

CERN-PH-EP-2014-255

Submitted to: JHEP

arXiv:1411.2921v1 [hep-ex] 11 Nov 2014

---

## Search for new phenomena in events with three or more charged leptons in $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV with the ATLAS detector

The ATLAS Collaboration

### Abstract

A generic search for anomalous production of events with at least three charged leptons is presented. The data sample consists of  $pp$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV collected in 2012 by the ATLAS experiment at the CERN Large Hadron Collider, and corresponds to an integrated luminosity of  $20.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ . Events are required to have at least three selected lepton candidates, at least two of which must be electrons or muons, while the third may be a hadronically decaying tau. Selected events are categorized based on their lepton flavour content and signal regions are constructed using several kinematic variables of interest. No significant deviations from Standard Model predictions are observed. Model-independent upper limits on contributions from beyond the Standard Model phenomena are provided for each signal region, along with prescription to re-interpret the limits for any model. Constraints are also placed on models predicting doubly charged Higgs bosons and excited leptons. For doubly charged Higgs bosons decaying to  $e\tau$  or  $\mu\tau$ , lower limits on the mass are set at 400 GeV at 95% confidence level. For excited leptons, constraints are provided as functions of both the mass of the excited state and the compositeness scale  $\Lambda$ , with the strongest mass constraints arising in regions where the mass equals  $\Lambda$ . In such scenarios, lower mass limits are set at 2.0 TeV for excited electrons and muons, 1.8 TeV for excited taus, and 1.6 TeV for every excited-neutrino flavour.

# Search for new phenomena in events with three or more charged leptons in $pp$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV with the ATLAS detector

---

## The ATLAS Collaboration

**ABSTRACT:** A generic search for anomalous production of events with at least three charged leptons is presented. The data sample consists of  $pp$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV collected in 2012 by the ATLAS experiment at the CERN Large Hadron Collider, and corresponds to an integrated luminosity of  $20.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ . Events are required to have at least three selected lepton candidates, at least two of which must be electrons or muons, while the third may be a hadronically decaying tau. Selected events are categorized based on their lepton flavour content and signal regions are constructed using several kinematic variables of interest. No significant deviations from Standard Model predictions are observed. Model-independent upper limits on contributions from beyond the Standard Model phenomena are provided for each signal region, along with prescription to re-interpret the limits for any model. Constraints are also placed on models predicting doubly charged Higgs bosons and excited leptons. For doubly charged Higgs bosons decaying to  $e\tau$  or  $\mu\tau$ , lower limits on the mass are set at 400 GeV at 95% confidence level. For excited leptons, constraints are provided as functions of both the mass of the excited state and the compositeness scale  $\Lambda$ , with the strongest mass constraints arising in regions where the mass equals  $\Lambda$ . In such scenarios, lower mass limits are set at 2.0 TeV for excited electrons and muons, 1.8 TeV for excited taus, and 1.6 TeV for every excited-neutrino flavour.

---

## Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>The ATLAS detector</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Event selection</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Signal regions</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Simulation</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>Background estimation</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>Systematic uncertainties</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>Results</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>Model testing</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>Interpretation</b>	<b>18</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>Conclusion</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>A</b>	<b>Yields and cross-section limits</b>	<b>28</b>

---

## 1 Introduction

With the delivery and exploitation of over  $20 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of integrated luminosity at a centre-of-mass energy of 8 TeV in proton–proton collisions at the CERN Large Hadron Collider, many models of new physics now face significant constraints on their allowed parameter space. Final states including three or more charged, prompt, and isolated leptons have received significant attention, both in measurements of Standard Model (SM) diboson [1–3] and Higgs boson production [4, 5], and in searches for new phenomena. Anomalous production of multi-lepton final states arises in many beyond the Standard Model (BSM) scenarios, including excited-lepton models [6, 7], the Zee–Babu neutrino mass model [8–10], supersymmetry [11–19], models with pair production of vector-like quarks [20], and models with doubly charged Higgs bosons [21, 22] including Higgs triplet models [23, 24]. An absence of significant deviations from SM predictions in previous measurements and dedicated searches motivates an inclusive search strategy, sensitive to a variety of production modes and kinematic features.

In this paper, the results of a search for the anomalous production of events with at least three charged leptons are presented. The dataset used was collected in 2012 by the ATLAS detector at the Large Hadron Collider, and corresponds to an integrated luminosity of  $20.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ . Events with at least three leptons are categorized using their flavour content, and signal regions are constructed using several kinematic variables, to cover a wide range of different BSM scenarios. Inspection of the signal regions reveals no significant deviations from the expected background, and model-independent upper limits on contributions from BSM sources are evaluated.

A prescription for confronting other models with these results is also provided, along with per-lepton efficiencies parameterized by lepton flavour and kinematics.

The model-independent limits are also used to provide constraints on two benchmark models. The first model predicts the Drell–Yan production of doubly charged Higgs bosons [21, 22], which then decay into lepton pairs. The decays can include flavour-violating terms that can lead to final states such as  $\ell^\pm\tau^\pm\ell^\mp\tau^\mp$ , where  $\ell$  denotes an electron or muon, and the tau lepton is allowed to decay hadronically or leptonically. Lepton-flavor-conserving decays are not considered in this paper. The second benchmark scenario is a composite fermion model predicting the existence of excited leptons [25]. The excited leptons, which may be neutral ( $\nu^*$ ) or charged ( $\ell^*$ ), are produced in a pair or in association with a SM lepton either through contact interactions or gauge-mediated processes. Their decay proceeds via the same mechanisms, with rates that depend on the lepton mass and a compositeness scale,  $\Lambda$ . The final states of such events often contain three or more charged leptons with large momentum.

Related searches for new phenomena in events with multi-lepton final states have not shown any significant deviation from SM expectations. The CMS Collaboration has conducted a search similar to the one presented here using  $5\text{ fb}^{-1}$  of 7 TeV data [26] and also with  $19.5\text{ fb}^{-1}$  of 8 TeV data [27]. The ATLAS Collaboration has performed searches for supersymmetry in multi-lepton final states [28–30], as have experiments at the Tevatron [31, 32]. The search presented here complements the previous searches by providing model-independent limits and by exploring new kinematic variables. Compared to a similar analysis presented in ref. [33] using 7 TeV data, this search tightens the lepton requirements on the momentum transverse to the beamline ( $p_T$ ) from 10(15) GeV to 15(20) GeV for electrons and muons (hadronically decaying taus), includes new signal regions to target models producing heavy-flavour signatures and events without  $Z$  bosons, and tightens the requirements for previously defined signal regions to exploit the higher centre-of-mass energy and integrated luminosity of the 2012 data sample.

## 2 The ATLAS detector

The ATLAS detector [34] at the LHC covers nearly the entire solid angle around the collision point.<sup>1</sup> It consists of an inner tracking detector surrounded by a thin superconducting solenoid, electromagnetic and hadronic calorimeters, and a muon spectrometer incorporating three large superconducting toroid magnets with eight coils each.

The inner-detector system is immersed in a 2 T axial magnetic field and provides charged-particle tracking in the range  $|\eta| < 2.5$ . A high-granularity silicon pixel detector covers the vertex region and typically provides three measurements per track, with one hit being usually registered in the innermost layer. It is followed by a silicon microstrip tracker, which usually provides four two-dimensional measurement points per track. These silicon detectors are complemented by a transition radiation tracker, which enables radially extended track reconstruction up to  $|\eta| = 2.0$ . The transition radiation tracker also provides electron identification information based on the fraction of hits (typically 30 in total) above a higher energy threshold corresponding to transition radiation.

The calorimeter system covers the pseudorapidity range  $|\eta| < 4.9$ . Within the region  $|\eta| < 3.2$ , electromagnetic calorimetry is provided by barrel and endcap high-granularity lead/liquid-argon (LAr) electromagnetic calorimeters, with an additional thin LAr presampler covering  $|\eta| < 1.8$ , to correct for energy loss in material upstream of the calorimeters. Hadronic calorimetry is provided by a steel/scintillator-tile calorimeter, segmented into three barrel structures within  $|\eta| < 1.7$ , and

---

<sup>1</sup>ATLAS uses a right-handed coordinate system with its origin at the nominal interaction point (IP) in the centre of the detector and the  $z$ -axis along the beam pipe. The  $x$ -axis points from the IP to the centre of the LHC ring, and the  $y$ -axis points upward. Cylindrical coordinates  $(r, \phi)$  are used in the transverse plane,  $\phi$  being the azimuthal angle around the beam pipe. The pseudorapidity is defined in terms of the polar angle  $\theta$  as  $\eta = -\ln \tan(\theta/2)$ .

two copper/LAr hadronic endcap calorimeters. The solid angle coverage is completed with forward copper/LAr and tungsten/LAr calorimeter modules optimized for electromagnetic and hadronic measurements respectively.

The muon spectrometer comprises separate trigger and high-precision tracking chambers measuring the deflection of muons in a magnetic field generated by superconducting air-core toroids. The precision chamber system covers the region  $|\eta| < 2.7$  with three layers of monitored drift tubes, complemented by cathode strip chambers in the forward region, where the background is highest. The muon trigger system covers the range  $|\eta| < 2.4$  with resistive plate chambers in the barrel, and thin gap chambers in the endcap regions.

A three-level trigger system is used to select interesting events [35]. The Level-1 trigger is implemented in hardware and uses a subset of detector information to reduce the event rate to a design value of at most 75 kHz. This is followed by two software-based trigger levels which together reduce the event rate to about 400 Hz.

### 3 Event selection

Events are required to have fired either a single-electron or single-muon trigger. The electron and muon triggers impose a  $p_T$  threshold of 24 GeV along with isolation requirements on the lepton. To recover efficiency for higher  $p_T$  leptons, the isolated lepton triggers are complemented by triggers without isolation requirements but with a higher  $p_T$  threshold of 60 (36) GeV for electrons (muons). In order to ensure that the trigger has constant efficiency as a function of lepton  $p_T$ , the offline event selection requires at least one lepton (electron or muon) with  $p_T > 26$  GeV consistent with having fired the relevant single-lepton trigger. A muon associated with the trigger must lie within  $|\eta| < 2.4$ , while a triggered electron must lie within  $|\eta| < 2.47$ , excluding the calorimeter barrel/endcap transition region ( $1.37 \leq |\eta| < 1.52$ ). Additional muons in the event must lie within  $|\eta| < 2.5$  and have  $p_T > 15$  GeV. Additional electrons must satisfy the same  $\eta$  requirements as triggered electrons and have  $p_T > 15$  GeV. The third lepton in the event may be an additional electron or muon satisfying the same requirements as the second lepton, or a hadronically decaying tau ( $\tau_{\text{had}}$ ) with  $p_T^{\text{vis}} > 20$  GeV and  $|\eta^{\text{vis}}| < 2.5$ , where  $p_T^{\text{vis}}$  and  $\eta^{\text{vis}}$  denote the  $p_T$  and  $\eta$  of the visible products of the tau decay, with no corrections for the momentum carried by neutrinos. Throughout this paper, the four-momenta of tau candidates are defined only by the visible decay products.

Events must have a reconstructed primary vertex with at least three associated tracks with  $p_T > 0.4$  GeV. In events with multiple primary vertex candidates, the primary vertex is chosen to be the one with the highest  $\Sigma p_T^2$ , where the sum is over all reconstructed tracks associated with the vertex. Events with pairs of leptons that are of the same flavour but opposite sign and have an invariant mass below 15 GeV are excluded to avoid backgrounds from low-mass resonances.

The lepton selection includes requirements to reduce the contributions from non-prompt or fake leptons. These requirements exploit the transverse and longitudinal impact parameters of the tracks with respect to the primary vertex, the isolation of the lepton candidates from nearby hadronic activity, and in the case of electron and  $\tau_{\text{had}}$  candidates, the lateral and longitudinal profiles of the shower in the electromagnetic calorimeter. These requirements are described in more detail below. There are also requirements for electrons on the quality of the reconstructed track and its match to the cluster in the calorimeter.

Electron candidates are required to satisfy the “tight” identification criteria described in ref. [36], updated for the increased number of multiple interactions per bunch crossing (pileup) in the 2012 dataset. The tight criteria include requirements on the track properties and shower development of the electron candidate. Muons must have tracks with hits in both the inner tracking detector and muon spectrometer, and must satisfy criteria on track quality described in ref. [37].

The transverse impact parameter significance is defined as  $|d_0/\sigma(d_0)|$ , where  $d_0$  is the transverse impact parameter of the reconstructed track with respect to the primary vertex and  $\sigma(d_0)$  is the estimated uncertainty on  $d_0$ . This quantity must be less than 3.0 for both the electron and muon candidates. The longitudinal impact parameter  $z_0$  must satisfy  $|z_0 \sin(\theta)| < 0.5$  mm for both the electrons and muons.

Electrons and muons are required to be isolated through the use of two variables sensitive to the amount of nearby hadronic activity. The first,  $p_{T,\text{track}}^{\text{iso}}$ , is the scalar sum of the transverse momenta of all tracks with  $p_T > 1$  GeV in a cone of  $\Delta R = \sqrt{(\Delta\eta)^2 + (\Delta\phi)^2} = 0.3$  around the lepton axis. The sum excludes the track associated with the lepton candidate, and also excludes tracks inconsistent with originating from the primary vertex. The second,  $E_{T,\text{cal}}^{\text{iso}}$ , is the sum of the transverse energy of cells in the electromagnetic and hadronic calorimeters in a cone of size  $\Delta R = 0.3$  around the lepton axis. For electron candidates, this sum excludes a rectangular region around the candidate axis of  $0.125 \times 0.172$  in  $\eta \times \phi$  (corresponding to  $5 \times 7$  cells in the main sampling layer of the electromagnetic calorimeter) and is corrected for the incomplete containment of the electron transverse energy within the excluded region. For muons, the sum only includes cells above a certain threshold in order to suppress noise, and does not include cells with energy deposits from the muon candidate. For both the electrons and muons, the value of  $E_{T,\text{cal}}^{\text{iso}}$  is corrected for the expected effects of pileup interactions. Electron and muon candidates are required to have  $p_{T,\text{track}}^{\text{iso}}/p_T < 0.1$  and  $E_{T,\text{cal}}^{\text{iso}}/p_T < 0.1$ . The isolation requirements are tightened for leptons with  $p_T > 100$  GeV, which must satisfy  $p_{T,\text{track}}^{\text{iso}} < (10 \text{ GeV} + 0.01 \times p_T [\text{GeV}])$  and  $E_{T,\text{cal}}^{\text{iso}} < (10 \text{ GeV} + 0.01 \times p_T [\text{GeV}])$ . The tighter cut for high- $p_T$  leptons reduces non-prompt backgrounds to negligible levels.

Jets are used as a measure of the hadronic activity within the event as well as seeds for reconstructing  $\tau_{\text{had}}$  candidates. Jets are reconstructed using the anti- $k_t$  algorithm [38], with radius parameter  $R = 0.4$ . The jet four-momenta are corrected for the non-compensating nature of the calorimeter, for inactive material in front of the calorimeters, and for pileup [39, 40]. Jets used in this analysis are required to have  $p_T > 30$  GeV and lie within  $|\eta| < 4.9$ . Jets within the acceptance of the inner tracking detector must fulfil a requirement, based on tracking information, that they originate from the primary vertex. Jets containing  $b$ -hadrons are identified using a multivariate technique [41] based on quantities such as the impact parameters of the tracks associated with the jet. The working point of the identification algorithm used in this analysis has an efficiency for tagging  $b$ -jets of 80%, with corresponding rejection factors of approximately 30 for light-jets and 3 for charm-jets, as determined for jets with  $p_T > 20$  GeV within the inner tracker’s acceptance in simulated  $t\bar{t}$  events.

Tau leptons decaying to an electron (muon) and neutrinos are selected with the electron (muon) identification criteria described above, and are classified as electrons (muons). Hadronically decaying tau candidates are seeded by reconstructed jets and are selected using an identification algorithm based on a boosted decision tree (BDT) trained to distinguish hadronically decaying tau leptons from quark- and gluon-initiated jets [42]. The BDT uses track and calorimeter quantities associated with the tau candidate, including the properties of nearby tracks and the shower development in the calorimeter. It is trained separately for tau candidates with one and three charged decay products, referred to as “one-prong” and “three-prong” taus, respectively. In this analysis, only one-prong  $\tau_{\text{had}}$  candidates satisfying the criteria for the “tight” working point [42] are considered. This working point is roughly 40% efficient for one-prong  $\tau_{\text{had}}$  candidates originating from  $W$  or  $Z$  boson decays, and has a jet rejection factor of roughly 300 in multi-jet topologies. Additional requirements to remove  $\tau_{\text{had}}$  candidates initiated by prompt electrons or muons are also imposed.

Since lepton and jet candidates can be reconstructed as multiple objects, the following logic is applied to remove overlaps. If two electrons are separated by  $\Delta R < 0.1$ , the candidate with lower  $p_T$  is neglected. If a jet lies within  $\Delta R = 0.2$  of an electron or  $\tau_{\text{had}}$  candidate, the jet is

neglected, whereas if the separation of the jet from an electron candidate satisfies  $0.2 \leq \Delta R < 0.4$ , the electron is neglected. In addition, electrons within  $\Delta R = 0.1$  of a muon are also neglected, as are  $\tau_{\text{had}}$  candidates within  $\Delta R = 0.2$  of electron or muon candidates. Finally, muon candidates with a jet within  $\Delta R = 0.4$  are neglected.

The missing transverse momentum is defined as the negative vector sum of the transverse momenta of reconstructed jets and leptons, using the energy calibration appropriate for each object [43]. Any remaining calorimeter energy deposits unassociated with reconstructed objects are also included in the sum. The magnitude of the missing transverse momentum is denoted  $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$ .

## 4 Signal regions

Events satisfying all selection criteria are classified into one of two channels. Events in which at least three of the lepton candidates are electrons or muons are selected first, followed by events with two electrons or muons (or one of each) and at least one  $\tau_{\text{had}}$  candidate. These two channels are referred to as  $\geq 3e/\mu$  and  $2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$  respectively.

Next, events are further divided into three categories. The first category includes events that contain at least one opposite-sign, same-flavour (OSSF) pair of leptons with an invariant mass within 20 GeV of the  $Z$  boson mass. This category also includes events in which an OSSF pair can combine with a third lepton to satisfy the same invariant mass requirement, allowing this category to capture events in which a  $Z$  boson decays to four leptons (e.g. via  $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell \rightarrow \ell\ell\gamma^* \rightarrow \ell\ell\ell'\ell'$ ) or has some significant final-state radiation that is reconstructed as a prompt electron. This category is referred to as “on- $Z$ ”. The second category is composed of events that contain an OSSF pair of leptons that do not satisfy the on- $Z$  requirements; this category is labelled “off- $Z$ , OSSF”. The final category is composed of all remaining events, and is labelled “no-OSSF”. The wide dilepton mass window used to define the on- $Z$  category is chosen to reduce the leakage of events with real  $Z$  bosons into the off- $Z$  categories, which would otherwise see larger backgrounds from SM production of  $ZZ$ ,  $WZ$ , and  $Z$ +jets events. In  $\geq 3e/\mu$  events, the categorization is performed using only the three leading leptons (ordered by lepton  $p_{\text{T}}$ ). In  $2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$  events, the categorization is performed using the two light-flavour leptons and the  $\tau_{\text{had}}$  candidate with the highest  $p_{\text{T}}$ . The categorization always ignores any additional leptons.

Several kinematic variables are used to characterize events that satisfy all selection criteria. The variable  $H_{\text{T}}^{\text{leptons}}$  is defined as the scalar sum of the  $p_{\text{T}}$ , or  $p_{\text{T}}^{\text{vis}}$  for  $\tau_{\text{had}}$  candidates, of the three leptons used to categorize the event. The variable  $p_{\text{T}}^{\ell, \text{min}}$  is defined as the minimum  $p_{\text{T}}$  of the three leptons used to categorize the event. The variable  $H_{\text{T}}^{\text{jets}}$  is defined as the scalar sum of the  $p_{\text{T}}$  of all selected jets in the event. The “effective mass”,  $m_{\text{eff}}$ , is the scalar sum of  $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$ ,  $H_{\text{T}}^{\text{jets}}$ , and the  $p_{\text{T}}$  of all identified leptons in the event. For events classified as on- $Z$ , the transverse mass ( $m_{\text{T}}^W$ ) is constructed using the  $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$  and the highest- $p_{\text{T}}$  lepton not associated with a  $Z$  boson candidate. It is defined as  $m_{\text{T}}^W = \sqrt{2p_{\text{T}}^{\ell} E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}} (1 - \cos(\Delta\phi))}$  where  $\Delta\phi$  is the azimuthal angle between the lepton and the missing transverse momentum. In on- $Z$  events where a triplet of leptons forms the  $Z$ -boson candidate, another  $Z$  boson is defined using the OSSF pair of leptons with the largest invariant mass, and  $m_{\text{T}}^W$  is constructed using the third lepton. In events in which two  $Z$  boson candidates can be formed from the three leading leptons, the candidate with mass closer to the pole mass is defined as the  $Z$  boson.

Signal regions are defined in each channel and category by requiring one or more variables to exceed minimum values. Signal regions based on  $H_{\text{T}}^{\text{leptons}}$  are made without requirements on other variables, as are regions based on  $p_{\text{T}}^{\ell, \text{min}}$  and the number of  $b$ -tagged jets. Signal regions based on  $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$  are defined separately for events with  $H_{\text{T}}^{\text{jets}}$  below and above 150 GeV, which serves to distinguish weak production (e.g.  $pp \rightarrow W^* \rightarrow \ell^* \nu^*$ ) from strong production (e.g.  $pp \rightarrow Q\bar{Q}' \rightarrow$

Variable	Lower Bounds [GeV]			Additional Requirements	
$H_T^{\text{leptons}}$	200	500	800		
$p_T^{\ell, \text{min}}$	50	100	150		
$E_T^{\text{miss}}$	0	100	200	300	$H_T^{\text{jets}} < 150$ GeV
$E_T^{\text{miss}}$	0	100	200	300	$H_T^{\text{jets}} \geq 150$ GeV
$m_{\text{eff}}$	600	1000	1500		
$m_{\text{eff}}$	0	600	1200		$E_T^{\text{miss}} \geq 100$ GeV
$m_{\text{eff}}$	0	600	1200		$m_T^W \geq 100$ GeV, on- $Z$
Variable	Multiplicity				
$b$ -tags	$\geq 1$	$\geq 2$			

**Table 1.** Kinematic requirements for the signal regions defined in the analysis. The signal regions are constructed by combining these criteria with the six exclusive event categories. The regions with combined requirements on  $m_{\text{eff}}$  and  $m_T^W$  are an exception as they are only defined for the on- $Z$  category.

$W\bar{q}Zq'$ , where  $Q$  is some new heavy quark). Signal regions based on  $m_{\text{eff}}$  are constructed with and without additional requirements of  $E_T^{\text{miss}} \geq 100$  GeV and  $m_T^W \geq 100$  GeV. The definitions of all 138 signal regions are given in table 1.

Several of the categories and signal regions described above are new with respect to the analysis performed using the 7 TeV dataset [33]. The distinction between the off- $Z$ , OSSF and the off- $Z$ , no-OSSF categories is introduced, as are the signal regions defined using the variables  $p_T^{\ell, \text{min}}$ ,  $m_T^W$ , and the number of  $b$ -tagged jets. As mentioned earlier, thresholds that define signal regions in the 7 TeV analysis are also raised to exploit the higher centre-of-mass energy and larger dataset at 8 TeV.

