HAQ-DI 0.59, & Hand HAQ-DI 0.58	-
RCS	Severity and impact of Raynaud's phenomenon	Item: 1Range 0-10	ICC 0.70	Disease activity, Rp measures, digital ulcers, mood/tensi on 67% variance	ES 0.6SRM 0.64	MID 14-15 points (0-100 VAS)PASS 34 points
MHISS	Disability	Items:	ICC 0.96	HAQ	-	_

	involving the mouth	12Rang e: 0-48		r=0.33, CHFS r=0.37, mouth opening r=-0.34, MACTAR r=0.11, HADd r=0.26, HADa		
UCLA SCTC GIT 2.0	GIT symptoms severity		Cronbach's a>0.70, constipation (a=0.67)ICC 0.71	r=0.17 Total GIT score r=0.60; Upper GIT r=0.52; Lower GIT r=0.60	rho 0.05-0.48	MID/improvement: 0.07- 0.36;MID/worseni ng: 0.06 -0.21;Floor: noneCeiling: 4%
Skin self- assessme nt	Skin thickening	Items: 17Rang e: 0-51	ICC 0.5-0.61	Skin score r=0.435	No changes 1 yr follow-up	- dcSScFloor <15%Ceiling <15%- lcSScFloor >15%Ceiling n.a.

**Conclusions:** Six SSc-specific PROs have a minimum validation and will be included in the EULAR OML. In general, the level of validation attained could be improved. Further development in the area of disease-specific PROs in SSc is warranted.

## References:

Castrejón I, Gossec L, Carmona L. Ann Rheum Dis. 2015;74(2):475-6

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