## 5 Simulation

Simulated samples are used to estimate backgrounds from events with three or more prompt leptons, where prompt leptons are those originating in the hard scattering process or from the decays of gauge bosons. The response of the ATLAS detector is modelled [44] using the GEANT4 [45] toolkit, and simulated events are reconstructed using the same software as used for collision data. Small post-reconstruction corrections are applied to account for differences in reconstruction and trigger efficiency, energy resolution, and energy scale between data and simulation [37, 46, 47]. Additional  $pp$  interactions (pileup) in the same or nearby bunch crossings are modelled with PYTHIA 6.425 [48]. Simulated events are reweighted to reproduce the distribution of the average number of  $pp$  interactions per crossing observed in data over the course of the 2012 run.

The largest SM backgrounds with at least three prompt leptons are  $WZ$  and  $ZZ$  production where the bosons decay leptonically. These processes are modelled with SHERPA [49] using version 1.4.3 (1.4.5) for  $WZ$  ( $ZZ$ ). These samples include the continuum Drell-Yan processes ( $\gamma^*$ ), where the boson has an invariant mass above twice the muon (tau) mass for decays to muons (taus), and above 100 MeV for decays to electrons. Diagrams where a  $\gamma^*$  is produced as radiation from a final-state lepton and decays to additional leptons, i.e.  $W \rightarrow \ell^*\nu \rightarrow \ell\gamma^*\nu \rightarrow \ell\ell'\ell'\nu$  and  $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell^* \rightarrow \ell\ell\gamma^* \rightarrow \ell\ell\ell'\ell'$ , where  $\ell$  and  $\ell'$  need not have the same flavour, are also included. The leading-order predictions from SHERPA are cross-checked with next-to-leading-order (NLO) calculations from VBFNLO-2.6.2 [50]. Diagrams including a SM Higgs boson give negligible contributions compared to other diboson backgrounds in all signal regions under study.

The production of  $t\bar{t} + W/Z$  processes (also denoted  $t\bar{t} + V$ ) is simulated with ALPGEN 2.13 [51] for the hard scattering, HERWIG 6.520 [52] for the parton shower and hadronization, and JIMMY



4.31 [53] for the underlying event. Single-top production in association with a  $Z$  boson ( $tZ$ ) is simulated with MADGRAPH 5.1.3.28 [54]. Both the  $t\bar{t} + V$  and  $tZ$  samples use PYTHIA 6.425 for the parton shower and hadronization. Corrections to the normalization from higher-order effects for these samples are 30% [55, 56]. Leptons from Drell–Yan processes produced in association with a photon that converts in the detector (denoted  $Z + \gamma$  in the following) are modelled with SHERPA 1.4.1. Additional samples are used to model dilepton backgrounds for control regions with fewer than three leptons. Events from  $t\bar{t}$  production are generated using POWHEG-BOX [57] with PYTHIA 6.425 used for the parton shower and hadronization. Production of  $Z$ +jets is performed with ALPGEN 2.13 [51] for the hard scattering and PYTHIA6.425 for the parton shower.

Samples of doubly charged Higgs bosons, generated with PYTHIA 8.170 [58], are normalized to NLO cross sections. The samples include events with pair-produced doubly charged Higgs bosons mediated by a  $Z/\gamma^*$ , and do not include single-production or associated production with a singly charged state. Samples of excited charged leptons and excited neutrinos are generated with PYTHIA 8.175 using the effective Lagrangian described in ref. [25].

The CT10 [59] parton distribution functions (PDFs) are used for the SHERPA and POWHEG-BOX samples. MRST2007 LO\*\* [60] PDFs are used for the PYTHIA and HERWIG samples. For POWHEG-BOX, MADGRAPH and ALPGEN, the CTEQ6L1 [61] PDFs are used. The underlying event tune for POWHEG-BOX and PYTHIA 8.175 is the ATLAS Underlying Event Tune 2 (AUET2) [62], while for the PYTHIA 6.425 and MADGRAPH samples the tune is AUET2B [63]. The ALPGEN  $t\bar{t}V$  samples use AUET2B, while the ALPGEN  $Z$ +jets samples use P2011C [64].

## 6 Background estimation

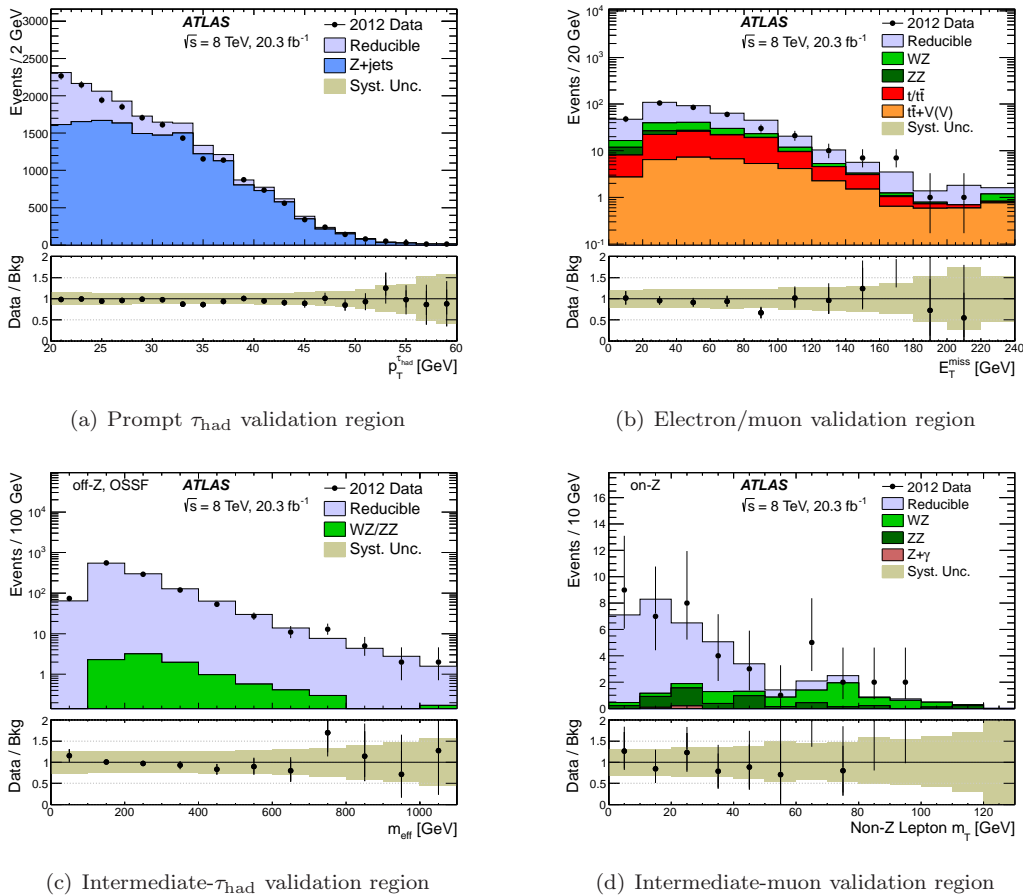
Standard Model processes that produce events with three or more lepton candidates fall into three classes. The first consists of events in which prompt leptons are produced in the hard interaction or in the decays of gauge bosons. A second class of events includes Drell–Yan production in association with an energetic  $\gamma$ , which then converts in the detector to produce a single reconstructed electron. A third class of events includes events with at least one non-prompt, non-isolated, or fake lepton candidate satisfying the identification criteria described above.

The first class of backgrounds is dominated by  $WZ \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell'\ell'$  and  $ZZ \rightarrow \ell\ell\ell'\ell'$  events. Smaller contributions come from  $t\bar{t} + W$ ,  $t\bar{t} + Z$ , and  $t + Z$  events, where the vector bosons, including those from top quark decays, decay leptonically. Contributions from triboson events, such as  $WWW$ , and events containing a Higgs boson, are negligible. All processes in this class of backgrounds are modelled with the dedicated simulated samples described above. Reconstructed leptons in the simulated samples are required to be consistent with the decay of a vector boson or tau lepton using generator-level information.

The second class of backgrounds, from Drell–Yan production in association with a hard photon, is also modelled with simulation. Prompt electrons reconstructed with incorrect charge (charge-flips) are modelled in simulation, with correction factors derived using  $Z \rightarrow ee$  events in data. Similar corrections are applied to photons reconstructed as prompt electrons.

The class of events that includes non-prompt or fake leptons, referred to here as the reducible background, is estimated using *in situ* techniques that rely minimally on simulation. Such backgrounds for muons arise from semileptonic  $b$ - or  $c$ -hadron decays, from in-flight decays of pions or kaons, and from energetic particles that reach the muon spectrometer. Non-prompt or fake electrons can also arise from misidentified hadrons or jets. Hadronically decaying taus have large backgrounds from narrow, low-track-multiplicity jets that mimic  $\tau_{\text{had}}$  signatures.

The reducible background is estimated by reweighting events with one or more leptons that do not satisfy the nominal identification criteria, but satisfy a set of relaxed criteria, defined separately for each lepton flavour. To define the relaxed criteria for electrons, the identification working point



**Figure 1.** (a) Tau  $p_T$  distribution for  $\tau_{\text{had}}$  candidates in the enriched  $\tau_{\text{had}}$  validation region. (b) Missing transverse momentum distribution in the  $t\bar{t}$  validation region for electrons and muons. (c) Effective mass distribution in the intermediate  $\tau_{\text{had}}$  validation region, in the off- $Z$ , OSSF category. (d) Distribution of the transverse mass of the missing transverse momentum and the muon not associated with the  $Z$ -boson candidate in the intermediate-muon validation region. Signal contamination from doubly charged Higgs bosons and excited leptons in all validation regions is negligible. The lower panel shows the ratio of data to the expected SM backgrounds in each bin. The last bin in all figures includes overflows.

is changed from tight to loose [36]. For muons, the  $|d_0/\sigma(d_0)|$  and isolation cuts are loosened. For taus, the BDT working point is changed from tight to loose. The reweighting factors are defined as the ratio of fake or non-prompt leptons that satisfy the nominal criteria to those which only fulfil the relaxed criteria. These factors are measured as a function of the candidate  $p_T$  and  $\eta$  in samples of data that are enriched in non-prompt and fake leptons. Corrections for the contributions from prompt leptons in the background-enriched samples are taken from simulation.

The background estimates and lepton modelling are tested in several validation regions. The  $\tau_{\text{had}}$  modelling and background estimation are tested in a region enriched in  $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \mu\tau_{\text{had}}$  events. This region is constructed by placing requirements on the invariant mass of the muon and  $\tau_{\text{had}}$  pair, on the angles between the muon,  $\tau_{\text{had}}$  and missing transverse momentum, and on the muon and  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  transverse mass. These requirements were optimized to suppress the contribution from  $W \rightarrow \mu\nu + \text{jets}$  events. The  $\tau_{\text{had}}$   $p_T$  distribution in this validation region is shown in figure 1(a).

A validation region rich in  $t\bar{t}$  events is defined to test the estimates of the reducible background. Events in this region have exactly two identified lepton candidates with the same charge (but any

Region	Prompt	Fake	Total Expected	Observed
$Z \rightarrow \tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$	16400 $\pm$ 800	2900 $\pm$ 700	19300 $\pm$ 1100	18323
$t\bar{t}$ : $\ell\ell$	130 $\pm$ 40	230 $\pm$ 60	360 $\pm$ 70	375
$t\bar{t}$ : $\ell\tau_{\text{had}}$	37 $\pm$ 3	1700 $\pm$ 400	1700 $\pm$ 400	1469
Intermediate electron	130 $\pm$ 70	53 $\pm$ 17	180 $\pm$ 80	207
Intermediate muon	13 $\pm$ 2	26 $\pm$ 8	39 $\pm$ 8	43
Intermediate tau, on- $Z$	74 $\pm$ 7	19000 $\pm$ 5000	19000 $\pm$ 5000	17361
Intermediate tau, off- $Z$ , OSSF	11 $\pm$ 2	1160 $\pm$ 290	1170 $\pm$ 290	1155
Intermediate tau, off- $Z$ , no-OSSF	21 $\pm$ 3	320 $\pm$ 80	340 $\pm$ 80	340

**Table 2.** Expected and observed event yields for all validation regions. The expected contributions from signal processes such as excited leptons or doubly charged Higgs bosons are negligible in all validation regions.

flavour combination), at least one  $b$ -tag, and  $H_{\text{T}}^{\text{jets}} \leq 500$  GeV. This sample is estimated to be primarily composed of lepton+jets  $t\bar{t}$  events. The same-sign requirement suppresses events where both  $W$  bosons decay leptonically, and enhances the contributions from events where one lepton candidate originates from semileptonic  $b$ -decay. The upper limit on  $H_{\text{T}}^{\text{jets}}$  of 500 GeV reduces potential contamination from hypothesized signals. An example of the  $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$  distribution in the  $t\bar{t}$  region enriched in reducible backgrounds from the same-sign electrons and/or muons is shown in figure 1(b).

Additional validation regions that test the estimation of reducible backgrounds lepton identification criteria tighter than those used in the background-enriched samples but looser than and orthogonal to those used in the signal regions. This set of identification criteria is referred to as the “intermediate” selection, and leptons satisfying the intermediate selection are referred to as intermediately identified leptons, or simply intermediate leptons. The reweighting factors are re-measured for the intermediate selection and used in the validation region. Events are selected as in the analysis, with the intermediate selection used for a single lepton flavour. For intermediate electrons and muons, only events in the on- $Z$  channel are considered, and intermediate leptons are required to have a flavour different from that of the OSSF pair forming the  $Z$  boson candidate. For intermediate taus, all channels are considered. An example of the  $m_{\text{eff}}$  distribution for the intermediate tau selection is shown in figure 1(c). For the intermediate muon validation region, the transverse mass distribution for intermediate muons combined with  $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$  is shown in figure 1(d).

Good agreement between the expected and observed event yields is seen in all validation regions. A summary of expected and observed event yields for all validation regions is shown in table 2.

## 7 Systematic uncertainties

The backgrounds modelled with simulated samples have systematic uncertainties related to the trigger, selection efficiency, momentum scale and resolution,  $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$ , and luminosity. These uncertainties, when evaluated as fractions of the total background estimate, are usually small, and are summarized in table 3. Predictions from simulations are normalized to the integrated luminosity collected in 2012. The uncertainty on the luminosity is 2.8% and is obtained following the same methodology as that detailed in ref. [65].

Uncertainties on the cross sections of SM processes modelled by simulation are also considered. The normalization of the  $t\bar{t} + W$  and  $t\bar{t} + Z$  backgrounds have an uncertainty of 30% based on PDF and scale variations [55, 56]. The SHERPA predictions [49] of the  $WZ$  and  $ZZ$  processes are cross-checked with next-to-leading-order predictions from VBFNLO. Scale uncertainties are evaluated by

Source	Uncertainty [%]
Luminosity	2.8
Trigger efficiency	1
Lepton momentum scale/resolution	1
Lepton identification	2
Jet energy resolution	2
Jet energy scale	5
$b$ -tagging efficiency	5
$E_T^{\text{miss}}$ scale/resolution	4
$t\bar{t} + V$ cross section	30
$WZ/ZZ$ cross section	7
$WZ/ZZ$ shape	20–50
Charge misidentification	8
Non-prompt and fake $\tau_{\text{had}}$	25
Non-prompt and fake $e/\mu$	40

**Table 3.** Typical systematic uncertainties from various sources, in signal regions where the uncertainty is relevant. The uncertainties on the backgrounds are presented as the percent uncertainty on the total background estimate.

varying the factorization and renormalization scales up and down by a factor of two, and range from 3.5% for the inclusive prediction to 6.6% for events with at least one additional parton. PDF uncertainties are evaluated by taking the envelope of predictions from all PDF error sets for CT10-NLO, MSTW2008-NLO, and NNPDF-2.3-NLO, and are between 3% and 4%.

An additional uncertainty on the SHERPA predictions is applied to cover possible mismodelling of events with significant jet activity. The uncertainty is evaluated using LOOPSIM+VBFNLO [66], which makes “beyond-NLO” predictions (denoted  $\bar{\text{n}}\text{NLO}$ ) for high- $p_T$  observables, and is based on the study presented in ref. [67]. Predictions of  $H_T^{\text{jets}}$  and  $m_{\text{eff}}$  at  $\bar{\text{n}}\text{NLO}$  are compared with those from SHERPA in a phase space similar to that used in this analysis. Good agreement between SHERPA and the  $\bar{\text{n}}\text{NLO}$  predictions is observed across the full range of  $H_T^{\text{jets}}$  and  $m_{\text{eff}}$ . The uncertainty on the  $\bar{\text{n}}\text{NLO}$  prediction is evaluated by changing the renormalization and factorization scales used in the  $\bar{\text{n}}\text{NLO}$  calculation by factors of two. These uncertainties increase linearly with event activity with a slope of  $(50\%) \times (H_T^{\text{jets}} [\text{TeV}])$  and are applied to the SHERPA predictions.

The estimates of the reducible background carry large uncertainties from several sources. These uncertainties are determined in dedicated studies using a combination of simulation and data. They account for potential biases in the methods used to extract the reweighting factors, and for the dependency of the reweighting factors on the event topology. The electron reweighting factors have uncertainties that range from 24% to 30% as a function of the electron  $p_T$ , while for muons the uncertainties range from 25% to 50%. For the estimates of fake  $\tau_{\text{had}}$  candidates, the  $p_T$ -dependent uncertainty on the reweighting factors is approximately 25%. In signal regions where the relaxed samples are poorly populated, statistical uncertainties on the estimates of the reducible background become significant, especially in regions with high  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  or  $H_T^{\text{jets}}$  requirements.

The relative uncertainty on the correction factors for electron charge-flip modelling in simulation is estimated to be 40%, resulting in a maximum uncertainty on the total background yield in any signal region of 11%. The same uncertainty is assigned to the modelling of prompt photons reconstructed as electrons.

In all signal regions, the dominant systematic uncertainty is from either the reducible background or the normalization of the diboson samples. In  $2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$  channels, the uncertainty

Channel	Prompt	Fake	Total Expected	Observed
off- $Z$ , no-OSSF				
$\geq 3e/\mu$	$13 \pm 2$	$18 \pm 5$	$30 \pm 5$	36
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$	$26 \pm 3$	$180 \pm 40$	$200 \pm 40$	208
off- $Z$ , OSSF				
$\geq 3e/\mu$	$206 \pm 23$	$33 \pm 9$	$239 \pm 25$	221
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$	$15 \pm 2$	$630 \pm 170$	$640 \pm 170$	622
on- $Z$				
$\geq 3e/\mu$	$2900 \pm 340$	$180 \pm 40$	$3080 \pm 350$	2985
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$	$141 \pm 13$	$10300 \pm 2800$	$10400 \pm 2800$	9703

**Table 4.** Expected and observed event yields for the most inclusive signal regions.

on the reducible background always dominates. In  $\geq 3e/\mu$  channels, the  $WZ$  theory uncertainties dominate in most regions except in the no-OSSF categories, where the uncertainties on the reducible background are dominant. The uncertainties on  $t\bar{t} + V$  are large in regions requiring two  $b$ -tagged jets. The uncertainties on the trigger, selection efficiency, momentum scale and resolution, and  $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$  are always subdominant.

## 8 Results

Expected and observed event yields for the most inclusive signal regions are summarized in table 4. Results of the search in all signal regions are summarized in figure 2, which shows the deviation of the observed event yields from the expected yields, divided by the total uncertainty on the expected yield, for all signal regions. The total uncertainty on the expected yield includes statistical uncertainties on the background estimate as well as the systematic uncertainties discussed in the previous section. There are no signal regions in which the observed event yield exceeds the expected yield by more than three times the uncertainty on the expectation, and only one region in which the observed event yield is lower than expected by more than three times the uncertainty, i.e. the  $\geq 3e/\mu$ , off- $Z$  no-OSSF category, with  $H_{\text{T}}^{\text{jets}} < 150$  GeV and  $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}} > 100$  GeV. The smallest  $p$ -value is 0.05, which corresponds to a  $1.7\sigma$  deviation, and is observed in the  $m_{\text{eff}} > 1000$  GeV region in the  $2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , on- $Z$  channel. Examples of kinematic distributions for all channels and categories are shown in figure 3.

Since the data are in good agreement with SM predictions, the observed event yields are used to constrain contributions from new phenomena. The 95% confidence level (CL) upper limits on the number of events from non-SM sources ( $N_{95}$ ) are calculated using the modified Frequentist  $CL_s$  prescription [68]. All statistical and systematic uncertainties on estimated backgrounds are incorporated into the limit-setting procedure, with correlations taken into account where appropriate. The  $N_{95}$  limits are then converted into limits on the “visible cross section” ( $\sigma_{95}^{\text{vis}}$ ) using the relationship  $\sigma_{95}^{\text{vis}} = N_{95} / \int L dt$ , where  $\int L dt$  is the integrated luminosity of the data sample.

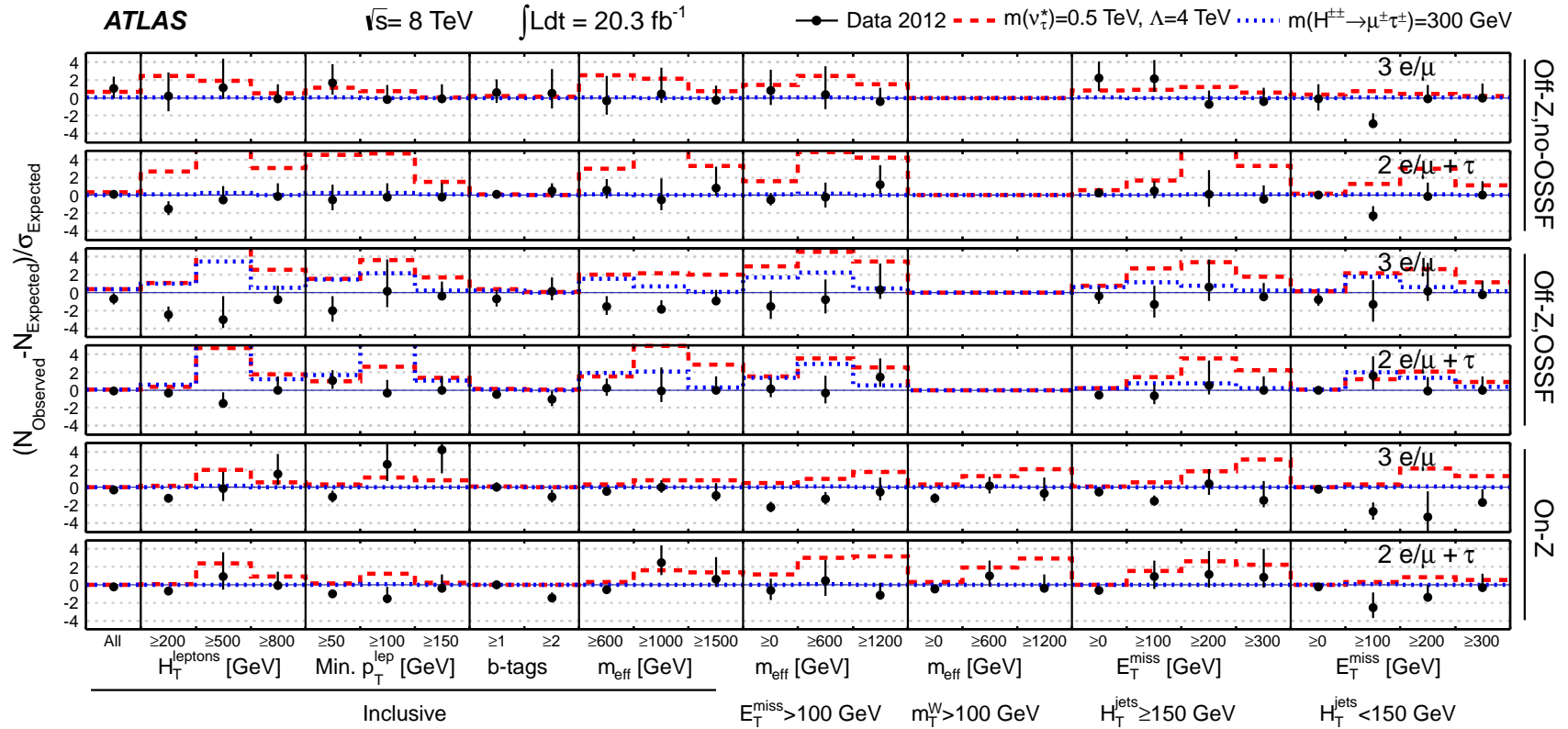
Figure 4 shows the resulting observed limits, along with the median expected limits with  $\pm 1\sigma$  and  $\pm 2\sigma$  uncertainties. Table 5 shows the expected and observed limits for the most inclusive signal regions.

## 9 Model testing

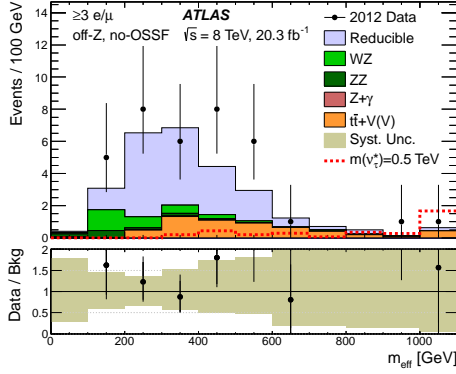
The model-independent exclusion limits presented in section 8 can be re-interpreted in the scope of any model of new phenomena predicting final states with three or more leptons. This section

Channel	Expected	$\pm 1\sigma$	$\pm 2\sigma$	Observed
	[fb]	[fb]	[fb]	[fb]
off- $Z$ , no-OSSF				
$\geq 3e/\mu$	0.82	+0.19 -0.22	+0.56 -0.38	0.89
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$	4.2	+1.2 -1.0	+2.1 -1.7	4.3
off- $Z$ , OSSF				
$\geq 3e/\mu$	3.0	+1.1 -0.8	+2.4 -1.3	2.5
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$	14.4	+3.2 -3.3	+6.2 -5.7	14.0
on- $Z$				
$\geq 3e/\mu$	33	+11 -9	+24 -15	31
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$	220	+50 -50	+90 -90	207

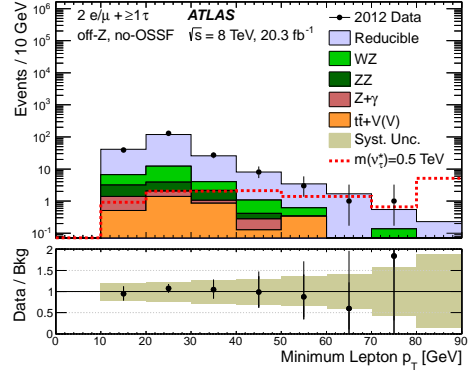
**Table 5.** Expected and observed limits on  $\sigma_{95}^{\text{vis}}$  for inclusive signal regions, along with confidence intervals of one and two standard deviations on the expected limits.



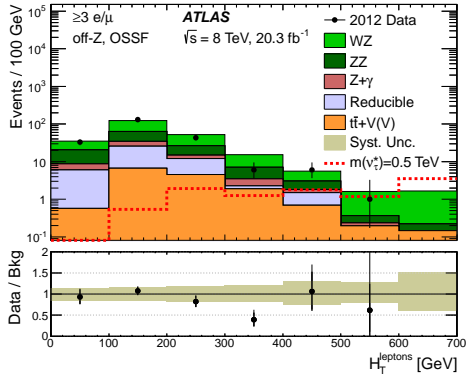
**Figure 2.** Deviations of observed event yields from expected yields, divided by the total uncertainty on the expected yield, for all signal regions under study. The total uncertainty on the expected yield includes statistical uncertainties on the background estimate as well as the systematic uncertainties discussed in the previous section. The error bars on the data points show Poisson uncertainties with 68% coverage. Expected yields for two benchmark BSM scenarios, a model with excited tau neutrinos with mass 500 GeV and compositeness scale 4 TeV, and a model with pair-produced doubly charged Higgs bosons with a mass 300 GeV decaying to  $\mu\tau$ , are shown by red and blue dashed lines, respectively.



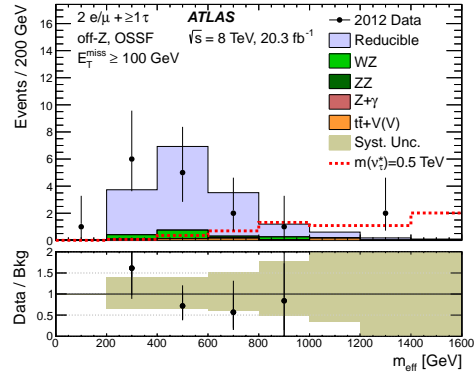
(a)  $\ge 3e/\mu$ , off-Z, no-OSSF



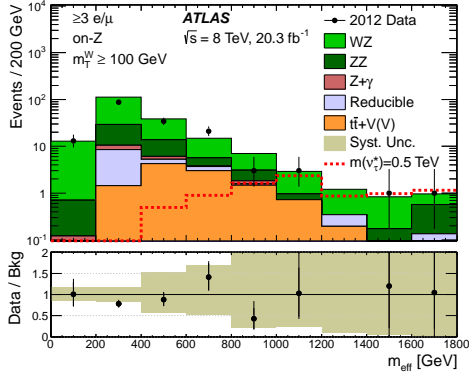
(b)  $2e/\mu + \ge 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , off-Z, no-OSSF



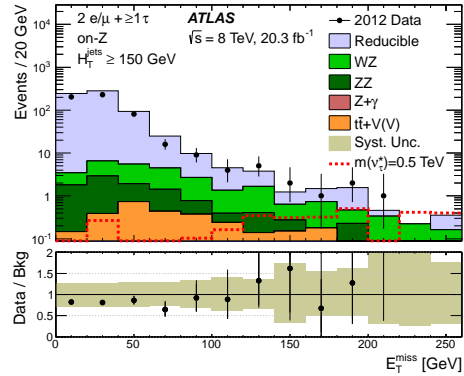
(c)  $\ge 3e/\mu$ , off-Z, OSSF



(d)  $2e/\mu + \ge 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , off-Z, OSSF



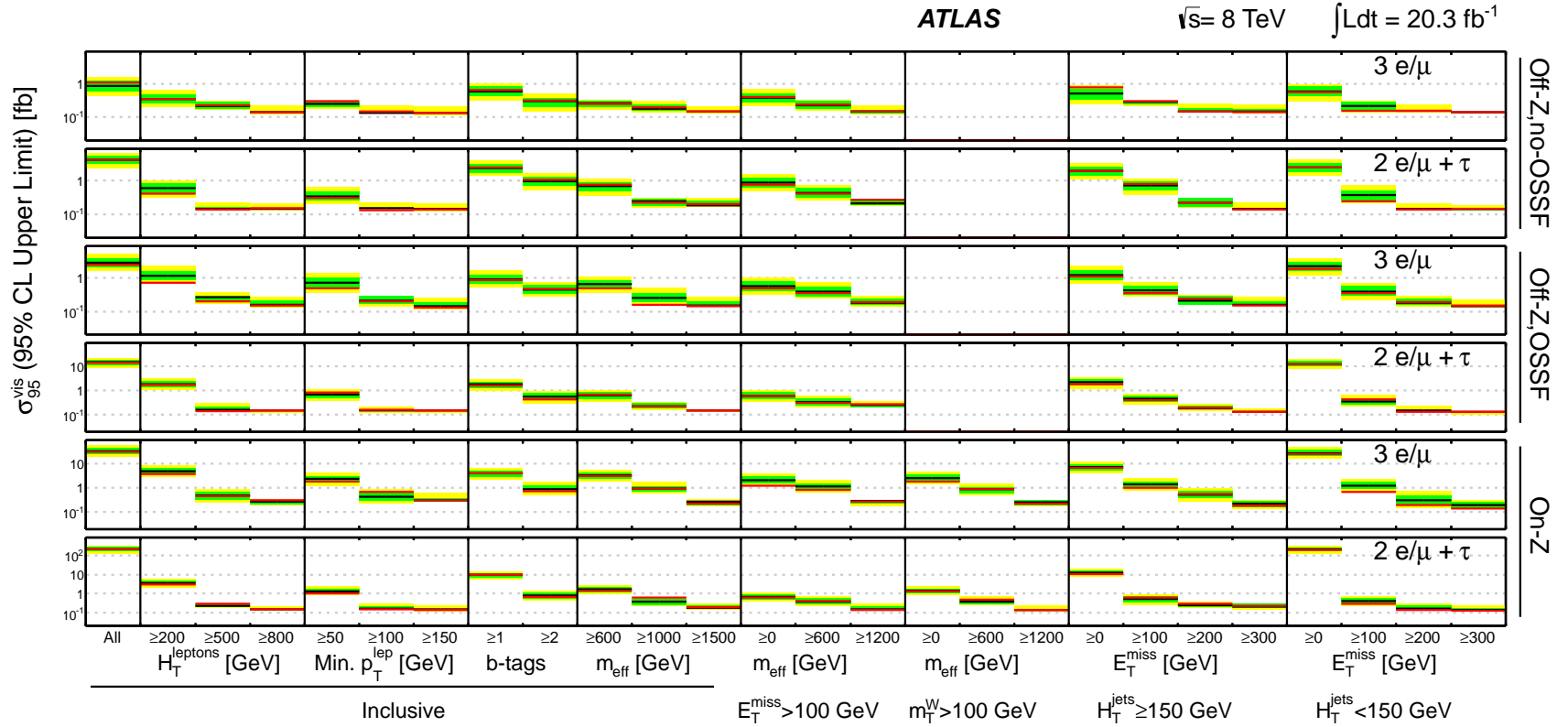
(e)  $\ge 3e/\mu$ , on-Z



(f)  $2e/\mu + \ge 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , on-Z

**Figure 3.** Sample results for all categories: (a)  $\ge 3e/\mu$ , off-Z, no-OSSF, (b)  $2e/\mu + \ge 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , off-Z, no-OSSF, (c)  $\ge 3e/\mu$ , off-Z, OSSF, (d)  $2e/\mu + \ge 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , off-Z, OSSF, (e)  $\ge 3e/\mu$ , on-Z and (f)  $2e/\mu + \ge 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , on-Z. A predicted signal of excited tau neutrinos is overlaid to illustrate the sensitivity of the different signal regions; the compositeness scale  $\Lambda$  of this signal scenario is 4 TeV. The lower panel shows the ratio of data to the expected SM backgrounds in each bin. The last bin in all figures includes overflows.





**Figure 4.** Expected (black) and observed (red) 95% CL upper limits on the visible cross section from BSM sources for all signal regions. Confidence intervals of one and two standard deviations on the expected limits are shown as green and yellow bands.

provides a prescription for such re-interpretations. In order to convert the  $\sigma_{95}^{\text{vis}}$  limits into upper limits on the cross section in a specific model, the fiducial acceptance ( $\mathcal{A}$ ) must be known. The efficiency to select signal events within the fiducial volume (fiducial efficiency, or  $\epsilon_{\text{fid}}$ ) is also needed. The 95% CL upper limit on the cross section  $\sigma_{95}$  is then given by

$$\sigma_{95} = \frac{\sigma_{95}^{\text{vis}}}{\mathcal{A} \times \epsilon_{\text{fid}}}. \quad (9.1)$$

Both  $\mathcal{A}$  and  $\epsilon_{\text{fid}}$  are determined using simulated events at the particle level, i.e. using all particles after the parton shower and hadronization with mean lifetimes longer than  $10^{-11}$  s. Event selection proceeds as described in section 3, with minor modifications detailed below. The acceptance is determined by selecting trilepton events, categorizing them, applying the signal region requirements, and dividing the resulting event yield by the signal yield before any selection. The fiducial efficiency is then determined using parameterized efficiencies provided below. Events should be generated without pileup – the effects of pileup are small, and are handled in the parameterized efficiencies.

Electron and muons are selected using the same  $|\eta|$  requirements described in section 3, but with a lower  $p_{\text{T}}$  requirement of 10 GeV. Electrons or muons from tau decays must satisfy the same requirements as prompt leptons. The tau four-momentum at the particle level is defined using only the visible decay products, which include all particles except neutrinos. Hadronically decaying taus are required to have  $p_{\text{T}}^{\text{vis}} \geq 15$  GeV and  $|\eta^{\text{vis}}| < 2.5$ .

Generated electrons and muons are required to be isolated. A track isolation energy at the particle level corresponding to  $p_{\text{T,track}}^{\text{iso}}$ , denoted  $p_{\text{T,true}}^{\text{iso}}$ , is defined as the scalar sum of transverse momenta of charged particles within a cone of  $\Delta R = 0.3$  around the lepton axis. Particles used in the sum are included after hadronization and must have  $p_{\text{T}} > 1$  GeV. A fiducial isolation energy corresponding to  $E_{\text{T,cal}}^{\text{iso}}$ , denoted  $E_{\text{T,true}}^{\text{iso}}$ , is defined as the sum of all particles inside the annulus  $0.1 < \Delta R < 0.3$  around the lepton axis. Neutrinos and other stable, weakly interacting particles produced in models of new phenomena are excluded from both  $p_{\text{T,true}}^{\text{iso}}$  and  $E_{\text{T,true}}^{\text{iso}}$ ; muons are excluded from  $E_{\text{T,true}}^{\text{iso}}$ . Electrons and muons must satisfy  $p_{\text{T,true}}^{\text{iso}}/p_{\text{T}} < 0.15$  and  $E_{\text{T,true}}^{\text{iso}}/p_{\text{T}} < 0.15$ .

A simulated sample of  $WZ$  events is used to extract the per-lepton efficiencies  $\epsilon_{\ell}$ . Generated leptons are matched to reconstructed lepton candidates that satisfy the selection criteria defined in section 3 by requiring their  $\Delta R$  separation be less than 0.1 for prompt electrons and muons, and less than 0.2 for taus. Reconstructed electrons and muons originating from true tau decays are also required to be within  $\Delta R$  of 0.2 of the true lepton from the tau decay. The per-lepton fiducial efficiency,  $\epsilon_{\ell}$ , is defined as the ratio of the number of reconstructed leptons satisfying all selection criteria to the number of generated leptons within acceptance. Separate values of  $\epsilon_{\ell}$  are measured for each lepton flavour, and  $\epsilon_{\ell}$  is determined separately for leptons from tau decays. The effects of the trigger requirements are folded into the per-lepton efficiencies; for SM  $WZ$  events with both bosons on-shell, the trigger efficiency is over 95% when all offline selection criteria are applied.

The efficiencies as functions of  $p_{\text{T}}$  are shown in table 6, and efficiencies as functions of  $|\eta|$  for electrons and taus are shown in table 7. For empty bins, the value from the preceding filled bin is the suggested central value. For electrons and taus, the final per-lepton efficiency is given as  $\epsilon_{\ell} = \epsilon(p_{\text{T}}) \cdot \epsilon(\eta) / \langle \epsilon \rangle$ , where  $\langle \epsilon \rangle$  is the inclusive efficiency of the full sample, and is 0.66 for prompt electrons, 0.39 for electrons from tau decays, and 0.26 for hadronically decaying taus. The  $\eta$  dependence of the muon efficiencies is treated by separate  $p_{\text{T}}$  efficiency measurements for muons with  $|\eta| < 0.1$  and those with  $|\eta| \geq 0.1$ .

Table 6 includes entries to cover cases where leptons with true  $p_{\text{T}}$  below the nominal  $p_{\text{T}}$  threshold of 15 (20) GeV for electrons and muons (taus) are reconstructed with  $p_{\text{T}}$  above threshold. These efficiencies are typically small, but are needed for proper modelling of events with low- $p_{\text{T}}$  leptons.

The resulting per-lepton efficiencies are then combined to yield a selection efficiency for a given event satisfying the fiducial acceptance criteria. For events with exactly three leptons, the total

$p_T$ [GeV]	Prompt $e$	Prompt $\mu$		$\tau \rightarrow e$	$\tau \rightarrow \mu$		$\tau_{\text{had}}$
		$ \eta  > 0.1$	$ \eta  < 0.1$		$ \eta  > 0.1$	$ \eta  < 0.1$	
10–15	0.045±0.001	0.021±0.001	0.003±0.002	0.027±0.002	0.013±0.001	0.005±0.003	-
15–20	0.484±0.003	0.704±0.003	0.37±0.01	0.384±0.005	0.539±0.005	0.29±0.02	0.071±0.003
20–25	0.571±0.003	0.808±0.002	0.42±0.01	0.47±0.01	0.62±0.01	0.35±0.03	0.25±0.01
25–30	0.628±0.002	0.855±0.002	0.45±0.01	0.52±0.01	0.68±0.01	0.39±0.03	0.31±0.01
30–40	0.681±0.002	0.896±0.001	0.50±0.01	0.57±0.01	0.71±0.01	0.42±0.03	0.31±0.01
40–50	0.713±0.002	0.920±0.001	0.52±0.01	0.60±0.01	0.75±0.01	0.42±0.04	0.31±0.01
50–60	0.746±0.002	0.932±0.001	0.52±0.01	0.64±0.01	0.76±0.01	0.42±0.03	0.31±0.01
60–80	0.767±0.002	0.940±0.001	0.52±0.01	0.67±0.01	0.78±0.01	0.42±0.03	0.32±0.01
80–100	0.800±0.003	0.940±0.002	0.52±0.01	0.68±0.02	0.79±0.02	0.42±0.04	0.32±0.02
100–200	0.820±0.003	0.940±0.002	0.52±0.01	0.70±0.03	0.81±0.02	0.42±0.05	0.32±0.02
200–400	0.83±0.01	0.94±0.01	0.52±0.05	0.72±0.08	0.91±0.06		0.29±0.05
400–600	0.83±0.04	0.93±0.02	0.50±0.20				
≥ 600	0.83±0.05	0.92±0.08					

**Table 6.** The fiducial efficiency for electrons, muons, and taus in different  $p_T$  ranges ( $\epsilon_{\text{fid}}(p_T)$ ). For electrons and muons from tau decays, the  $p_T$  is that of the electron or muon, not the tau. The uncertainties shown reflect the statistical uncertainties of the simulated samples only.

$ \eta $	Prompt $e$	$\tau \rightarrow e$	$\tau_{\text{had}}$
0.0–0.1	0.640±0.003	0.37±0.01	0.24±0.01
0.1–0.5	0.699±0.001	0.41±0.01	0.31±0.01
0.5–1.0	0.702±0.001	0.41±0.01	0.28±0.01
1.0–1.5	0.660±0.002	0.37±0.01	0.21±0.01
1.5–2.0	0.605±0.002	0.36±0.01	0.25±0.01
2.0–2.5	0.602±0.002	0.38±0.01	0.25±0.01

**Table 7.** The fiducial efficiency for electrons and taus in different  $\eta$  ranges ( $\epsilon_{\text{fid}}(\eta)$ ). For electrons from tau decays, the  $\eta$  is that of the electron, not the tau. The uncertainties shown reflect the statistical uncertainties of the simulated samples only.

efficiency for the event is the product of the individual lepton efficiencies. For events with more than three leptons, the additional leptons in order of descending  $p_T$  only contribute to the total efficiency when a lepton with higher  $p_T$  is not selected, leading to terms such as  $\epsilon_1\epsilon_2\epsilon_4(1 - \epsilon_3)$ , where  $\epsilon_i$  denotes the fiducial efficiency for the  $i^{\text{th}}$   $p_T$ -ordered lepton. The method can be extended to cover the number of leptons expected in the model under consideration.

Jets at the particle level are reconstructed from all stable particles, excluding muons and neutrinos, with the anti- $k_t$  algorithm using a radius parameter  $R = 0.4$ . Overlaps between jets and leptons are removed as described in section 3.  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  is defined as the magnitude of the vector sum of the transverse momenta of all neutrinos and any stable, non-interacting particles produced in models of new phenomena. The kinematic variables used to define signal regions are defined as in section 3.

Predictions of both the rates and kinematic properties of doubly charged Higgs and excited-lepton events, when made with the method described above, agree well with the same quantities after detector simulation. Uncertainties, based on the level of agreement seen across the studied models, are estimated at 10% for the  $\geq 3e/\mu$  channels, and 20% for the  $2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$  channels. When calculating limits on specific models, these uncertainties must be applied to the estimated signal yields after selection to take into account the limited precision of the fiducial efficiency approach.

## 10 Interpretation

The results of the model-independent search are interpreted in the context of two specific models of new phenomena: a model with pair-produced doubly charged Higgs bosons, and a model with excited, non-elementary leptons.

Doubly charged Higgs bosons can be either pair-produced or produced in association with a singly charged state. In this paper, the  $H^{\pm\pm}$  are assumed to be pair-produced, with decays to charged leptons. One feature of most models with  $H^{\pm\pm}$  is the presence of lepton-flavour-violating terms, leading to decays such as  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow e^\pm\mu^\pm$  in addition to  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow e^\pm e^\pm$  or  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \mu^\pm\mu^\pm$ . Decays to electrons and/or muons have been probed at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV in ref. [69], while decays to all flavours of leptons are probed at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV in ref. [70]. In this paper, only the lepton-flavour-violating decays  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow e^\pm\tau^\pm$  and  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \mu^\pm\tau^\pm$  are considered.

The visible cross-section limits presented above are used to constrain this model. The off- $Z$ , OSSF category provides the largest acceptance for the lepton-flavour-violating decays; contributions from the remaining categories are small and have a negligible impact on the sensitivity. The signal regions based on  $H_T^{\text{leptons}}$  provide the best expected sensitivity, followed by limits based on  $p_T^{\ell, \text{min}}$ ; here only limits based on  $H_T^{\text{leptons}}$  are used. For  $H^{\pm\pm}$  masses up to 200 GeV, the signal region defined by  $H_T^{\text{leptons}} > 200$  GeV is used; for higher masses the requirement is  $H_T^{\text{leptons}} > 500$  GeV. Finally, both the  $\geq 3e/\mu$  and  $2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$  channels are used to maximize the total acceptance.

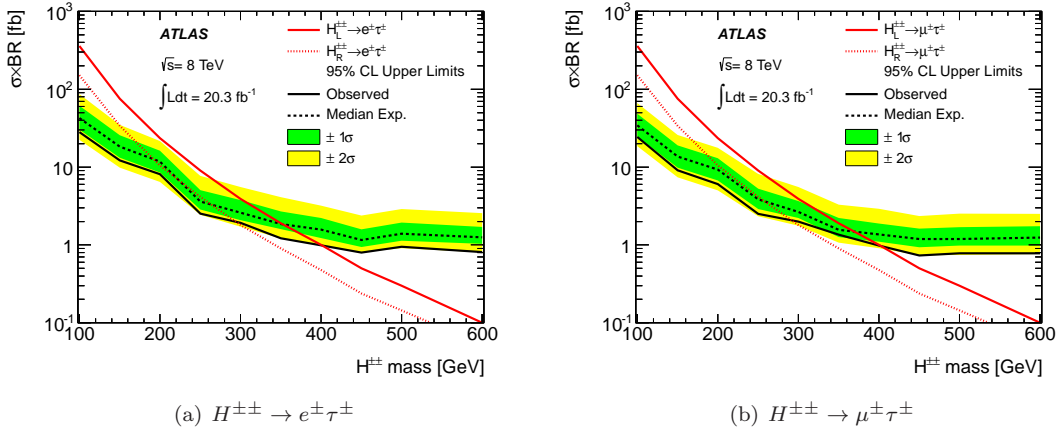
Table 8 summarizes the expected acceptance, efficiency, and cross-section limit for several mass values, channels, and decay scenarios. The  $\geq 3e/\mu$  and  $2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$  channels have comparable sensitivity for high masses, and are therefore combined when setting the final limits to improve the overall constraint on this model. The  $H^{\pm\pm}$  can couple preferentially to left-handed ( $H_L^{\pm\pm}$ ) or right-handed ( $H_R^{\pm\pm}$ ) leptons, with the production cross section for the right-handed coupling scenario being roughly half that for the left-handed coupling scenario. The acceptance and efficiency are the same for both couplings. The final limits on  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow e^\pm\tau^\pm$  and  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \mu^\pm\tau^\pm$  for both scenarios are shown in figure 5. In both cases, a branching ratio of 100% is assumed for the chosen decay. For  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow e^\pm\tau^\pm$ , the expected mass limit for left-handed couplings is  $350 \pm 50$  GeV, with an observed limit of 400 GeV. For  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \mu^\pm\tau^\pm$ , the expected mass limit for left-handed couplings is  $370_{-40}^{+20}$  GeV, with an observed limit at 400 GeV. The expected (observed) limit on  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \mu^\pm\tau^\pm$  from the 7 TeV ATLAS analysis [33] is 229 (237) GeV, which only uses the  $\geq 3e/\mu$  channel. The corresponding observed limits from the 7 TeV CMS analysis [70] are 293 GeV for  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow e^\pm\tau^\pm$  and 300 GeV for  $H^{\pm\pm} \rightarrow \mu^\pm\tau^\pm$ .

Composite fermion models often imply the existence of excited-lepton states [25]. Excited leptons are either pair-produced, produced in association with another excited lepton of a different flavour, or produced in association with a SM lepton [6, 7]. The production is mediated either by gauge bosons (gauge-mediated, GM) or by auxiliary, massive fields that can be approximated as a four-fermion contact interaction (CI) vertex. The scales of the CI and GM processes are assumed to be identical and called  $\Lambda$ , while the masses of the excited leptons are referred to as  $m_{\ell^*}$ . The CI process dominates the production and decay of excited leptons for  $m_{\ell^*}/\Lambda > 0.3$ , while for lower values the GM process becomes important. Additionally, the parameters  $f_s$ ,  $f$  and  $f'$ , corresponding to the SU(3), SU(2) and U(1) couplings of the model respectively, can be chosen arbitrarily and dictate the dynamics of the model. For this study, all coupling parameters are set to unity, as used in ref. [25]. This specific choice of  $f = f'$  forbids the radiative decays of excited neutrinos.

Searches for excited electrons and muons have been performed using a similar benchmark model by CMS [71], at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV, and by ATLAS [72], with  $13 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV. The most stringent lower limits on  $m_{\ell^*}$  from these searches are at 2.2 TeV for  $\Lambda = m_{\ell^*}$ . Lower limits on the mass of excited leptons were set by the L3 experiment. These limits, which are independent of  $\Lambda$ , range

	Channel	$H^{\pm\pm}$ mass and decay mode					
		100 GeV		300 GeV		500 GeV	
		$e\tau$	$\mu\tau$	$e\tau$	$\mu\tau$	$e\tau$	$\mu\tau$
$\sigma$ [fb]	Combined	504		5.55		0.396	
$\mathcal{A}$	$\geq 3e/\mu$	$0.14 \pm 0.01$	$0.15 \pm 0.01$	$0.35 \pm 0.01$	$0.38 \pm 0.02$	$0.39 \pm 0.02$	$0.45 \pm 0.02$
	$2e/\mu+ \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$	$0.33 \pm 0.01$	$0.36 \pm 0.01$	$0.48 \pm 0.02$	$0.49 \pm 0.02$	$0.49 \pm 0.02$	$0.47 \pm 0.02$
$\epsilon_{\text{fid}}$	$\geq 3e/\mu$	$0.24 \pm 0.02$	$0.26 \pm 0.02$	$0.36 \pm 0.02$	$0.37 \pm 0.01$	$0.40 \pm 0.02$	$0.37 \pm 0.01$
	$2e/\mu+ \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$	$0.21 \pm 0.01$	$0.24 \pm 0.01$	$0.29 \pm 0.01$	$0.31 \pm 0.01$	$0.32 \pm 0.01$	$0.31 \pm 0.01$
$\mathcal{A} \times \epsilon_{\text{fid}}$	$\geq 3e/\mu$	$0.034 \pm 0.002$	$0.039 \pm 0.003$	$0.12 \pm 0.01$	$0.14 \pm 0.01$	$0.16 \pm 0.01$	$0.17 \pm 0.01$
	$2e/\mu+ \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$	$0.071 \pm 0.003$	$0.087 \pm 0.004$	$0.14 \pm 0.01$	$0.15 \pm 0.01$	$0.15 \pm 0.01$	$0.14 \pm 0.01$
Rec. $\mathcal{A} \times \epsilon$	$\geq 3e/\mu$	$0.034 \pm 0.004$	$0.046 \pm 0.005$	$0.12 \pm 0.01$	$0.12 \pm 0.01$	$0.13 \pm 0.01$	$0.14 \pm 0.01$
	$2e/\mu+ \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$	$0.062 \pm 0.006$	$0.083 \pm 0.007$	$0.14 \pm 0.01$	$0.16 \pm 0.01$	$0.16 \pm 0.01$	$0.18 \pm 0.01$
Exp. Limit [fb]	$\geq 3e/\mu$	$53^{+26}_{-17}$	$54^{+25}_{-17}$	$5.0^{+2.6}_{-0.9}$	$6.7^{+3.0}_{-1.9}$	$2.7^{+1.4}_{-0.7}$	$2.3^{+1.0}_{-0.6}$
	$2e/\mu+ \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$	$54^{+21}_{-14}$	$38^{+14}_{-10}$	$2.6^{+0.4}_{-0.2}$	$2.4^{+0.4}_{-0.2}$	$1.3^{+0.5}_{-0.2}$	$1.1^{+0.5}_{-0.2}$
	Combined	$42^{+18}_{-12}$	$34^{+14}_{-9}$	$2.6^{+0.4}_{-0.2}$	$2.6^{+1.0}_{-0.4}$	$1.2^{+0.5}_{-0.2}$	$1.1^{+0.4}_{-0.2}$
Obs. Limit [fb]	$\geq 3e/\mu$	32	32	3.2	4.2	1.7	1.5
	$2e/\mu+ \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$	51	36	2.4	2.2	1.2	1.0
	Combined	28	24	2.4	1.9	0.8	0.7

**Table 8.** Theoretical cross section and the acceptances, efficiencies and 95% CL upper limits on the cross section for pair-produced  $H^{\pm\pm}$  decaying to  $e^{\pm}\tau^{\pm}$  and  $\mu^{\pm}\tau^{\pm}$ . Rec.  $\mathcal{A} \times \epsilon$  represents the fraction of signal events passing all analysis cuts after detector-level simulation and event reconstruction.



**Figure 5.** Observed and expected 95% upper limits on the cross section times branching ratio for  $H^{\pm\pm}$  decaying to (a)  $e^{\pm}\tau^{\pm}$  and (b)  $\mu^{\pm}\tau^{\pm}$ . Separate mass constraints are extracted for  $H^{\pm\pm}$  coupling to left- and right-handed fermions from the intersections with the predicted cross sections shown by the dotted and solid red curves.

from 91 GeV to 102 GeV, with limits on excited taus and excited tau neutrinos being somewhat weaker than those for other flavours [73].

The decay products for each excited neutrino are a neutrino (or charged lepton) of the same generation and a  $Z$  ( $W$ ) boson, or a fermion pair. Similarly, excited charged leptons can decay into a charged lepton (or neutrino) of the same generation and a  $\gamma/Z$  (or  $W$ ) boson, or into a fermion pair. For excited neutrinos, only the pair production of two excited neutrinos  $\nu^*\bar{\nu}^*$  is taken into account; single production of excited neutrinos producing final states with three or more leptons is suppressed and its contribution is negligible. For the excited charged leptons, both single and pair

production of excited states are taken into account.

The upper limits on the visible cross section can be used to constrain  $m_{\ell^*}$  and  $\Lambda$ . In all cases, the signal region with the best expected sensitivity is used to constrain each scenario. In the cases where the excited charged lepton or neutrino masses are large, the decay products typically carry a large amount of momentum. This leads to signal events with large  $H_T^{\text{leptons}}$ . Additionally, in this regime, the GM decay through  $Z$  bosons is disfavoured compared to the CI decay. Consequently, for such scenarios, the off- $Z$  channel provides better sensitivity due to lower background rates.

The production of excited electrons, excited muons, and excited electron and muon neutrinos is constrained using the  $\geq 3e/\mu$ , off- $Z$ , OSSF region requiring  $H_T^{\text{leptons}} > 800$  GeV ( $H_T^{\text{leptons}} > 500$  GeV) for masses above (below) 600 GeV. Excited tau neutrinos with high values of  $m_{\ell^*}/\Lambda$  are constrained using the  $\geq 3e/\mu$ , off- $Z$ , OSSF region requiring  $m_{\text{eff}} > 1.5$  TeV. The only excited tau neutrino decays that preferentially produce final states with taus are the GM decays via a  $W$  boson, which become significant at lower values of  $m_{\ell^*}/\Lambda$ . For such cases, the  $2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , off- $Z$ , no-OSSF region requiring  $p_T^{\ell, \text{min}} > 100$  GeV is used.

For excited taus, the  $\geq 3e/\mu$ , off- $Z$ , OSSF region requiring  $m_{\text{eff}} > 1.5$  TeV is used for masses above 1 TeV. For masses between 500 GeV and 1 TeV, the  $\geq 3e/\mu$ , off- $Z$ , OSSF regions requiring  $m_{\text{eff}} > 1$  TeV is used. For masses below 500 GeV, where the GM decay through  $Z$  bosons again becomes significant, the  $2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , on- $Z$  region requiring  $p_T^{\ell, \text{min}} > 100$  GeV is most sensitive.

Table 9 summarizes the expected acceptance and efficiency for several flavours, mass values and  $\Lambda$  values for the most sensitive signal region. Figure 6 shows the excluded regions of the mass parameter and the scale  $\Lambda$  for all lepton flavours extracted from the expected and observed upper limits on the visible cross section. Exclusion regions are also shown for the case where excited leptons are only produced via the CI process.

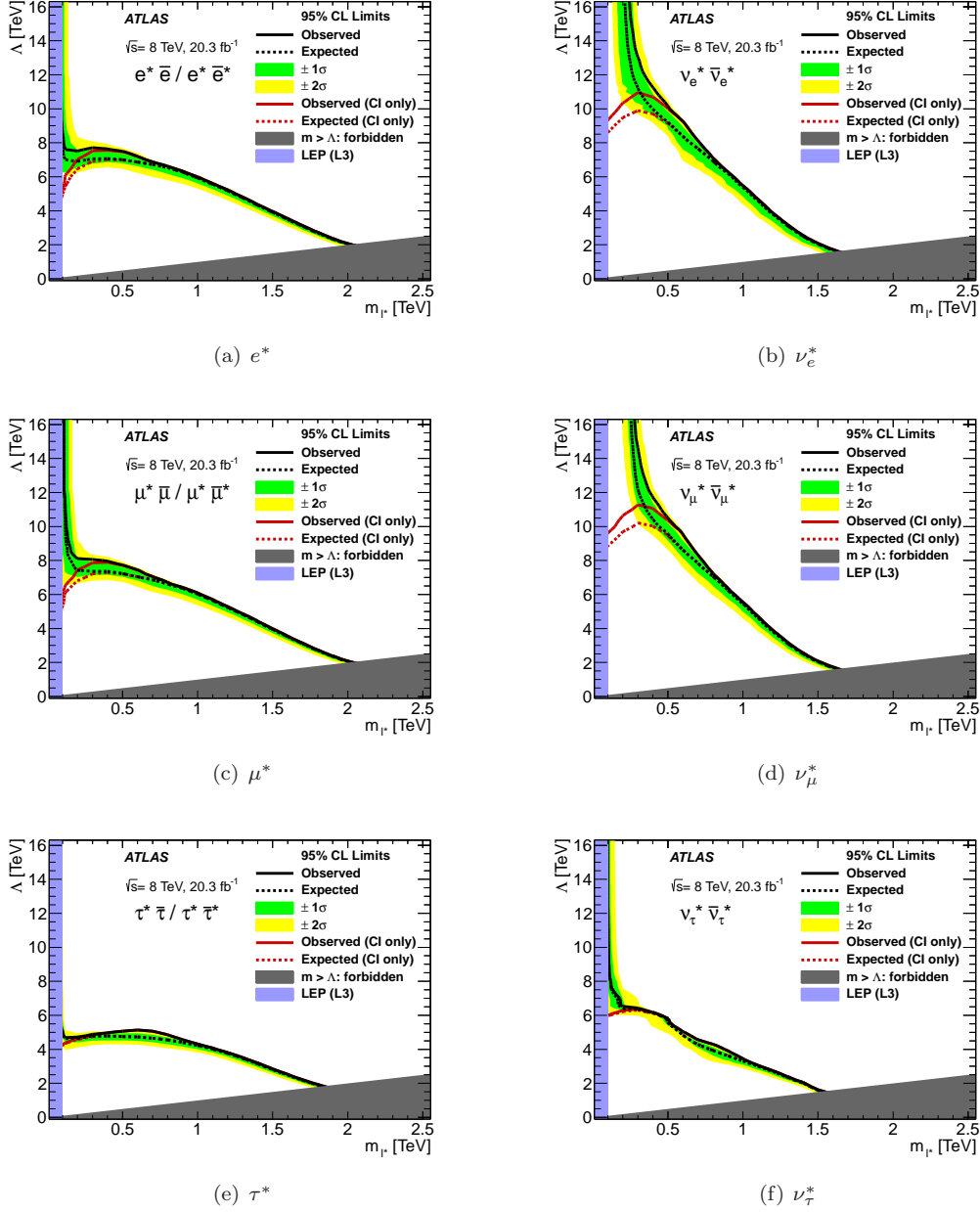
For low  $\Lambda$ -values, a broad range of masses up to 2 TeV can be excluded, while for higher  $\Lambda$ -values, only low masses are excluded. In the low-mass region,  $\nu_\ell^* \rightarrow \ell + W$  is the main decay mode for excited neutrinos, while  $\ell^* \rightarrow \ell + \gamma$  is the main decay mode for charged leptons. Therefore, pair-produced  $\nu_e^*$  and  $\nu_\mu^*$  have the highest acceptance due to their final states with at least three leptons, and thus they have the most stringent limits.

The production cross section of pair-produced excited leptons via the GM process is independent of  $\Lambda$ , which leads to improved sensitivity at low excited-lepton masses. The low efficiency for reconstructing tau leptons leads to a relatively small gain in sensitivity for  $\nu_\tau^*$  from GM production.

For  $\nu_e^*$  ( $\nu_\mu^*$ ), the expected  $\Lambda$ -independent mass limit is  $210 \pm 25$  GeV ( $225 \pm 25$  GeV), with an observed limit of 230 GeV (250 GeV). For masses higher than 300 GeV, the limits for these two particles follow approximately a line of:  $\Lambda + 8.3 \times m_{\nu_\ell^*} = 14500$  GeV. The most stringent upper limits on the mass of the excited leptons are found when  $m_{\ell^*} = \Lambda$ . In this case, the resulting limits are 2.0 TeV for excited electrons and muons, 1.8 TeV for excited taus, and 1.6 TeV for every excited-neutrino flavour.

	$m_{\ell^*}$ [GeV]	$\sigma$ [fb]	$\mathcal{A}$	$\epsilon_{\text{fid}}$	$\mathcal{A} \times \epsilon_{\text{fid}}$	Rec. $\mathcal{A} \times \epsilon$	Limit [fb]
$\Lambda = 4 \text{ TeV}$							
$\nu_e^* \bar{\nu}_e^*$	500	127	$0.036 \pm 0.001$	$0.63 \pm 0.07$	$0.023 \pm 0.003$	$0.023 \pm 0.001$	6.5
$\nu_e^* \bar{\nu}_e^*$	1500	0.562	$0.041 \pm 0.001$	$0.66 \pm 0.07$	$0.027 \pm 0.003$	$0.027 \pm 0.001$	5.6
$\nu_\mu^* \bar{\nu}_\mu^*$	500	127	$0.036 \pm 0.001$	$0.51 \pm 0.06$	$0.018 \pm 0.003$	$0.022 \pm 0.001$	6.8
$\nu_\mu^* \bar{\nu}_\mu^*$	1500	0.562	$0.039 \pm 0.001$	$0.52 \pm 0.06$	$0.020 \pm 0.004$	$0.025 \pm 0.001$	6.0
$\nu_\tau^* \bar{\nu}_\tau^*$	500	127	$0.0022 \pm 0.0003$	$0.43 \pm 0.05$	$0.0009 \pm 0.0003$	$0.0010 \pm 0.0002$	150
$\nu_\tau^* \bar{\nu}_\tau^*$	1500	0.562	$0.014 \pm 0.001$	$0.52 \pm 0.06$	$0.007 \pm 0.002$	$0.008 \pm 0.001$	19
$\tau^* \bar{\tau}^*$	500	127	$0.0011 \pm 0.0002$	$0.40 \pm 0.04$	$0.0004 \pm 0.0001$	$0.0002 \pm 0.0001$	750
$\tau^* \bar{\tau}^*$	1500	0.562	$0.027 \pm 0.001$	$0.29 \pm 0.03$	$0.008 \pm 0.002$	$0.006 \pm 0.001$	25
$\tau^* \bar{\tau}$	500	276	$0.0012 \pm 0.0002$	$0.47 \pm 0.05$	$0.0006 \pm 0.0002$	$0.0007 \pm 0.0002$	210
$\tau^* \bar{\tau}$	1500	1.41	$0.032 \pm 0.001$	$0.48 \pm 0.05$	$0.015 \pm 0.002$	$0.015 \pm 0.001$	10
$\Lambda = 10 \text{ TeV}$							
$\nu_e^* \bar{\nu}_e^*$	500	3.24	$0.044 \pm 0.001$	$0.61 \pm 0.07$	$0.027 \pm 0.004$	$0.030 \pm 0.001$	5.0
$\nu_e^* \bar{\nu}_e^*$	1500	0.015	$0.088 \pm 0.002$	$0.66 \pm 0.07$	$0.058 \pm 0.007$	$0.056 \pm 0.002$	2.7
$\nu_\mu^* \bar{\nu}_\mu^*$	500	3.24	$0.041 \pm 0.001$	$0.54 \pm 0.06$	$0.022 \pm 0.003$	$0.028 \pm 0.001$	5.4
$\nu_\mu^* \bar{\nu}_\mu^*$	1500	0.015	$0.084 \pm 0.002$	$0.50 \pm 0.05$	$0.042 \pm 0.006$	$0.052 \pm 0.002$	2.9
$\nu_\tau^* \bar{\nu}_\tau^*$	500	3.24	$0.0020 \pm 0.0006$	$0.19 \pm 0.02$	$0.0004 \pm 0.0002$	$0.0005 \pm 0.0001$	300
$\nu_\tau^* \bar{\nu}_\tau^*$	1500	0.015	$0.012 \pm 0.002$	$0.36 \pm 0.04$	$0.0043 \pm 0.0008$	$0.0045 \pm 0.0004$	33
$\tau^* \bar{\tau}^*$	500	3.24	$0.0002 \pm 0.0001$	$0.33 \pm 0.04$	$0.0001 \pm 0.0001$	$0.0001 \pm 0.0001$	1500
$\tau^* \bar{\tau}^*$	1500	0.015	$0.0070 \pm 0.0001$	$0.17 \pm 0.02$	$0.0012 \pm 0.0007$	$0.0022 \pm 0.0003$	68
$\tau^* \bar{\tau}$	500	3.81	$0.0003 \pm 0.0001$	$0.53 \pm 0.06$	$0.0002 \pm 0.0002$	$0.0002 \pm 0.0002$	750
$\tau^* \bar{\tau}$	1500	0.022	$0.012 \pm 0.001$	$0.48 \pm 0.05$	$0.0056 \pm 0.0015$	$0.0048 \pm 0.0004$	31

**Table 9.** Cross section, acceptances, efficiencies, and 95% CL upper limits on the cross section for various excited-lepton flavours and mass values using the  $\geq 3e/\mu$ , off- $Z$ , OSSF region requiring  $H_{\text{T}}^{\text{leptons}} > 800 \text{ GeV}$ . The observed limit is equal to the expected limit in this signal region. Rec.  $\mathcal{A} \times \epsilon$  represents the fraction of signal events passing all analysis cuts after detector-level simulation and event reconstruction.



**Figure 6.** Observed and expected 95% CL limits on the mass parameter and the compositeness scale  $\Lambda$  for excited leptons. The region under the curve is excluded by this analysis, the blue region is excluded by LEP, and the gray region represents  $m_{\ell^*} > \Lambda$  and is unphysical. The red line shows the limits taking only CI production into account.



## 11 Conclusion

A search for anomalous production of events with at least three charged leptons is been presented, using  $20.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of  $pp$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$  recorded by the ATLAS detector at the CERN Large Hadron Collider. Data distributions are compared to SM predictions in a variety of observables and final states, designed to probe a large range of BSM scenarios. Good agreement between the data and SM predictions is observed. Model-independent exclusion limits on visible cross sections are derived, and a prescription to re-interpret such limits for any model is presented. Additionally, limits are set on specific models predicting doubly charged Higgs bosons and excited leptons. Doubly charged Higgs bosons coupling to left-handed fermions and decaying exclusively to  $e\tau$  or  $\mu\tau$  pairs are constrained to have mass above 400 GeV at 95% confidence level. For excited leptons, the mass constraints depend on the compositeness scale, with the strongest mass constraints reached where the mass of the excited state and the compositeness scale are the same; the lower limits on the mass extend to 2.0 TeV for excited electrons and excited muons, 1.8 TeV for excited taus, and 1.6 TeV for every excited-neutrino flavour.

## Acknowledgements

We thank CERN for the very successful operation of the LHC, as well as the support staff from our institutions without whom ATLAS could not be operated efficiently.

We acknowledge the support of ANPCyT, Argentina; YerPhI, Armenia; ARC, Australia; BMWFW and FWF, Austria; ANAS, Azerbaijan; SSTC, Belarus; CNPq and FAPESP, Brazil; NSERC, NRC and CFI, Canada; CERN; CONICYT, Chile; CAS, MOST and NSFC, China; COLCIENCIAS, Colombia; MSMT CR, MPO CR and VSC CR, Czech Republic; DNRF, DNSRC and Lundbeck Foundation, Denmark; EPLANET, ERC and NSRF, European Union; IN2P3-CNRS, CEA-DSM/IRFU, France; GNSF, Georgia; BMBF, DFG, HGF, MPG and AvH Foundation, Germany; GSRT and NSRF, Greece; ISF, MINERVA, GIF, I-CORE and Benoziyo Center, Israel; INFN, Italy; MEXT and JSPS, Japan; CNRST, Morocco; FOM and NWO, Netherlands; BRF and RCN, Norway; MNiSW and NCN, Poland; GRICES and FCT, Portugal; MNE/IFA, Romania; MES of Russia and ROSATOM, Russian Federation; JINR; MSTD, Serbia; MSSR, Slovakia; ARRS and MIZŠ, Slovenia; DST/NRF, South Africa; MINECO, Spain; SRC and Wallenberg Foundation, Sweden; SER, SNSF and Cantons of Bern and Geneva, Switzerland; NSC, Taiwan; TAEK, Turkey; STFC, the Royal Society and Leverhulme Trust, United Kingdom; DOE and NSF, United States of America.

The crucial computing support from all WLCG partners is acknowledged gratefully, in particular from CERN and the ATLAS Tier-1 facilities at TRIUMF (Canada), NDGF (Denmark, Norway, Sweden), CC-IN2P3 (France), KIT/GridKA (Germany), INFN-CNAF (Italy), NL-T1 (Netherlands), PIC (Spain), ASGC (Taiwan), RAL (UK) and BNL (USA) and in the Tier-2 facilities worldwide.

## References

- [1] ATLAS Collaboration, *Measurement of  $WZ$  production in proton-proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$  with the ATLAS detector*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **72** (2012) 2173, [[arXiv:1208.1390](#)].
- [2] ATLAS Collaboration, *Measurement of  $ZZ$  production in  $pp$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$  and limits on anomalous  $ZZZ$  and  $ZZ\gamma$  couplings with the ATLAS detector*, *JHEP* **03** (2013) 128, [[arXiv:1211.6096](#)].

- [3] CMS Collaboration, *Measurement of the  $pp$  to  $ZZ$  production cross section and constraints on anomalous triple gauge couplings in four-lepton final states at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV*, Submitted to *Phys. Lett. B* (2014) [[arXiv:1406.0113](#)].
- [4] ATLAS Collaboration, *Fiducial and differential cross sections of Higgs boson production measured in the four-lepton decay channel in  $pp$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV with the ATLAS detector*, *Phys. Lett. B* **738** (2014) 234–253, [[arXiv:1408.3226](#)].
- [5] CMS Collaboration, *Measurement of the properties of a Higgs boson in the four-lepton final state*, *Phys. Rev. D* **89** (2014) 092007, [[arXiv:1312.5353](#)].
- [6] S. Matsumoto, T. Nabeshima, and K. Yoshioka, *Seesaw Neutrino Signals at the Large Hadron Collider*, *JHEP* **06** (2010) 058, [[arXiv:1004.3852](#)].
- [7] A. Belyaev, C. Leroy, and R. R. Mehdiyev, *Production of excited neutrino at LHC*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **41S2** (2005) 1–10, [[arXiv:hep-ph/0401066](#)].
- [8] A. Zee, *Charged scalar field and quantum number violations*, *Phys. Lett. B* **161** (1985) 141 – 145.
- [9] A. Zee, *Quantum numbers of majorana neutrino masses*, *Nucl. Phys. B* **264** (1986) 99.
- [10] K. S. Babu, *Model of calculable majorana neutrino masses*, *Phys. Lett. B* **203** (1988) 132.
- [11] H. Miyazawa, *Baryon Number Changing Currents*, *Prog. Theor. Phys.* **36 (6)** (1966) 1266–1276.
- [12] P. Ramond, *Dual Theory for Free Fermions*, *Phys. Rev. D* **3** (1971) 2415–2418.
- [13] Y. A. Gol’fand and E. P. Likhtman, *Extension of the Algebra of Poincare Group Generators and Violation of  $P$  Invariance*, *JETP Lett.* **13** (1971) 323–326. [*Pisma Zh. Eksp. Teor. Fiz.* 13:452-455,1971].
- [14] A. Neveu and J. H. Schwarz, *Factorizable dual model of pions*, *Nucl. Phys. B* **31** (1971) 86–112.
- [15] A. Neveu and J. H. Schwarz, *Quark Model of Dual Pions*, *Phys. Rev. D* **4** (1971) 1109–1111.
- [16] J. Gervais and B. Sakita, *Field theory interpretation of supergauges in dual models*, *Nucl. Phys. B* **34** (1971) 632–639.
- [17] D. V. Volkov and V. P. Akulov, *Is the Neutrino a Goldstone Particle?*, *Phys. Lett. B* **46** (1973) 109–110.
- [18] J. Wess and B. Zumino, *A Lagrangian Model Invariant Under Supergauge Transformations*, *Phys. Lett. B* **49** (1974) 52.
- [19] J. Wess and B. Zumino, *Supergauge Transformations in Four-Dimensions*, *Nucl. Phys. B* **70** (1974) 39–50.
- [20] J. Aguilar-Saavedra, R. Benbrik, S. Heinemeyer, and M. Prez-Victoria, *Handbook of vectorlike quarks: Mixing and single production*, *Phys. Rev. D* **88** (2013) 094010, [[arXiv:1306.0572](#)].
- [21] T. G. Rizzo, *Doubly Charged Higgs Bosons and Lepton Number Violating Processes*, *Phys. Rev. D* **25** (1982) 1355–1364.
- [22] H. Georgi and M. Machacek, *Doubly Charged Higgs Bosons*, *Nucl. Phys. B* **262** (1985) 463.
- [23] J. E. C. Montalvo, N. V. Cortez Jr., J. S. Borges, and M. D. Tonasse, *Searching for doubly charged Higgs bosons at the LHC in a 3-3-1 model*, *Nucl. Phys. B* **756** (2006) 1 – 15, [[arXiv:hep-ph/0606243](#)]. Erratum: *ibid.* **796** 422 (2008).
- [24] J. Gunion, R. Vega, and J. Wudka, *Higgs triplets in the standard model*, *Phys. Rev. D* **42** (1990) 1673–1691.
- [25] U. Baur, M. Spira, and P. M. Zerwas, *Excited quark and lepton production at hadron colliders*, *Phys. Rev. D* **42** (1990) 815–824.
- [26] CMS Collaboration, *Search for anomalous production of multilepton events in  $pp$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV*, *JHEP* **06** (2012) 169, [[arXiv:1204.5341](#)].

- [27] CMS Collaboration, *Search for anomalous production of events with three or more leptons in pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV*, *Phys. Rev. D* **90** (2014) 032006, [[arXiv:1404.5801](#)].
- [28] ATLAS Collaboration, *Search for direct production of charginos and neutralinos in events with three leptons and missing transverse momentum in  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV pp collisions with the ATLAS detector*, *JHEP* **04** (2014) 169, [[arXiv:1402.7029](#)].
- [29] ATLAS Collaboration, *Search for supersymmetry at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV in final states with jets and two same-sign leptons or three leptons with the ATLAS detector*, *JHEP* **06** (2014) 035, [[arXiv:1404.2500](#)].
- [30] ATLAS Collaboration, *Search for supersymmetry in events with four or more leptons in  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV pp collisions with the ATLAS detector*, *Phys. Rev. D* **90** (2014) 052001, [[arXiv:1405.5086](#)].
- [31] CDF Collaboration, Aaltonen, T. et al., *Search for Supersymmetry in  $p\bar{p}$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ -TeV Using the Trilepton Signature of Chargino-Neutralino Production*, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **101** (2008) 251801, [[arXiv:0808.2446](#)].
- [32] D0 Collaboration, Abazov, V.M. et al., *Search for associated production of charginos and neutralinos in the trilepton final state using  $2.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of data*, *Phys. Lett. B* **680** (2009) 34–43, [[arXiv:0901.0646](#)].
- [33] ATLAS Collaboration, *Search for new phenomena in events with three charged leptons at a center-of-mass energy of 7 TeV with the ATLAS detector*, *Phys. Rev. D* **87** (2013) 052002, [[arXiv:1211.6312](#)].
- [34] ATLAS Collaboration, *The ATLAS Experiment at the CERN Large Hadron Collider*, *J. Instrumentation* **3** (2008) S08003.
- [35] ATLAS Collaboration, *Performance of the ATLAS Trigger System in 2010*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **72** (2012) 1849, [[arXiv:1110.1530](#)].
- [36] ATLAS Collaboration, *Electron performance measurements with the ATLAS detector using the 2010 LHC proton-proton collision data*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **72** (2012) 1909, [[arXiv:1110.3174](#)].
- [37] ATLAS Collaboration, *Measurement of the muon reconstruction performance of the ATLAS detector using 2011 and 2012 LHC proton-proton collision data*, Submitted to *Eur. Phys. J. C* **72** (2014) [[arXiv:1407.3935](#)].
- [38] M. Cacciari, G. P. Salam, and G. Soyez, *The anti- $k_t$  jet clustering algorithm*, *JHEP* **04** (2008) 063, [[arXiv:0802.1189](#)].
- [39] ATLAS Collaboration, *Jet energy measurement with the ATLAS detector in proton-proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **73** (2013) 2304, [[arXiv:1112.6426](#)].
- [40] ATLAS Collaboration, *Jet energy resolution in proton-proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV recorded in 2010 with the ATLAS detector*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **73** (2013) 2306, [[arXiv:1210.6210](#)].
- [41] ATLAS Collaboration, *Calibration of the performance of b-tagging for c and light-flavour jets in the 2012 ATLAS data*, [ATLAS-CONF-2014-046](#).
- [42] ATLAS Collaboration, *Identification of Hadronic Decays of Tau Leptons in 2012 Data with the ATLAS Detector*, [ATLAS-CONF-2013-064](#).
- [43] ATLAS Collaboration, *Performance of missing transverse momentum reconstruction in proton-proton collisions at 7 TeV with ATLAS*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **72** (2012) 1844, [[arXiv:1108.5602](#)].
- [44] ATLAS Collaboration, *The ATLAS Simulation Infrastructure*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **70** (2010) 823–874, [[arXiv:1005.4568](#)].
- [45] S. Agostinelli et al., *Geant4 – a simulation toolkit*, *Nucl. Instrum. Methods A* **506** (2003) 250 – 303.
- [46] ATLAS Collaboration, *Electron reconstruction and identification efficiency measurements with the ATLAS detector using the 2011 LHC proton-proton collision data*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **74** (2014) 2941, [[arXiv:1404.2240](#)].

- [47] ATLAS Collaboration, *Electron efficiency measurements with the ATLAS detector using the 2012 LHC proton-proton collision data*, [ATLAS-CONF-2014-032](#).
- [48] T. Sjöstrand, P. Edén, C. Friberg, L. Lönnblad, G. Miu, S. Mrenna, and E. Norrbin, *High-energy-physics event generation with pythia 6.1*, *Comput. Phys. Comm.* **135** (2001) 238, [[arXiv:hep-ph/0010017](#)].
- [49] T. Gleisberg, S. Hoeche, F. Krauss, M. Schönherr, S. Schumann, et al., *Event generation with SHERPA 1.1*, *JHEP* **02** (2009) 007, [[arXiv:0811.4622](#)].
- [50] K. Arnold, M. Bahr, G. Bozzi, F. Campanario, C. Englert, et al., *VBFNLO: A Parton level Monte Carlo for processes with electroweak bosons*, *Comput. Phys. Commun.* **180** (2009) 1661–1670, [[arXiv:0811.4559](#)].
- [51] M. L. Mangano, M. Moretti, F. Piccinini, R. Pittau, and A. D. Polosa, *ALPGEN, a generator for hard multiparton processes in hadronic collisions*, *JHEP* **07** (2003) 001, [[arXiv:hep-ph/0206293](#)].
- [52] G. Corcella, I. Knowles, G. Marchesini, S. Moretti, K. Odagiri, et al., *HERWIG 6: An Event generator for hadron emission reactions with interfering gluons (including supersymmetric processes)*, *JHEP* **01** (2001) 010, [[arXiv:hep-ph/0011363](#)].
- [53] J. Butterworth, J. R. Forshaw, and M. Seymour, *Multiparton interactions in photoproduction at HERA*, *Z. Phys. C* **72** (1996) 637–646, [[arXiv:hep-ph/9601371](#)].
- [54] J. Alwall, M. Herquet, F. Maltoni, O. Mattelaer, and T. Stelzer, *MadGraph 5 : Going Beyond*, *JHEP* **06** (2011) 128, [[arXiv:1106.0522](#)].
- [55] J. M. Campbell and R. K. Ellis,  *$t\bar{t}W^\pm$  production and decay at NLO*, *JHEP* **07** (2012) 052, [[arXiv:1204.5678](#)].
- [56] M. Garzelli, A. Kardos, C. Papadopoulos, and Z. Trocsanyi,  *$Z^0$  - boson production in association with a top anti-top pair at NLO accuracy with parton shower effects*, *Phys. Rev. D* **85** (2012) 074022, [[arXiv:1111.1444](#)].
- [57] T. Melia, P. Nason, R. Rontsch, and G. Zanderighi,  *$W^+W^-$ ,  $WZ$  and  $ZZ$  production in the POWHEG BOX*, *JHEP* **11** (2011) 078, [[arXiv:1107.5051](#)].
- [58] T. Sjöstrand, S. Mrenna, and P. Z. Skands, *A Brief Introduction to PYTHIA 8.1*, *Comput. Phys. Commun.* **178** (2008) 852–867, [[arXiv:0710.3820](#)].
- [59] H.-L. Lai, M. Guzzi, J. Huston, Z. Li, P. M. Nadolsky, et al., *New parton distributions for collider physics*, *Phys. Rev. D* **82** (2010) 074024, [[arXiv:1007.2241](#)].
- [60] A. Sherstnev and R. S. Thorne, *Parton Distributions for LO Generators*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **55** (2008) 553–575, [[arXiv:0711.2473](#)].
- [61] J. Pumplin, D. Stump, J. Huston, H. Lai, P. M. Nadolsky, et al., *New generation of parton distributions with uncertainties from global QCD analysis*, *JHEP* **07** (2002) 012, [[arXiv:hep-ph/0201195](#)].
- [62] ATLAS Collaboration, *Summary of ATLAS Pythia 8 tunes*, [ATL-PHYS-PUB-2012-003](#).
- [63] ATLAS Collaboration, *Further ATLAS tunes of PYTHIA6 and Pythia 8*, [ATL-PHYS-PUB-2011-014](#).
- [64] P. Skands, *Tuning Monte Carlo Generators: The Perugia Tunes*, *Phys. Rev. D* **82** (2010) 074018, [[arXiv:1005.3457](#)].
- [65] ATLAS Collaboration, *Luminosity Determination in  $pp$  Collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV Using the ATLAS Detector at the LHC*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **71** (2011) 1630, [[arXiv:1101.2185](#)].
- [66] M. Rubin, G. P. Salam, and S. Sapeta, *Giant QCD  $K$ -factors beyond NLO*, *JHEP* **09** (2010) 084, [[arXiv:1006.2144](#)].
- [67] F. Campanario and S. Sapeta,  *$WZ$  production beyond NLO for high- $p_T$  observables*, *Phys. Lett. B* **718** (2012) 100–104, [[arXiv:1209.4595](#)].

- [68] A. L. Read, *Presentation of search results: the  $CL_s$  technique*, *J. of Phys.* **G 28** (2002) 2693.
- [69] ATLAS Collaboration, *Search for anomalous production of prompt same-sign lepton pairs and doubly charged Higgs bosons with  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV pp collisions using the ATLAS detector*, *To be submitted to JHEP* (2014).
- [70] CMS Collaboration, *A search for a doubly-charged Higgs boson in pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV*, *Eur. Phys. J. C* **72** (2012) 2189, [[arXiv:1207.2666](#)].
- [71] CMS Collaboration, *Search for excited leptons in pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV*, *Phys. Lett. B* **720** (2013) 309–329, [[arXiv:1210.2422](#)].
- [72] ATLAS Collaboration, *Search for excited electrons and muons in  $\sqrt{s}=8$  TeV proton-proton collisions with the ATLAS detector*, *New J. Phys.* **15** (2013) 093011, [[arXiv:1308.1364](#)].
- [73] L3 Collaboration, *Search for excited leptons at LEP*, *Phys. Lett. B* **568** (2003) 23–34, [[arXiv:hep-ex/0306016](#)].

## A Yields and cross-section limits

Expected and observed event yields for all signal regions are provided in tables 10–17.

$H_{\tau}^{\text{leptons}} \geq$	$t\bar{t} + V(V)$	$VV(V)$	Reducible	Total	Observed
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , off- $Z$ , no-OSSF					
200 GeV	$2.0 \pm 0.6$	$1.6 \pm 0.4$	$2.1 \pm 1.1$	$5.7 \pm 1.4$	6
500 GeV	$0.13 \pm 0.06$	$0.09 \pm 0.03$	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.7 \\ 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.22 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.70 \\ 0.22 \end{smallmatrix}$	1
800 GeV	$0.06 \pm 0.04$	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.03 \\ 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.7 \\ 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.06 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.70 \\ 0.06 \end{smallmatrix}$	0
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$ , off- $Z$ , no-OSSF					
200 GeV	$1.2 \pm 0.4$	$2.3 \pm 0.5$	$19 \pm 6$	$22 \pm 6$	14
500 GeV	$0.01 \pm 0.01$	$0.03 \pm 0.01$	$0.32 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.73 \\ 0.32 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.36 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.73 \\ 0.36 \end{smallmatrix}$	0
800 GeV	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.003 \\ 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.01 \pm 0.01$	$0.11 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.71 \\ 0.11 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.12 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.71 \\ 0.12 \end{smallmatrix}$	0
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , off- $Z$ , OSSF					
200 GeV	$7.5 \pm 2.3$	$63 \pm 8$	$9 \pm 4$	$78 \pm 9$	56
500 GeV	$0.34 \pm 0.12$	$3.3 \pm 0.5$	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.7 \\ 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$3.7 \pm 0.9$	1
800 GeV	$0.01 \pm 0.01$	$0.54 \pm 0.12$	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.7 \\ 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.5 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.7 \\ 0.5 \end{smallmatrix}$	0
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$ , off- $Z$ , OSSF					
200 GeV	$0.64 \pm 0.21$	$4.4 \pm 0.6$	$68 \pm 20$	$73 \pm 20$	67
500 GeV	$0.06 \pm 0.03$	$0.17 \pm 0.04$	$1.1 \pm 0.9$	$1.3 \pm 0.9$	0
800 GeV	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.003 \\ 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.03 \\ 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.7 \\ 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.7 \\ 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	0
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , on- $Z$					
200 GeV	$23 \pm 7$	$410 \pm 50$	$18 \pm 8$	$450 \pm 50$	387
500 GeV	$0.82 \pm 0.25$	$10.9 \pm 2.3$	$0.6 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.8 \\ 0.6 \end{smallmatrix}$	$12.3 \pm 2.4$	12
800 GeV	$0.05 \pm 0.03$	$0.92 \pm 0.23$	$0.10 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.70 \\ 0.10 \end{smallmatrix}$	$1.1 \pm 0.7$	3
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$ , on- $Z$					
200 GeV	$1.1 \pm 0.4$	$20.7 \pm 2.7$	$160 \pm 50$	$180 \pm 50$	148
500 GeV	$0.02 \pm 0.01$	$0.82 \pm 0.23$	$1.2 \pm 0.9$	$2.0 \pm 1.0$	3
800 GeV	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.003 \\ 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.04 \pm 0.02$	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.71 \\ 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.04 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.71 \\ 0.04 \end{smallmatrix}$	0

**Table 10.** Expected and observed event yields for the  $H_{\tau}^{\text{leptons}}$  signal regions.

$p_T^{\ell, \min} \geq$	$t\bar{t} + V(V)$	$VV(V)$	Reducible	Total	Observed
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , off- $Z$ , no-OSSF					
50 GeV	$0.83 \pm 0.27$	$0.45 \pm 0.13$	$0.28^{+0.70}_{-0.28}$	$1.6 \pm 0.8$	4
100 GeV	$0.09 \pm 0.04$	$0.03 \pm 0.01$	$0^{+0.7}_{-0}$	$0.12^{+0.69}_{-0.12}$	0
150 GeV	$0.06 \pm 0.04$	$0^{+0.03}_{-0}$	$0^{+0.7}_{-0}$	$0.06^{+0.70}_{-0.06}$	0
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$ , off- $Z$ , no-OSSF					
50 GeV	$0.43 \pm 0.15$	$0.62 \pm 0.13$	$5.0 \pm 1.9$	$6.1 \pm 1.9$	5
100 GeV	$0.01 \pm 0.01$	$0.03^{+0.05}_{-0.03}$	$0.11^{+0.71}_{-0.11}$	$0.15^{+0.72}_{-0.15}$	0
150 GeV	$0^{+0.005}_{-0}$	$0.01 \pm 0.00$	$0.11^{+0.71}_{-0.11}$	$0.12^{+0.71}_{-0.12}$	0
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , off- $Z$ , OSSF					
50 GeV	$3.7 \pm 1.1$	$27.1 \pm 3.4$	$1.8 \pm 1.0$	$33 \pm 4$	25
100 GeV	$0.17 \pm 0.07$	$1.73 \pm 0.25$	$0^{+0.7}_{-0}$	$1.9 \pm 0.7$	2
150 GeV	$0.01 \pm 0.01$	$0.24 \pm 0.05$	$0^{+0.7}_{-0}$	$0.25^{+0.69}_{-0.25}$	0
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$ , off- $Z$ , OSSF					
50 GeV	$0.33 \pm 0.11$	$1.72 \pm 0.25$	$15 \pm 5$	$18 \pm 5$	23
100 GeV	$0^{+0.003}_{-0}$	$0.14 \pm 0.06$	$0.12^{+0.72}_{-0.12}$	$0.26^{+0.72}_{-0.26}$	0
150 GeV	$0^{+0.003}_{-0}$	$0^{+0.03}_{-0}$	$0^{+0.7}_{-0}$	$0^{+0.7}_{-0}$	0
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , on- $Z$					
50 GeV	$8.7 \pm 2.6$	$168 \pm 19$	$6.3 \pm 3.1$	$183 \pm 19$	163
100 GeV	$0.54 \pm 0.17$	$9.6 \pm 1.6$	$0.22^{+0.72}_{-0.22}$	$10.4 \pm 1.7$	16
150 GeV	$0.05 \pm 0.02$	$0.88 \pm 0.21$	$0^{+0.7}_{-0}$	$0.9 \pm 0.7$	4
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$ , on- $Z$					
50 GeV	$0.31 \pm 0.11$	$8.0 \pm 1.2$	$54 \pm 18$	$62 \pm 18$	45
100 GeV	$0.01 \pm 0.01$	$0.53 \pm 0.22$	$0.8^{+0.8}_{-0.8}$	$1.3 \pm 0.9$	0
150 GeV	$0^{+0.003}_{-0}$	$0.09 \pm 0.07$	$0.16^{+0.72}_{-0.16}$	$0.25^{+0.73}_{-0.25}$	0

**Table 11.** Expected and observed event yields for the minimum  $p_T^{\ell}$  signal regions.

$b$ -tags $\geq$	$t\bar{t} + V(V)$	$VV(V)$	Reducible	Total	Observed
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , off- $Z$ , no-OSSF					
1	$5.3 \pm 1.7$	$0.37 \pm 0.12$	$11.1 \pm 3.3$	$17 \pm 4$	19
2	$2.2 \pm 0.7$	$0^{+0.03}_{-0}$	$2.2 \pm 1.0$	$4.4 \pm 1.2$	5
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$ , off- $Z$ , no-OSSF					
1	$3.1 \pm 1.0$	$0.9 \pm 0.4$	$91 \pm 24$	$95 \pm 24$	98
2	$1.3 \pm 0.5$	$0.05 \pm 0.03$	$29 \pm 8$	$30 \pm 8$	34
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , off- $Z$ , OSSF					
1	$13 \pm 4$	$11.4 \pm 2.0$	$15 \pm 5$	$39 \pm 7$	34
2	$5.5 \pm 1.8$	$0.32 \pm 0.17$	$2.7 \pm 2.1$	$8.5 \pm 2.8$	9
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$ , off- $Z$ , OSSF					
1	$1.09 \pm 0.35$	$0.88 \pm 0.28$	$74 \pm 21$	$76 \pm 21$	65
2	$0.38 \pm 0.19$	$0.05^{+0.06}_{-0.05}$	$17 \pm 5$	$17 \pm 5$	12
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , on- $Z$					
1	$51 \pm 16$	$144 \pm 23$	$41 \pm 11$	$235 \pm 32$	237
2	$23 \pm 8$	$8.0 \pm 2.1$	$4.6 \pm 1.5$	$36 \pm 8$	27
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$ , on- $Z$					
1	$2.9 \pm 0.9$	$8.8 \pm 1.7$	$398 \pm 11$	$410 \pm 11$	409
2	$1.3 \pm 0.4$	$0.26 \pm 0.17$	$33 \pm 9$	$34 \pm 9$	21

**Table 12.** Expected and observed event yields for the  $b$ -tag signal regions.

$m_{\text{eff}} \geq$	$t\bar{t} + V(V)$	$VV(V)$	Reducible	Total	Observed
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , off- $Z$ , no-OSSF					
600 GeV	$1.7 \pm 0.6$	$0.40 \pm 0.13$	$1.2 \pm 0.8$	$3.4 \pm 1.0$	3
1000 GeV	$0.44 \pm 0.16$	$0.01^{+0.03}_{-0.01}$	$0.20^{+0.70}_{-0.20}$	$0.7 \pm 0.7$	1
1500 GeV	$0.07^{+0.09}_{-0.07}$	$0^{+0.03}_{-0}$	$0.08^{+0.69}_{-0.08}$	$0.16^{+0.70}_{-0.16}$	0
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$ , off- $Z$ , no-OSSF					
600 GeV	$1.4 \pm 0.5$	$1.23 \pm 0.32$	$17 \pm 5$	$19 \pm 5$	22
1000 GeV	$0.26 \pm 0.22$	$0.07 \pm 0.05$	$2.2 \pm 1.1$	$2.6 \pm 1.1$	2
1500 GeV	$0.03 \pm 0.02$	$0.01 \pm 0.01$	$0.17^{+0.73}_{-0.17}$	$0.20^{+0.73}_{-0.20}$	1
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , off- $Z$ , OSSF					
600 GeV	$6.7 \pm 2.1$	$13.4 \pm 2.9$	$3.7 \pm 2.5$	$24 \pm 4$	17
1000 GeV	$1.1 \pm 0.4$	$2.1 \pm 0.8$	$2.1^{+2.1}_{-2.1}$	$5.3 \pm 2.3$	1
1500 GeV	$0.08 \pm 0.08$	$0.28 \pm 0.15$	$0.5^{+0.9}_{-0.5}$	$0.8^{+0.9}_{-0.8}$	0
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$ , off- $Z$ , OSSF					
600 GeV	$0.59 \pm 0.19$	$0.87 \pm 0.30$	$17 \pm 5$	$18 \pm 5$	19
1000 GeV	$0.17 \pm 0.06$	$0.12 \pm 0.10$	$1.8 \pm 1.0$	$2.1 \pm 1.0$	2
1500 GeV	$0^{+0.003}_{-0}$	$0^{+0.05}_{-0}$	$0^{+0.7}_{-0}$	$0^{+0.7}_{-0}$	0
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , on- $Z$					
600 GeV	$26 \pm 8$	$126 \pm 29$	$9.2 \pm 3.5$	$161 \pm 31$	147
1000 GeV	$4.6 \pm 1.5$	$21 \pm 8$	$1.1 \pm 1.0$	$27 \pm 8$	27
1500 GeV	$0.48 \pm 0.17$	$3.2 \pm 1.9$	$0^{+0.6}_{-0}$	$3.7 \pm 2.0$	2
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$ , on- $Z$					
600 GeV	$1.4 \pm 0.5$	$8.7 \pm 2.1$	$65 \pm 19$	$75 \pm 19$	65
1000 GeV	$0.26 \pm 0.09$	$1.5 \pm 0.6$	$3.6 \pm 1.4$	$5.3 \pm 1.6$	11
1500 GeV	$0.02 \pm 0.02$	$0.31 \pm 0.21$	$0.08^{+0.71}_{-0.08}$	$0.4^{+0.7}_{-0.4}$	1

**Table 13.** Expected and observed event yields for the inclusive  $m_{\text{eff}}$  signal regions.



$m_{\text{eff}} \geq$	$t\bar{t} + V(V)$	$VV(V)$	Reducible	Total	Observed
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , off- $Z$ , no-OSSF					
Inclusive	$1.7 \pm 0.6$	$0.90 \pm 0.24$	$4.0 \pm 1.5$	$6.6 \pm 1.6$	8
600 GeV	$0.71 \pm 0.27$	$0.25 \pm 0.06$	$0.8 \pm 0.8$	$1.7 \pm 0.8$	2
1000 GeV	$0.24 \pm 0.15$	$0.01 \pm 0.00$	$0.15 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.70 \\ - 0.15 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.4 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.7 \\ - 0.4 \end{smallmatrix}$	1
1200 GeV	$0.14 \pm 0.09$	$0.01 \pm 0.00$	$0.15 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.70 \\ - 0.15 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.29 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.70 \\ - 0.29 \end{smallmatrix}$	0
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$ , off- $Z$ , no-OSSF					
Inclusive	$1.3 \pm 0.4$	$2.0 \pm 0.4$	$29 \pm 8$	$32 \pm 8$	28
600 GeV	$0.81 \pm 0.29$	$0.66 \pm 0.19$	$8.0 \pm 2.5$	$9.5 \pm 2.5$	9
1000 GeV	$0.16 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - 0.16 \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.20 \\ 0.16 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.06 \pm 0.05$	$1.4 \pm 0.9$	$1.6 \pm 0.9$	2
1200 GeV	$0.10 \pm 0.05$	$0.01 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - 0.01 \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.05 \\ 0.01 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.4 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - 0.4 \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.8 \\ 0.4 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.5 \begin{smallmatrix} + \\ - 0.5 \end{smallmatrix} \begin{smallmatrix} 0.8 \\ 0.5 \end{smallmatrix}$	2
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , off- $Z$ , OSSF					
Inclusive	$4.6 \pm 1.4$	$12.2 \pm 1.9$	$3.6 \pm 1.4$	$20.4 \pm 2.8$	16
600 GeV	$2.8 \pm 0.9$	$4.7 \pm 1.1$	$0.8 \pm 0.8$	$8.2 \pm 1.7$	7
1000 GeV	$0.47 \pm 0.17$	$1.2 \pm 0.4$	$0.16 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.71 \\ - 0.16 \end{smallmatrix}$	$1.8 \pm 0.9$	1
1200 GeV	$0.18 \pm 0.09$	$0.39 \pm 0.19$	$0.16 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.71 \\ - 0.16 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.7 \pm 0.7$	1
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$ , off- $Z$ , OSSF					
Inclusive	$0.54 \pm 0.18$	$1.47 \pm 0.31$	$14 \pm 4$	$16 \pm 4$	17
600 GeV	$0.34 \pm 0.13$	$0.44 \pm 0.17$	$4.8 \pm 1.8$	$5.6 \pm 1.8$	5
1000 GeV	$0.15 \pm 0.07$	$0.07 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.08 \\ - 0.07 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.6 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.8 \\ - 0.6 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.8 \pm 0.8$	2
1200 GeV	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.006 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.07 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.08 \\ - 0.07 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.17 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.73 \\ - 0.17 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.24 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.73 \\ - 0.24 \end{smallmatrix}$	2
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , on- $Z$					
Inclusive	$14 \pm 4$	$148 \pm 19$	$5.7 \pm 1.9$	$167 \pm 20$	123
600 GeV	$8.7 \pm 2.7$	$41 \pm 9$	$1.3 \pm 0.9$	$51 \pm 10$	39
1000 GeV	$2.5 \pm 0.8$	$9.1 \pm 3.2$	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.69 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$11.6 \pm 3.5$	12
1200 GeV	$1.01 \pm 0.33$	$4.0 \pm 1.8$	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.69 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$5.0 \pm 2.0$	4
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$ , on- $Z$					
Inclusive	$1.01 \pm 0.32$	$12.1 \pm 1.7$	$13.8 \pm 4.1$	$26.9 \pm 4.5$	24
600 GeV	$0.62 \pm 0.21$	$4.1 \pm 1.0$	$3.5 \pm 1.4$	$8.2 \pm 1.7$	9
1000 GeV	$0.16 \pm 0.06$	$1.2 \pm 0.4$	$0.4 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.8 \\ - 0.4 \end{smallmatrix}$	$1.7 \pm 0.9$	0
1200 GeV	$0.07 \pm 0.03$	$0.53 \pm 0.27$	$0.33 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.74 \\ - 0.33 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.9 \pm 0.8$	0

**Table 14.** Expected and observed event yields for the high- $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$ ,  $m_{\text{eff}}$  signal regions.

$m_{\text{eff}} \geq$	$t\bar{t} + V(V)$	$VV(V)$	Reducible	Total	Observed
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , on- $Z$					
Inclusive	$11.2 \pm 3.5$	$174 \pm 23$	$9.0 \pm 2.7$	$194 \pm 24$	164
600 GeV	$5.5 \pm 1.7$	$22 \pm 6$	$0.9 \pm 0.9$	$28 \pm 6$	29
1200 GeV	$0.33 \pm 0.12$	$2.5 \pm 1.3$	$0.16 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.71 \\ - 0.16 \end{smallmatrix}$	$3.0 \pm 1.5$	2
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$ , on- $Z$					
Inclusive	$0.38 \pm 0.13$	$2.2 \pm 0.9$	$51 \pm 17$	$54 \pm 17$	46
600 GeV	$0.10 \pm 0.06$	$0.12 \pm 0.08$	$5.4 \pm 2.2$	$5.6 \pm 2.2$	8
1200 GeV	$0.01 \pm 0.01$	$0.04 \pm 0.04$	$0.22 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.73 \\ - 0.22 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.27 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.73 \\ - 0.27 \end{smallmatrix}$	0

**Table 15.** Expected and observed event yields for the high- $m_{\text{T}}^{\text{W}}$ ,  $m_{\text{eff}}$  signal regions.

$E_T^{\text{miss}} \geq$	$t\bar{t} + V(V)$		$VV(V)$		Reducible	Total	Observed
	$\geq 3e/\mu, \text{ off-}Z, \text{ no-OSSF}$						
Inclusive	3.7 ± 1.2		0.85 ± 0.26		7.1 ± 2.2	11.7 ± 2.5	18
100 GeV	1.2 ± 0.4		0.24 ± 0.06		2.6 ± 1.1	4.0 ± 1.2	8
200 GeV	0.18 ± 0.07		0.01 ± 0.01		0.34 <sup>+0.71</sup> <sub>-0.34</sub>	0.5 <sup>+0.7</sup> <sub>-0.5</sub>	0
300 GeV	0.12 ± 0.07		0 <sup>+0.03</sup> <sub>-0</sub>		0.15 <sup>+0.70</sup> <sub>-0.15</sub>	0.28 <sup>+0.70</sup> <sub>-0.28</sub>	0
	$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau, \text{ off-}Z, \text{ no-OSSF}$						
Inclusive	2.7 ± 0.8		3.7 ± 0.7		71 ± 19	77 ± 19	83
100 GeV	1.1 ± 0.4		1.18 ± 0.29		19 ± 5	21 ± 5	24
200 GeV	0.04 ± 0.04		0.16 <sup>+0.18</sup> <sub>-0.16</sub>		1.7 ± 0.9	1.9 ± 1.0	2
300 GeV	0.01 ± 0.01		0.05 ± 0.03		0.25 <sup>+0.73</sup> <sub>-0.25</sub>	0.31 <sup>+0.73</sup> <sub>-0.31</sub>	0
	$\geq 3e/\mu, \text{ off-}Z, \text{ OSSF}$						
Inclusive	11.7 ± 3.5		32 ± 6		12 ± 4	56 ± 8	53
100 GeV	3.6 ± 1.1		5.0 ± 1.2		1.9 ± 1.0	10.5 ± 1.9	8
200 GeV	0.41 ± 0.17		0.86 ± 0.24		0.21 <sup>+0.71</sup> <sub>-0.21</sub>	1.5 ± 0.8	2
300 GeV	0.04 <sup>+0.05</sup> <sub>-0.04</sub>		0.28 ± 0.12		0 <sup>+0.7</sup> <sub>-0</sub>	0.33 <sup>+0.70</sup> <sub>-0.33</sub>	0
	$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau, \text{ off-}Z, \text{ OSSF}$						
Inclusive	1.07 ± 0.35		2.4 ± 0.6		95 ± 26	98 ± 26	83
100 GeV	0.39 ± 0.13		0.63 ± 0.21		10.1 ± 3.2	11.1 ± 3.2	9
200 GeV	0.03 ± 0.02		0.20 ± 0.11		0.35 <sup>+0.74</sup> <sub>-0.35</sub>	0.6 <sup>+0.8</sup> <sub>-0.6</sub>	1
300 GeV	0 <sup>+0.003</sup> <sub>-0</sub>		0.02 <sup>+0.05</sup> <sub>-0.02</sub>		0 <sup>+0.71</sup> <sub>-0</sub>	0.02 <sup>+0.71</sup> <sub>-0.02</sub>	0
	$\geq 3e/\mu, \text{ on-}Z$						
Inclusive	52 ± 16		391 ± 70		40 ± 10	480 ± 7	446
100 GeV	13 ± 4		57 ± 12		2.7 ± 1.2	73 ± 13	53
200 GeV	1.7 ± 0.5		9.6 ± 2.6		0.5 <sup>+0.8</sup> <sub>-0.5</sub>	11.8 ± 2.8	13
300 GeV	0.24 ± 0.09		2.3 ± 0.8		0 <sup>+0.69</sup> <sub>-0</sub>	2.6 ± 1.1	1
	$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau, \text{ on-}Z$						
Inclusive	3.0 ± 0.9		26 ± 5		640 ± 180	670 ± 180	554
100 GeV	0.93 ± 0.30		5.3 ± 1.3		8.1 ± 2.5	14.3 ± 2.9	17
200 GeV	0.13 <sup>+0.14</sup> <sub>-0.13</sub>		1.2 ± 0.4		0.4 <sup>+0.8</sup> <sub>-0.4</sub>	1.7 ± 0.9	3
300 GeV	0.02 ± 0.01		0.35 ± 0.16		0 <sup>+0.7</sup> <sub>-0</sub>	0.4 <sup>+0.7</sup> <sub>-0.4</sub>	1

**Table 16.** Expected and observed event yields for the high- $H_T^{\text{jets}}, E_T^{\text{miss}}$  signal regions.

$E_T^{\text{miss}} \geq$	$t\bar{t} + V(V)$	$VV(V)$	Reducible		Total		Observed
			$\geq 3e/\mu$ , off- $Z$ , no-OSSF				
Inclusive	$1.9 \pm 0.6$	$6.1 \pm 1.2$	$10.4 \pm 2.9$		$18.4 \pm 3.3$		18
100 GeV	$0.53 \pm 0.22$	$0.66 \pm 0.19$	$1.4 \pm 0.8$		$2.6 \pm 0.9$		0
200 GeV	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.003 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.08 \pm 0.03$	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.7 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$		$0.08 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.69 \\ - 0.08 \end{smallmatrix}$		0
300 GeV	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.003 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.01 \pm 0.01$	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.7 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$		$0.01 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.69 \\ - 0.01 \end{smallmatrix}$		0
			$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$ , off- $Z$ , no-OSSF				
Inclusive	$0.63 \pm 0.24$	$19.1 \pm 2.5$	$105 \pm 25$		$125 \pm 25$		125
100 GeV	$0.25 \pm 0.12$	$0.85 \pm 0.23$	$9.7 \pm 3.0$		$10.8 \pm 3.0$		4
200 GeV	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.006 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.02 \pm 0.01$	$0.06 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.71 \\ - 0.06 \end{smallmatrix}$		$0.08 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.71 \\ - 0.08 \end{smallmatrix}$		0
300 GeV	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.003 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.03 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.71 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$		$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.71 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$		0
			$\geq 3e/\mu$ , off- $Z$ , OSSF				
Inclusive	$3.1 \pm 1.0$	$159 \pm 18$	$21 \pm 6$		$183 \pm 19$		168
100 GeV	$0.95 \pm 0.34$	$7.2 \pm 1.0$	$1.8 \pm 1.0$		$9.9 \pm 1.4$		8
200 GeV	$0.06 \pm 0.06$	$0.71 \pm 0.16$	$0.09 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.70 \\ - 0.09 \end{smallmatrix}$		$0.9 \pm 0.7$		1
300 GeV	$0.05 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.07 \\ - 0.05 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.11 \pm 0.06$	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.6 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$		$0.16 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.70 \\ - 0.16 \end{smallmatrix}$		0
			$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$ , off- $Z$ , OSSF				
Inclusive	$0.41 \pm 0.15$	$10.6 \pm 1.2$	$530 \pm 150$		$540 \pm 150$		539
100 GeV	$0.16 \pm 0.08$	$0.84 \pm 0.20$	$4.2 \pm 1.5$		$5.2 \pm 1.5$		8
200 GeV	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.003 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.06 \pm 0.05$	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.71 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$		$0.06 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.71 \\ - 0.06 \end{smallmatrix}$		0
300 GeV	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.003 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.03 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.71 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$		$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.71 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$		0
			$\geq 3e/\mu$ , on- $Z$				
Inclusive	$8.4 \pm 2.9$	$2450 \pm 290$	$142 \pm 35$		$2600 \pm 290$		2539
100 GeV	$1.2 \pm 0.4$	$90 \pm 9$	$3.0 \pm 1.3$		$94 \pm 9$		70
200 GeV	$0.05 \pm 0.02$	$6.2 \pm 0.7$	$0.04 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.70 \\ - 0.04 \end{smallmatrix}$		$6.3 \pm 1.0$		3
300 GeV	$0.01 \pm 0.01$	$1.23 \pm 0.26$	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.69 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$		$1.2 \pm 0.7$		0
			$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau$ , on- $Z$				
Inclusive	$0.58 \pm 0.23$	$112 \pm 10$	$9600 \pm 2600$		$9800 \pm 2600$		9149
100 GeV	$0.08 \pm 0.04$	$6.8 \pm 1.0$	$5.7 \pm 2.0$		$12.6 \pm 2.2$		7
200 GeV	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.012 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.72 \pm 0.18$	$0.4 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.8 \\ - 0.4 \end{smallmatrix}$		$1.1 \pm 0.8$		0
300 GeV	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.003 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$	$0.20 \pm 0.10$	$0 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.7 \\ - 0 \end{smallmatrix}$		$0.20 \begin{smallmatrix} + 0.71 \\ - 0.20 \end{smallmatrix}$		0

**Table 17.** Expected and observed event yields for the low- $H_T^{\text{jets}}$ ,  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  signal regions.

$H_T^{\text{leptons}}$ [GeV]	Expected [fb]	$\pm 1\sigma$ [fb]	$\pm 2\sigma$ [fb]	Observed [fb]	$p_0$	Significance [ $\sigma$ ]
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , no-OSSF						
$\geq 200$	0.34	$+0.13$ $-0.08$	$+0.30$ $-0.15$	0.34	0.46	0.1
$\geq 500$	0.22	$+0.07$ $-0.04$	$+0.12$ $-0.06$	0.22	0.47	0.1
$\geq 800$	0.14	$+0.01$ $-0.00$	$+0.08$ $-0.02$	0.14	0.50	0.0
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , no-OSSF						
$\geq 200$	0.60	$+0.22$ $-0.17$	$+0.40$ $-0.28$	0.41	0.50	0.0
$\geq 500$	0.15	$+0.01$ $-0.01$	$+0.08$ $-0.01$	0.14	0.50	0.0
$\geq 800$	0.15	$+0.00$ $-0.01$	$+0.06$ $-0.02$	0.14	0.50	0.0
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , OSSF						
$\geq 200$	1.2	$+0.5$ $-0.3$	$+1.0$ $-0.5$	0.70	0.50	0.0
$\geq 500$	0.26	$+0.03$ $-0.06$	$+0.10$ $-0.10$	0.18	0.50	0.0
$\geq 800$	0.16	$+0.05$ $-0.01$	$+0.13$ $-0.02$	0.15	0.50	0.0
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , OSSF						
$\geq 200$	1.8	$+0.6$ $-0.4$	$+1.2$ $-0.7$	1.68	0.50	0.0
$\geq 500$	0.16	$+0.06$ $-0.02$	$+0.14$ $-0.03$	0.14	0.50	0.0
$\geq 800$	0.16	$+0.00$ $-0.02$	$+0.05$ $-0.03$	0.14	0.50	0.0
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , on-Z						
$\geq 200$	4.9	$+1.7$ $-1.3$	$+3.6$ $-2.1$	3.58	0.50	0.0
$\geq 500$	0.47	$+0.21$ $-0.14$	$+0.41$ $-0.23$	0.47	0.50	0.0
$\geq 800$	0.27	$+0.04$ $-0.05$	$+0.09$ $-0.08$	0.30	0.15	1.1
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , on-Z						
$\geq 200$	3.7	$+1.0$ $-0.8$	$+2.1$ $-1.5$	3.14	0.50	0.0
$\geq 500$	0.24	$+0.06$ $-0.04$	$+0.08$ $-0.06$	0.29	0.30	0.5
$\geq 800$	0.15	$+0.01$ $-0.00$	$+0.07$ $-0.02$	0.16	0.50	0.0

**Table 18.** Expected and observed limits, and corresponding  $p$ -values and significances (in standard deviations), for signal regions based on cuts on  $H_T^{\text{leptons}}$ .

Expected limits with confidence intervals of one and two standard deviations, observed limits, and one-sided  $p$ -values with corresponding significance in units of  $\sigma$  are provided in tables 18–25.

$p_T^{\ell, \min}$ [GeV]	Expected [fb]	$\pm 1\sigma$ [fb]	$\pm 2\sigma$ [fb]	Observed [fb]	$p_0$	Significance [ $\sigma$ ]
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , no-OSSF						
$\geq 50$	0.25	+0.04 -0.04	+0.09 -0.07	0.29	0.10	1.3
$\geq 100$	0.13	+0.02 -0.00	+0.09 -0.00	0.15	0.50	0.0
$\geq 150$	0.14	+0.01 -0.01	+0.07 -0.03	0.14	0.50	0.0
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , no-OSSF						
$\geq 50$	0.34	+0.13 -0.08	+0.31 -0.13	0.31	0.50	0.0
$\geq 100$	0.15	+0.00 -0.00	+0.07 -0.02	0.14	0.50	0.0
$\geq 150$	0.15	+0.00 -0.01	+0.07 -0.02	0.14	0.50	0.0
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , OSSF						
$\geq 50$	0.70	+0.30 -0.20	+0.68 -0.33	0.50	0.50	0.0
$\geq 100$	0.21	+0.08 -0.04	+0.13 -0.07	0.20	0.49	0.0
$\geq 150$	0.14	+0.04 -0.02	+0.12 -0.03	0.13	0.50	0.0
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , OSSF						
$\geq 50$	0.71	+0.20 -0.20	+0.43 -0.34	0.86	0.21	0.8
$\geq 100$	0.15	+0.01 -0.01	+0.08 -0.02	0.16	0.50	0.0
$\geq 150$	0.16	+0.00 -0.02	+0.05 -0.03	0.16	0.50	0.0
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , on- $Z$						
$\geq 50$	2.3	+0.8 -0.6	+1.8 -1.0	1.77	0.50	0.0
$\geq 100$	0.44	+0.20 -0.13	+0.42 -0.22	0.69	0.09	1.4
$\geq 150$	0.31	+0.06 -0.01	+0.28 -0.03	0.30	0.48	0.1
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , on- $Z$						
$\geq 50$	1.3	+0.4 -0.3	+1.0 -0.6	1.05	0.50	0.0
$\geq 100$	0.16	+0.07 -0.01	+0.13 -0.02	0.16	0.50	0.0
$\geq 150$	0.15	+0.00 -0.01	+0.08 -0.02	0.15	0.50	0.0

**Table 19.** Expected and observed limits, and corresponding  $p$ -values and significances (in standard deviations), for signal regions based on cuts on  $p_T^{\ell, \min}$ .

$b$ tags	Expected	$\pm 1\sigma$	$\pm 2\sigma$	Observed	$p_0$	Significance
	[fb]	[fb]	[fb]	[fb]		[ $\sigma$ ]
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , no-OSSF						
$\geq 1$	0.59	+0.23 -0.17	+0.41 -0.28	0.64	0.35	0.4
$\geq 2$	0.30	+0.09 -0.10	+0.21 -0.15	0.32	0.40	0.3
$2e/\mu+ \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , no-OSSF						
$\geq 1$	2.4	+0.7 -0.6	+1.6 -1.0	2.44	0.45	0.1
$\geq 2$	0.96	+0.35 -0.25	+0.72 -0.43	1.07	0.35	0.4
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , OSSF						
$\geq 1$	0.92	+0.35 -0.25	+0.79 -0.41	0.86	0.50	0.0
$\geq 2$	0.45	+0.18 -0.10	+0.28 -0.16	0.47	0.45	0.1
$2e/\mu+ \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , OSSF						
$\geq 1$	1.8	+0.6 -0.4	+1.2 -0.7	1.57	0.50	0.0
$\geq 2$	0.55	+0.22 -0.16	+0.39 -0.26	0.43	0.50	0.0
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , on- $Z$						
$\geq 1$	3.9	+1.3 -1.0	+2.7 -1.7	3.91	0.49	0.0
$\geq 2$	0.89	+0.33 -0.24	+0.73 -0.39	0.70	0.50	0.0
$2e/\mu+ \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , on- $Z$						
$\geq 1$	9.4	+2.5 -2.1	+5.1 -3.7	9.38	0.50	0.0
$\geq 2$	0.79	+0.30 -0.21	+0.68 -0.35	0.66	0.50	0.0

**Table 20.** Expected and observed limits, and corresponding  $p$ -values and significances (in standard deviations), for signal regions based on cuts on the number of  $b$ -tagged jets.

$m_{\text{eff}}$ [GeV]	Expected [fb]	$\pm 1\sigma$ [fb]	$\pm 2\sigma$ [fb]	Observed [fb]	$p_0$	Significance [ $\sigma$ ]
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , no-OSSF						
$\geq 600$	0.27	$+0.04$ $-0.06$	$+0.09$ $-0.10$	0.25	0.50	0.0
$\geq 1000$	0.18	$+0.06$ $-0.02$	$+0.12$ $-0.04$	0.19	0.37	0.3
$\geq 1500$	0.15	$+0.01$ $-0.01$	$+0.07$ $-0.01$	0.15	0.50	0.0
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , no-OSSF						
$\geq 600$	0.68	$+0.20$ $-0.19$	$+0.41$ $-0.32$	0.77	0.34	0.4
$\geq 1000$	0.24	$+0.05$ $-0.06$	$+0.10$ $-0.09$	0.22	0.50	0.0
$\geq 1500$	0.18	$+0.06$ $-0.01$	$+0.11$ $-0.02$	0.20	0.26	0.6
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , OSSF						
$\geq 600$	0.65	$+0.21$ $-0.18$	$+0.41$ $-0.30$	0.49	0.50	0.0
$\geq 1000$	0.25	$+0.11$ $-0.05$	$+0.25$ $-0.09$	0.16	0.50	0.0
$\geq 1500$	0.15	$+0.05$ $-0.01$	$+0.12$ $-0.01$	0.14	0.50	0.0
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , OSSF						
$\geq 600$	0.66	$+0.21$ $-0.18$	$+0.40$ $-0.30$	0.69	0.44	0.1
$\geq 1000$	0.23	$+0.06$ $-0.04$	$+0.11$ $-0.06$	0.22	0.50	0.0
$\geq 1500$	0.15	$+0.00$ $-0.00$	$+0.05$ $-0.02$	0.15	0.50	0.0
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , on- $Z$						
$\geq 600$	3.2	$+1.0$ $-0.8$	$+2.1$ $-1.3$	2.93	0.50	0.0
$\geq 1000$	0.90	$+0.20$ $-0.17$	$+0.75$ $-0.33$	0.91	0.48	0.0
$\geq 1500$	0.26	$+0.04$ $-0.07$	$+0.09$ $-0.10$	0.22	0.50	0.0
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , on- $Z$						
$\geq 600$	1.7	$+0.6$ $-0.4$	$+1.2$ $-0.7$	1.49	0.50	0.0
$\geq 1000$	0.38	$+0.14$ $-0.09$	$+0.32$ $-0.15$	0.64	0.05	1.7
$\geq 1500$	0.18	$+0.06$ $-0.01$	$+0.12$ $-0.02$	0.20	0.29	0.5

**Table 21.** Expected and observed limits, and corresponding  $p$ -values and significances (in standard deviations), for signal regions based on cuts on  $m_{\text{eff}}$ .

$m_{\text{eff}}$ [GeV]	Expected [fb]	$\pm 1\sigma$ [fb]	$\pm 2\sigma$ [fb]	Observed [fb]	$p_0$	Significance [ $\sigma$ ]
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , no-OSSF						
$\geq 0$	0.37	$+0.14$ $-0.09$	$+0.34$ $-0.16$	0.41	0.34	0.4
$\geq 600$	0.22	$+0.07$ $-0.04$	$+0.13$ $-0.06$	0.24	0.44	0.2
$\geq 1200$	0.15	$+0.02$ $-0.01$	$+0.07$ $-0.02$	0.15	0.50	0.0
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , no-OSSF						
$\geq 0$	0.87	$+0.33$ $-0.23$	$+0.73$ $-0.39$	0.77	0.50	0.0
$\geq 600$	0.43	$+0.17$ $-0.12$	$+0.31$ $-0.17$	0.42	0.50	0.0
$\geq 1200$	0.21	$+0.07$ $-0.02$	$+0.12$ $-0.02$	0.27	0.17	1.0
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , OSSF						
$\geq 0$	0.57	$+0.23$ $-0.17$	$+0.41$ $-0.27$	0.48	0.50	0.0
$\geq 600$	0.39	$+0.16$ $-0.10$	$+0.34$ $-0.15$	0.35	0.50	0.0
$\geq 1200$	0.18	$+0.06$ $-0.02$	$+0.12$ $-0.03$	0.19	0.40	0.2
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , OSSF						
$\geq 0$	0.60	$+0.22$ $-0.17$	$+0.40$ $-0.28$	0.62	0.45	0.1
$\geq 600$	0.34	$+0.12$ $-0.09$	$+0.30$ $-0.12$	0.32	0.50	0.0
$\geq 1200$	0.25	$+0.05$ $-0.04$	$+0.10$ $-0.04$	0.28	0.16	1.0
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , on- $Z$						
$\geq 0$	2.0	$+0.7$ $-0.5$	$+1.6$ $-0.9$	1.21	0.50	0.0
$\geq 600$	1.1	$+0.4$ $-0.3$	$+0.9$ $-0.5$	0.84	0.50	0.0
$\geq 1200$	0.29	$+0.01$ $-0.06$	$+0.07$ $-0.11$	0.27	0.50	0.0
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , on- $Z$						
$\geq 0$	0.69	$+0.21$ $-0.20$	$+0.43$ $-0.32$	0.60	0.50	0.0
$\geq 600$	0.39	$+0.17$ $-0.11$	$+0.33$ $-0.16$	0.42	0.42	0.2
$\geq 1200$	0.16	$+0.06$ $-0.02$	$+0.13$ $-0.03$	0.14	0.50	0.0

**Table 22.** Expected and observed limits, and corresponding  $p$ -values and significances (in standard deviations), for signal regions based on cuts on  $m_{\text{eff}}$ . All signal regions above have an additional requirement of  $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}} \geq 100$  GeV.



$m_{\text{eff}}$ [GeV]	Expected [fb]	$\pm 1\sigma$ [fb]	$\pm 2\sigma$ [fb]	Observed [fb]	$p_0$	Significance [ $\sigma$ ]
$\geq 3e/\mu, \text{ on-}Z$						
$\geq 0$	2.5	$+0.9$ $-0.7$	$+1.9$ $-1.1$	1.83	0.50	0.0
$\geq 600$	0.84	$+0.18$ $-0.20$	$+0.57$ $-0.36$	0.86	0.46	0.1
$\geq 1200$	0.26	$+0.04$ $-0.06$	$+0.09$ $-0.07$	0.22	0.50	0.0
$2e/\mu+ \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}, \text{ on-}Z$						
$\geq 0$	1.45	$+0.45$ $-0.35$	$+0.99$ $-0.59$	1.31	0.50	0.0
$\geq 600$	0.39	$+0.14$ $-0.09$	$+0.33$ $-0.15$	0.48	0.25	0.7
$\geq 1200$	0.15	$+0.01$ $-0.00$	$+0.08$ $-0.02$	0.15	0.50	0.0

**Table 23.** Expected and observed limits, and corresponding  $p$ -values and significances (in standard deviations), for signal regions based on cuts on  $m_{\text{eff}}$ . All signal regions above have an additional requirement of  $m_{\text{T}}^W \geq 100$  GeV.

$E_T^{\text{miss}}$ [GeV]	Expected [fb]	$\pm 1\sigma$ [fb]	$\pm 2\sigma$ [fb]	Observed [fb]	$p_0$	Significance [ $\sigma$ ]
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , no-OSSF						
$\geq 0$	0.50	+0.22 -0.15	+0.42 -0.24	0.77	0.09	1.3
$\geq 100$	0.28	+0.01 -0.04	+0.05 -0.07	0.29	0.08	1.4
$\geq 200$	0.15	+0.04 -0.01	+0.10 -0.02	0.15	0.50	0.0
$\geq 300$	0.15	+0.02 -0.01	+0.09 -0.01	0.14	0.50	0.0
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , no-OSSF						
$\geq 0$	2.0	+0.6 -0.5	+1.4 -0.8	2.00	0.40	0.3
$\geq 100$	0.73	+0.19 -0.20	+0.43 -0.34	0.81	0.36	0.4
$\geq 200$	0.22	+0.07 -0.05	+0.12 -0.06	0.23	0.48	0.0
$\geq 300$	0.15	+0.00 -0.01	+0.08 -0.02	0.14	0.50	0.0
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , OSSF						
$\geq 0$	1.2	+0.4 -0.3	+1.0 -0.5	1.11	0.50	0.0
$\geq 100$	0.42	+0.16 -0.11	+0.30 -0.15	0.35	0.50	0.0
$\geq 200$	0.21	+0.08 -0.04	+0.13 -0.05	0.24	0.37	0.3
$\geq 300$	0.16	+0.04 -0.01	+0.12 -0.01	0.15	0.50	0.0
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , OSSF						
$\geq 0$	2.2	+0.7 -0.5	+1.4 -0.9	1.88	0.50	0.0
$\geq 100$	0.46	+0.16 -0.12	+0.28 -0.19	0.41	0.50	0.0
$\geq 200$	0.19	+0.05 -0.01	+0.11 -0.03	0.19	0.37	0.3
$\geq 300$	0.14	+0.01 -0.00	+0.06 -0.01	0.13	0.50	0.0
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , on-Z						
$\geq 0$	7.2	+2.2 -1.8	+4.7 -3.0	6.38	0.50	0.0
$\geq 100$	1.3	+0.5 -0.4	+1.1 -0.6	0.96	0.50	0.0
$\geq 200$	0.51	+0.22 -0.15	+0.40 -0.24	0.55	0.41	0.2
$\geq 300$	0.23	+0.07 -0.06	+0.12 -0.10	0.18	0.50	0.0
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , on-Z						
$\geq 0$	12.4	+3.3 -2.8	+6.6 -4.9	10.66	0.50	0.0
$\geq 100$	0.53	+0.23 -0.16	+0.41 -0.26	0.64	0.30	0.5
$\geq 200$	0.24	+0.05 -0.05	+0.10 -0.07	0.29	0.25	0.7
$\geq 300$	0.22	+0.08 -0.04	+0.12 -0.06	0.23	0.48	0.0

**Table 24.** Expected and observed limits, and corresponding  $p$ -values and significances (in standard deviations), for signal regions based on cuts on  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ . All signal regions above have an additional requirement of  $H_T^{\text{jets}} \geq 150$  GeV.

$E_T^{\text{miss}}$ [GeV]	Expected [fb]	$\pm 1\sigma$ [fb]	$\pm 2\sigma$ [fb]	Observed [fb]	$p_0$	Significance [ $\sigma$ ]
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , no-OSSF						
$\geq 0$	0.58	+0.23 -0.17	+0.41 -0.27	0.56	0.50	0.0
$\geq 100$	0.21	+0.07 -0.06	+0.13 -0.08	0.15	0.50	0.0
$\geq 200$	0.16	+0.01 -0.01	+0.08 -0.02	0.15	0.50	0.0
$\geq 300$	0.14	+0.01 -0.01	+0.01 -0.01	0.14	0.50	0.0
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , no-OSSF						
$\geq 0$	2.5	+0.8 -0.6	+1.7 -1.1	2.48	0.50	0.0
$\geq 100$	0.38	+0.15 -0.11	+0.33 -0.17	0.22	0.50	0.0
$\geq 200$	0.14	+0.00 -0.00	+0.06 -0.01	0.14	0.50	0.0
$\geq 300$	0.15	+0.00 -0.01	+0.05 -0.02	0.14	0.50	0.0
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , OSSF						
$\geq 0$	2.2	+0.8 -0.6	+1.8 -1.0	1.80	0.50	0.0
$\geq 100$	0.39	+0.16 -0.09	+0.34 -0.17	0.34	0.50	0.0
$\geq 200$	0.18	+0.06 -0.02	+0.12 -0.04	0.19	0.45	0.1
$\geq 300$	0.14	+0.01 -0.00	+0.08 -0.01	0.15	0.50	0.0
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , OSSF						
$\geq 0$	12.4	+3.3 -2.8	+6.6 -4.9	12.32	0.50	0.0
$\geq 100$	0.36	+0.15 -0.08	+0.32 -0.13	0.43	0.18	0.9
$\geq 200$	0.15	+0.01 -0.01	+0.08 -0.02	0.14	0.50	0.0
$\geq 300$	0.13	+0.01 -0.01	+0.05 -0.03	0.13	0.50	0.0
$\geq 3e/\mu$ , on- $Z$						
$\geq 0$	26	+9 -7	+19 -11	24.77	0.50	0.0
$\geq 100$	1.2	+0.5 -0.3	+1.1 -0.6	0.69	0.50	0.0
$\geq 200$	0.31	+0.16 -0.10	+0.38 -0.16	0.20	0.50	0.0
$\geq 300$	0.19	+0.07 -0.05	+0.11 -0.05	0.14	0.50	0.0
$2e/\mu + \geq 1\tau_{\text{had}}$ , on- $Z$						
$\geq 0$	205	+50 -45	+102 -79	194.36	0.50	0.0
$\geq 100$	0.40	+0.17 -0.11	+0.33 -0.17	0.29	0.50	0.0
$\geq 200$	0.17	+0.07 -0.02	+0.13 -0.04	0.14	0.50	0.0
$\geq 300$	0.14	+0.03 -0.01	+0.10 -0.02	0.13	0.50	0.0

**Table 25.** Expected and observed limits, and corresponding  $p$ -values and significances (in standard deviations), for signal regions based on cuts on  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ . All signal regions above have an additional requirement of  $H_T^{\text{jets}} < 150$  GeV.

# The ATLAS Collaboration

G. Aad<sup>85</sup>, B. Abbott<sup>113</sup>, J. Abdallah<sup>152</sup>, S. Abdel Khalek<sup>117</sup>, O. Abdinov<sup>11</sup>, R. Aben<sup>107</sup>,  
B. Abi<sup>114</sup>, M. Abolins<sup>90</sup>, O.S. AbouZeid<sup>159</sup>, H. Abramowicz<sup>154</sup>, H. Abreu<sup>153</sup>, R. Abreu<sup>30</sup>,  
Y. Abulaiti<sup>147a,147b</sup>, B.S. Acharya<sup>165a,165b,a</sup>, L. Adamczyk<sup>38a</sup>, D.L. Adams<sup>25</sup>, J. Adelman<sup>108</sup>,  
S. Adomeit<sup>100</sup>, T. Adye<sup>131</sup>, T. Agatonovic-Jovin<sup>13a</sup>, J.A. Aguilar-Saavedra<sup>126a,126f</sup>,  
M. Agustoni<sup>17</sup>, S.P. Ahlen<sup>22</sup>, F. Ahmadov<sup>65,b</sup>, G. Aielli<sup>134a,134b</sup>, H. Akerstedt<sup>147a,147b</sup>,  
T.P.A. Åkesson<sup>81</sup>, G. Akimoto<sup>156</sup>, A.V. Akimov<sup>96</sup>, G.L. Alberghi<sup>20a,20b</sup>, J. Albert<sup>170</sup>,  
S. Albrand<sup>55</sup>, M.J. Alconada Verzini<sup>71</sup>, M. Aleksa<sup>30</sup>, I.N. Aleksandrov<sup>65</sup>, C. Alexa<sup>26a</sup>,  
G. Alexander<sup>154</sup>, G. Alexandre<sup>49</sup>, T. Alexopoulos<sup>10</sup>, M. Alhroob<sup>113</sup>, G. Alimonti<sup>91a</sup>, L. Alio<sup>85</sup>,  
J. Alison<sup>31</sup>, B.M.M. Allbrooke<sup>18</sup>, L.J. Allison<sup>72</sup>, P.P. Allport<sup>74</sup>, A. Aloisio<sup>104a,104b</sup>, A. Alonso<sup>36</sup>,  
F. Alonso<sup>71</sup>, C. Alpigiani<sup>76</sup>, A. Altheimer<sup>35</sup>, B. Alvarez Gonzalez<sup>90</sup>, M.G. Alviggi<sup>104a,104b</sup>,  
K. Amako<sup>66</sup>, Y. Amaral Coutinho<sup>24a</sup>, C. Amelung<sup>23</sup>, D. Amidei<sup>89</sup>, S.P. Amor Dos Santos<sup>126a,126c</sup>,  
A. Amorim<sup>126a,126b</sup>, S. Amoroso<sup>48</sup>, N. Amram<sup>154</sup>, G. Amundsen<sup>23</sup>, C. Anastopoulos<sup>140</sup>,  
L.S. Ancu<sup>49</sup>, N. Andari<sup>30</sup>, T. Andeen<sup>35</sup>, C.F. Anders<sup>58b</sup>, G. Anders<sup>30</sup>, K.J. Anderson<sup>31</sup>,  
A. Andreazza<sup>91a,91b</sup>, V. Andrei<sup>58a</sup>, X.S. Anduaga<sup>71</sup>, S. Angelidakis<sup>9</sup>, I. Angelozzi<sup>107</sup>, P. Anger<sup>44</sup>,  
A. Angerami<sup>35</sup>, F. Anghinolfi<sup>30</sup>, A.V. Anisenkov<sup>109,c</sup>, N. Anjos<sup>12</sup>, A. Annovi<sup>47</sup>, M. Antonelli<sup>47</sup>,  
A. Antonov<sup>98</sup>, J. Antos<sup>145b</sup>, F. Anulli<sup>133a</sup>, M. Aoki<sup>66</sup>, L. Aperio Bella<sup>18</sup>, G. Arabidze<sup>90</sup>, Y. Arai<sup>66</sup>,  
J.P. Araque<sup>126a</sup>, A.T.H. Arce<sup>45</sup>, F.A. Arduh<sup>71</sup>, J-F. Arguin<sup>95</sup>, S. Argyropoulos<sup>42</sup>, M. Arik<sup>19a</sup>,  
A.J. Armbruster<sup>30</sup>, O. Arnæz<sup>30</sup>, V. Arna<sup>82</sup>, H. Arnold<sup>48</sup>, M. Arratia<sup>28</sup>, O. Arslan<sup>21</sup>,  
A. Artamonov<sup>97</sup>, G. Artoni<sup>23</sup>, S. Asai<sup>156</sup>, N. Asbah<sup>42</sup>, A. Ashkenazi<sup>154</sup>, B. Åsman<sup>147a,147b</sup>,  
L. Asquith<sup>150</sup>, K. Assamagan<sup>25</sup>, R. Astalos<sup>145a</sup>, M. Atkinson<sup>166</sup>, N.B. Atlay<sup>142</sup>, B. Auerbach<sup>6</sup>,  
K. Augsten<sup>128</sup>, M. Aurousseau<sup>146b</sup>, G. Avolio<sup>30</sup>, B. Axen<sup>15</sup>, G. Azuelos<sup>95,d</sup>, Y. Azuma<sup>156</sup>,  
M.A. Baak<sup>30</sup>, A.E. Baas<sup>58a</sup>, C. Bacci<sup>135a,135b</sup>, H. Bachacou<sup>137</sup>, K. Bachas<sup>155</sup>, M. Backes<sup>30</sup>,  
M. Backhaus<sup>30</sup>, E. Badescu<sup>26a</sup>, P. Bagiachi<sup>133a,133b</sup>, P. Bagnaia<sup>133a,133b</sup>, Y. Bai<sup>33a</sup>, T. Bain<sup>35</sup>,  
J.T. Baines<sup>131</sup>, O.K. Baker<sup>177</sup>, P. Balek<sup>129</sup>, F. Balli<sup>84</sup>, E. Banas<sup>39</sup>, Sw. Banerjee<sup>174</sup>,  
A.A.E. Bannoura<sup>176</sup>, H.S. Bansil<sup>18</sup>, L. Barak<sup>173</sup>, S.P. Baranov<sup>96</sup>, E.L. Barberio<sup>88</sup>,  
D. Barberis<sup>50a,50b</sup>, M. Barbero<sup>85</sup>, T. Barillari<sup>101</sup>, M. Barisonzi<sup>176</sup>, T. Barklow<sup>144</sup>, N. Barlow<sup>28</sup>,  
S.L. Barnes<sup>84</sup>, B.M. Barnett<sup>131</sup>, R.M. Barnett<sup>15</sup>, Z. Barnovska<sup>5</sup>, A. Baroncelli<sup>135a</sup>, G. Barone<sup>49</sup>,  
A.J. Barr<sup>120</sup>, F. Barreiro<sup>82</sup>, J. Barreiro Guimarães da Costa<sup>57</sup>, R. Bartoldus<sup>144</sup>, A.E. Barton<sup>72</sup>,  
P. Bartos<sup>145a</sup>, V. Bartsch<sup>150</sup>, A. Bassalat<sup>117</sup>, A. Basye<sup>166</sup>, R.L. Bates<sup>53</sup>, S.J. Batista<sup>159</sup>,  
J.R. Batley<sup>28</sup>, M. Battaglia<sup>138</sup>, M. Battistin<sup>30</sup>, F. Bauer<sup>137</sup>, H.S. Bawa<sup>144,e</sup>, J.B. Beacham<sup>110</sup>,  
M.D. Beattie<sup>72</sup>, T. Beau<sup>80</sup>, P.H. Beauchemin<sup>162</sup>, R. Beccherle<sup>124a,124b</sup>, P. Bechtel<sup>21</sup>,  
H.P. Beck<sup>17,f</sup>, K. Becker<sup>120</sup>, S. Becker<sup>100</sup>, M. Beckingham<sup>171</sup>, C. Becot<sup>117</sup>, A.J. Beddall<sup>19c</sup>,  
A. Beddall<sup>19c</sup>, S. Bedikian<sup>177</sup>, V.A. Bednyakov<sup>65</sup>, C.P. Bee<sup>149</sup>, L.J. Beemster<sup>107</sup>,  
T.A. Beermann<sup>176</sup>, M. Begel<sup>25</sup>, K. Behr<sup>120</sup>, C. Belanger-Champagne<sup>87</sup>, P.J. Bell<sup>49</sup>, W.H. Bell<sup>49</sup>,  
G. Bella<sup>154</sup>, L. Bellagamba<sup>20a</sup>, A. Bellerive<sup>29</sup>, M. Bellomo<sup>86</sup>, K. Belotskiy<sup>98</sup>, O. Beltramello<sup>30</sup>,  
O. Benary<sup>154</sup>, D. Bencheikroun<sup>136a</sup>, K. Bendtz<sup>147a,147b</sup>, N. Benekos<sup>166</sup>, Y. Benhammou<sup>154</sup>,  
E. Benhar Nocchioli<sup>49</sup>, J.A. Benitez Garcia<sup>160b</sup>, D.P. Benjamin<sup>45</sup>, J.R. Bensinger<sup>23</sup>,  
S. Bentvelsen<sup>107</sup>, D. Berge<sup>107</sup>, E. Bergeaas Kuutmann<sup>167</sup>, N. Berger<sup>5</sup>, F. Berghaus<sup>170</sup>,  
J. Beringer<sup>15</sup>, C. Bernard<sup>22</sup>, N.R. Bernard<sup>86</sup>, C. Bernius<sup>110</sup>, F.U. Bernlochner<sup>21</sup>, T. Berry<sup>77</sup>,  
P. Berta<sup>129</sup>, C. Bertella<sup>83</sup>, G. Bertoli<sup>147a,147b</sup>, F. Bertolucci<sup>124a,124b</sup>, C. Bertsche<sup>113</sup>,  
D. Bertsche<sup>113</sup>, M.I. Besana<sup>91a</sup>, G.J. Besjes<sup>106</sup>, O. Bessidskaia<sup>147a,147b</sup>, M. Bessner<sup>42</sup>,  
N. Besson<sup>137</sup>, C. Betancourt<sup>48</sup>, S. Bethke<sup>101</sup>, A.J. Bevan<sup>76</sup>, W. Bhimji<sup>46</sup>, R.M. Bianchi<sup>125</sup>,  
L. Bianchini<sup>23</sup>, M. Bianco<sup>30</sup>, O. Biebel<sup>100</sup>, S.P. Bieniek<sup>78</sup>, K. Bierwagen<sup>54</sup>, M. Biglietti<sup>135a</sup>,  
J. Bilbao De Mendizabal<sup>49</sup>, H. Bilokon<sup>47</sup>, M. Bindl<sup>54</sup>, S. Binet<sup>117</sup>, A. Bingul<sup>19c</sup>, C. Bini<sup>133a,133b</sup>,  
C.W. Black<sup>151</sup>, J.E. Black<sup>144</sup>, K.M. Black<sup>22</sup>, D. Blackburn<sup>139</sup>, R.E. Blair<sup>6</sup>, J.-B. Blanchard<sup>137</sup>,  
T. Blazek<sup>145a</sup>, I. Bloch<sup>42</sup>, C. Blocker<sup>23</sup>, W. Blum<sup>83,\*</sup>, U. Blumenschein<sup>54</sup>, G.J. Bobbink<sup>107</sup>,  
V.S. Bobrovnikov<sup>109,c</sup>, S.S. Bocchetta<sup>81</sup>, A. Bocci<sup>45</sup>, C. Bock<sup>100</sup>, C.R. Boddy<sup>120</sup>, M. Boehler<sup>48</sup>,

T.T. Boek<sup>176</sup>, J.A. Bogaerts<sup>30</sup>, A.G. Bogdanchikov<sup>109</sup>, A. Bogouch<sup>92,\*</sup>, C. Bohm<sup>147a</sup>,  
 V. Boisvert<sup>77</sup>, T. Bold<sup>38a</sup>, V. Boldea<sup>26a</sup>, A.S. Boldyrev<sup>99</sup>, M. Bomben<sup>80</sup>, M. Bona<sup>76</sup>,  
 M. Boonekamp<sup>137</sup>, A. Borisov<sup>130</sup>, G. Borissov<sup>72</sup>, S. Borroni<sup>42</sup>, J. Bortfeldt<sup>100</sup>, V. Bortolotto<sup>60a</sup>,  
 K. Bos<sup>107</sup>, D. Boscherini<sup>20a</sup>, M. Bosman<sup>12</sup>, H. Boterenbrood<sup>107</sup>, J. Boudreau<sup>125</sup>, J. Bouffard<sup>2</sup>,  
 E.V. Bouhova-Thacker<sup>72</sup>, D. Boumediene<sup>34</sup>, C. Bourdarios<sup>117</sup>, N. Bousson<sup>114</sup>, S. Boutouil<sup>136d</sup>,  
 A. Boveia<sup>31</sup>, J. Boyd<sup>30</sup>, I.R. Boyko<sup>65</sup>, I. Bozic<sup>13a</sup>, J. Bracinik<sup>18</sup>, A. Brandt<sup>8</sup>, G. Brandt<sup>15</sup>,  
 O. Brandt<sup>58a</sup>, U. Bratzler<sup>157</sup>, B. Brau<sup>86</sup>, J.E. Brau<sup>116</sup>, H.M. Braun<sup>176,\*</sup>, S.F. Brazzale<sup>165a,165c</sup>,  
 B. Brelier<sup>159</sup>, K. Brendlinger<sup>122</sup>, A.J. Brennan<sup>88</sup>, R. Brenner<sup>167</sup>, S. Bressler<sup>173</sup>, K. Bristow<sup>146c</sup>,  
 T.M. Bristow<sup>46</sup>, D. Britton<sup>53</sup>, F.M. Brochu<sup>28</sup>, I. Brock<sup>21</sup>, R. Brock<sup>90</sup>, J. Bronner<sup>101</sup>,  
 G. Brooijmans<sup>35</sup>, T. Brooks<sup>77</sup>, W.K. Brooks<sup>32b</sup>, J. Brosamer<sup>15</sup>, E. Brost<sup>116</sup>, J. Brown<sup>55</sup>,  
 P.A. Bruckman de Renstrom<sup>39</sup>, D. Bruncko<sup>145b</sup>, R. Bruneliere<sup>48</sup>, S. Brunet<sup>61</sup>, A. Bruni<sup>20a</sup>,  
 G. Bruni<sup>20a</sup>, M. Bruschi<sup>20a</sup>, L. Bryngemark<sup>81</sup>, T. Buanes<sup>14</sup>, Q. Buat<sup>143</sup>, F. Bucci<sup>49</sup>,  
 P. Buchholz<sup>142</sup>, A.G. Buckley<sup>53</sup>, S.I. Buda<sup>26a</sup>, I.A. Budagov<sup>65</sup>, F. Buehrer<sup>48</sup>, L. Bugge<sup>119</sup>,  
 M.K. Bugge<sup>119</sup>, O. Bulekov<sup>98</sup>, A.C. Bundock<sup>74</sup>, H. Burckhart<sup>30</sup>, S. Burdin<sup>74</sup>, B. Burghgrave<sup>108</sup>,  
 S. Burke<sup>131</sup>, I. Burmeister<sup>43</sup>, E. Busato<sup>34</sup>, D. Büscher<sup>48</sup>, V. Büscher<sup>83</sup>, P. Bussey<sup>53</sup>,  
 C.P. Buszello<sup>167</sup>, B. Butler<sup>57</sup>, J.M. Butler<sup>22</sup>, A.I. Butt<sup>3</sup>, C.M. Buttar<sup>53</sup>, J.M. Butterworth<sup>78</sup>,  
 P. Butti<sup>107</sup>, W. Buttinger<sup>28</sup>, A. Buzatu<sup>53</sup>, M. Byszewski<sup>10</sup>, S. Cabrera Urbán<sup>168</sup>,  
 D. Caforio<sup>20a,20b</sup>, O. Cakir<sup>4a</sup>, P. Calafiura<sup>15</sup>, A. Calandri<sup>137</sup>, G. Calderini<sup>80</sup>, P. Calfayan<sup>100</sup>,  
 L.P. Caloba<sup>24a</sup>, D. Calvet<sup>34</sup>, S. Calvet<sup>34</sup>, R. Camacho Toro<sup>49</sup>, S. Camarda<sup>42</sup>, D. Cameron<sup>119</sup>,  
 L.M. Caminada<sup>15</sup>, R. Caminal Armadans<sup>12</sup>, S. Campana<sup>30</sup>, M. Campanelli<sup>78</sup>, A. Campoverde<sup>149</sup>,  
 V. Canale<sup>104a,104b</sup>, A. Canepa<sup>160a</sup>, M. Cano Bret<sup>76</sup>, J. Cantero<sup>82</sup>, R. Cantrill<sup>126a</sup>, T. Cao<sup>40</sup>,  
 M.D.M. Capeans Garrido<sup>30</sup>, I. Caprini<sup>26a</sup>, M. Caprini<sup>26a</sup>, M. Capua<sup>37a,37b</sup>, R. Caputo<sup>83</sup>,  
 R. Cardarelli<sup>134a</sup>, T. Carli<sup>30</sup>, G. Carlino<sup>104a</sup>, L. Carminati<sup>91a,91b</sup>, S. Caron<sup>106</sup>, E. Carquin<sup>32a</sup>,  
 G.D. Carrillo-Montoya<sup>146c</sup>, J.R. Carter<sup>28</sup>, J. Carvalho<sup>126a,126c</sup>, D. Casadei<sup>78</sup>, M.P. Casado<sup>12</sup>,  
 M. Casolino<sup>12</sup>, E. Castaneda-Miranda<sup>146b</sup>, A. Castelli<sup>107</sup>, V. Castillo Gimenez<sup>168</sup>, N.F. Castro<sup>126a</sup>,  
 P. Catastini<sup>57</sup>, A. Catinaccio<sup>30</sup>, J.R. Catmore<sup>119</sup>, A. Cattai<sup>30</sup>, G. Cattani<sup>134a,134b</sup>, J. Caudron<sup>83</sup>,  
 V. Cavaliere<sup>166</sup>, D. Cavalli<sup>91a</sup>, M. Cavalli-Sforza<sup>12</sup>, V. Cavasinni<sup>124a,124b</sup>, F. Ceradini<sup>135a,135b</sup>,  
 B.C. Cerio<sup>45</sup>, K. Cerny<sup>129</sup>, A.S. Cerqueira<sup>24b</sup>, A. Cerri<sup>150</sup>, L. Cerrito<sup>76</sup>, F. Cerutti<sup>15</sup>, M. Cerv<sup>30</sup>,  
 A. Cervelli<sup>17</sup>, S.A. Cetin<sup>19b</sup>, A. Chafaq<sup>136a</sup>, D. Chakraborty<sup>108</sup>, I. Chalupkova<sup>129</sup>, P. Chang<sup>166</sup>,  
 B. Chapleau<sup>87</sup>, J.D. Chapman<sup>28</sup>, D. Charfeddine<sup>117</sup>, D.G. Charlton<sup>18</sup>, C.C. Chau<sup>159</sup>,  
 C.A. Chavez Barajas<sup>150</sup>, S. Cheatham<sup>153</sup>, A. Chegwidden<sup>90</sup>, S. Chekanov<sup>6</sup>, S.V. Chekulaev<sup>160a</sup>,  
 G.A. Chelkov<sup>65,g</sup>, M.A. Chelstowska<sup>89</sup>, C. Chen<sup>64</sup>, H. Chen<sup>25</sup>, K. Chen<sup>149</sup>, L. Chen<sup>33d,h</sup>,  
 S. Chen<sup>33c</sup>, X. Chen<sup>33f</sup>, Y. Chen<sup>67</sup>, H.C. Cheng<sup>89</sup>, Y. Cheng<sup>31</sup>, A. Cheplakov<sup>65</sup>,  
 E. Cheremushkina<sup>130</sup>, R. Cherkaoui El Moursli<sup>136e</sup>, V. Chernyatin<sup>25,\*</sup>, E. Cheu<sup>7</sup>, L. Chevalier<sup>137</sup>,  
 V. Chiarella<sup>47</sup>, G. Chiefari<sup>104a,104b</sup>, J.T. Childers<sup>6</sup>, A. Chilingarov<sup>72</sup>, G. Chiodini<sup>73a</sup>,  
 A.S. Chisholm<sup>18</sup>, R.T. Chislett<sup>78</sup>, A. Chitan<sup>26a</sup>, M.V. Chizhov<sup>65</sup>, S. Chouridou<sup>9</sup>, B.K.B. Chow<sup>100</sup>,  
 D. Chromek-Burckhart<sup>30</sup>, M.L. Chu<sup>152</sup>, J. Chudoba<sup>127</sup>, J.J. Chwastowski<sup>39</sup>, L. Chytka<sup>115</sup>,  
 G. Ciapetti<sup>133a,133b</sup>, A.K. Ciftci<sup>4a</sup>, R. Ciftci<sup>4a</sup>, D. Cinca<sup>53</sup>, V. Cindro<sup>75</sup>, A. Ciocio<sup>15</sup>,  
 Z.H. Citron<sup>173</sup>, M. Citterio<sup>91a</sup>, M. Ciubancan<sup>26a</sup>, A. Clark<sup>49</sup>, P.J. Clark<sup>46</sup>, R.N. Clarke<sup>15</sup>,  
 W. Cleland<sup>125</sup>, J.C. Clemens<sup>85</sup>, C. Clement<sup>147a,147b</sup>, Y. Coadou<sup>85</sup>, M. Cobal<sup>165a,165c</sup>,  
 A. Coccaro<sup>139</sup>, J. Cochran<sup>64</sup>, L. Coffey<sup>23</sup>, J.G. Cogan<sup>144</sup>, B. Cole<sup>35</sup>, S. Cole<sup>108</sup>, A.P. Colijn<sup>107</sup>,  
 J. Collot<sup>55</sup>, T. Colombo<sup>58c</sup>, G. Compostella<sup>101</sup>, P. Conde Muiño<sup>126a,126b</sup>, E. Coniavitis<sup>48</sup>,  
 S.H. Connell<sup>146b</sup>, I.A. Connelly<sup>77</sup>, S.M. Consolmi<sup>91a,91b</sup>, V. Consorti<sup>48</sup>, S. Constantinescu<sup>26a</sup>,  
 C. Conta<sup>121a,121b</sup>, G. Conti<sup>57</sup>, F. Conventi<sup>104a,i</sup>, M. Cooke<sup>15</sup>, B.D. Cooper<sup>78</sup>,  
 A.M. Cooper-Sarkar<sup>120</sup>, N.J. Cooper-Smith<sup>77</sup>, K. Copic<sup>15</sup>, T. Cornelissen<sup>176</sup>, M. Corradi<sup>20a</sup>,  
 F. Corriveau<sup>87,j</sup>, A. Corso-Radu<sup>164</sup>, A. Cortes-Gonzalez<sup>12</sup>, G. Cortiana<sup>101</sup>, G. Costa<sup>91a</sup>,  
 M.J. Costa<sup>168</sup>, D. Costanzo<sup>140</sup>, D. Côté<sup>8</sup>, G. Cottin<sup>28</sup>, G. Cowan<sup>77</sup>, B.E. Cox<sup>84</sup>, K. Cranmer<sup>110</sup>,  
 G. Cree<sup>29</sup>, S. Crépe-Renaudin<sup>55</sup>, F. Crescioli<sup>80</sup>, W.A. Cribbs<sup>147a,147b</sup>, M. Crispin Ortuzar<sup>120</sup>,  
 M. Cristinziani<sup>21</sup>, V. Croft<sup>106</sup>, G. Crosetti<sup>37a,37b</sup>, T. Cuhadar Donszelmann<sup>140</sup>, J. Cummings<sup>177</sup>,

M. Curatolo<sup>47</sup>, C. Cuthbert<sup>151</sup>, H. Czirr<sup>142</sup>, P. Czodrowski<sup>3</sup>, S. D'Auria<sup>53</sup>, M. D'Onofrio<sup>74</sup>,  
M.J. Da Cunha Sargedas De Sousa<sup>126a,126b</sup>, C. Da Via<sup>84</sup>, W. Dabrowski<sup>38a</sup>, A. Dafinca<sup>120</sup>,  
T. Dai<sup>89</sup>, O. Dale<sup>14</sup>, F. Dallaire<sup>95</sup>, C. Dallapiccola<sup>86</sup>, M. Dam<sup>36</sup>, A.C. Daniells<sup>18</sup>,  
M. Danninger<sup>169</sup>, M. Dano Hoffmann<sup>137</sup>, V. Dao<sup>48</sup>, G. Darbo<sup>50a</sup>, S. Darmora<sup>8</sup>, J. Dassoulas<sup>74</sup>,  
A. Dattagupta<sup>61</sup>, W. Davey<sup>21</sup>, C. David<sup>170</sup>, T. Davidek<sup>129</sup>, E. Davies<sup>120,k</sup>, M. Davies<sup>154</sup>,  
O. Davignon<sup>80</sup>, A.R. Davison<sup>78</sup>, P. Davison<sup>78</sup>, Y. Davygora<sup>58a</sup>, E. Dawe<sup>143</sup>, I. Dawson<sup>140</sup>,  
R.K. Daya-Ishmukhametova<sup>86</sup>, K. De<sup>8</sup>, R. de Asmundis<sup>104a</sup>, S. De Castro<sup>20a,20b</sup>, S. De Cecco<sup>80</sup>,  
N. De Groot<sup>106</sup>, P. de Jong<sup>107</sup>, H. De la Torre<sup>82</sup>, F. De Lorenzi<sup>64</sup>, L. De Nooij<sup>107</sup>, D. De Pedis<sup>133a</sup>,  
A. De Salvo<sup>133a</sup>, U. De Sanctis<sup>150</sup>, A. De Santo<sup>150</sup>, J.B. De Vivie De Regie<sup>117</sup>, W.J. Dearnaley<sup>72</sup>,  
R. Debbe<sup>25</sup>, C. Debenedetti<sup>138</sup>, B. Dechenaux<sup>55</sup>, D.V. Dedovich<sup>65</sup>, I. Deigaard<sup>107</sup>, J. Del Peso<sup>82</sup>,  
T. Del Prete<sup>124a,124b</sup>, F. Deliot<sup>137</sup>, C.M. Delitzsch<sup>49</sup>, M. Deliyergiyev<sup>75</sup>, A. Dell'Acqua<sup>30</sup>,  
L. Dell'Asta<sup>22</sup>, M. Dell'Orso<sup>124a,124b</sup>, M. Della Pietra<sup>104a,i</sup>, D. della Volpe<sup>49</sup>, M. Delmastro<sup>5</sup>,  
P.A. Delsart<sup>55</sup>, C. Deluca<sup>107</sup>, D.A. DeMarco<sup>159</sup>, S. Demers<sup>177</sup>, M. Demichev<sup>65</sup>, A. Demilly<sup>80</sup>,  
S.P. Denisov<sup>130</sup>, D. Derendarz<sup>39</sup>, J.E. Derkaoui<sup>136d</sup>, F. Derue<sup>80</sup>, P. Dervan<sup>74</sup>, K. Desch<sup>21</sup>,  
C. Deterre<sup>42</sup>, P.O. Deviveiros<sup>30</sup>, A. Dewhurst<sup>131</sup>, S. Dhaliwal<sup>107</sup>, A. Di Ciaccio<sup>134a,134b</sup>,  
L. Di Ciaccio<sup>5</sup>, A. Di Domenico<sup>133a,133b</sup>, C. Di Donato<sup>104a,104b</sup>, A. Di Girolamo<sup>30</sup>,  
B. Di Girolamo<sup>30</sup>, A. Di Mattia<sup>153</sup>, B. Di Micco<sup>135a,135b</sup>, R. Di Nardo<sup>47</sup>, A. Di Simone<sup>48</sup>,  
R. Di Sipio<sup>20a,20b</sup>, D. Di Valentino<sup>29</sup>, F.A. Dias<sup>46</sup>, M.A. Diaz<sup>32a</sup>, E.B. Diehl<sup>89</sup>, J. Dietrich<sup>16</sup>,  
T.A. Dietzsch<sup>58a</sup>, S. Diglio<sup>85</sup>, A. Dimitrievska<sup>13a</sup>, J. Dingfelder<sup>21</sup>, P. Dita<sup>26a</sup>, S. Dita<sup>26a</sup>,  
F. Dittus<sup>30</sup>, F. Djama<sup>85</sup>, T. Djobava<sup>51b</sup>, J.I. Djuvsland<sup>58a</sup>, M.A.B. do Vale<sup>24c</sup>, D. Dobos<sup>30</sup>,  
C. Doglioni<sup>49</sup>, T. Doherty<sup>53</sup>, T. Dohmae<sup>156</sup>, J. Dolejsi<sup>129</sup>, Z. Dolezal<sup>129</sup>, B.A. Dolgoshein<sup>98,\*</sup>,  
M. Donadelli<sup>24d</sup>, S. Donati<sup>124a,124b</sup>, P. Dondero<sup>121a,121b</sup>, J. Donini<sup>34</sup>, J. Dopke<sup>131</sup>, A. Doria<sup>104a</sup>,  
M.T. Dova<sup>71</sup>, A.T. Doyle<sup>53</sup>, M. Dris<sup>10</sup>, J. Dubbert<sup>89</sup>, S. Dube<sup>15</sup>, E. Dubreuil<sup>34</sup>, E. Duchovni<sup>173</sup>,  
G. Duckeck<sup>100</sup>, O.A. Ducu<sup>26a</sup>, D. Duda<sup>176</sup>, A. Dudarev<sup>30</sup>, F. Dudziak<sup>64</sup>, L. Dufflot<sup>117</sup>,  
L. Duguid<sup>77</sup>, M. Dührssen<sup>30</sup>, M. Dunford<sup>58a</sup>, H. Duran Yildiz<sup>4a</sup>, M. Düren<sup>52</sup>, A. Durglishvili<sup>51b</sup>,  
D. Duschinger<sup>44</sup>, M. Dwuznik<sup>38a</sup>, M. Dyndal<sup>38a</sup>, W. Edson<sup>2</sup>, N.C. Edwards<sup>46</sup>, W. Ehrenfeld<sup>21</sup>,  
T. Eifert<sup>30</sup>, G. Eigen<sup>14</sup>, K. Einsweiler<sup>15</sup>, T. Ekelof<sup>67</sup>, M. El Kacimi<sup>136c</sup>, M. Ellert<sup>167</sup>, S. Elles<sup>5</sup>,  
F. Ellinghaus<sup>83</sup>, A.A. Elliot<sup>170</sup>, N. Ellis<sup>30</sup>, J. Elmsheuser<sup>100</sup>, M. Elsing<sup>30</sup>, D. Emelianov<sup>131</sup>,  
Y. Enari<sup>156</sup>, O.C. Endner<sup>83</sup>, M. Endo<sup>118</sup>, R. Engelmann<sup>149</sup>, J. Erdmann<sup>43</sup>, A. Ereditato<sup>17</sup>,  
D. Eriksson<sup>147a</sup>, G. Ernis<sup>176</sup>, J. Ernst<sup>2</sup>, M. Ernst<sup>25</sup>, J. Ernwein<sup>137</sup>, S. Errede<sup>166</sup>, E. Ertel<sup>83</sup>,  
M. Escalier<sup>117</sup>, H. Esch<sup>43</sup>, C. Escobar<sup>125</sup>, B. Esposito<sup>47</sup>, A.I. Etienvre<sup>137</sup>, E. Etzion<sup>154</sup>,  
H. Evans<sup>61</sup>, A. Ezhilov<sup>123</sup>, L. Fabbri<sup>20a,20b</sup>, G. Facini<sup>31</sup>, R.M. Fakhruddinov<sup>130</sup>, S. Falciano<sup>133a</sup>,  
R.J. Falla<sup>78</sup>, J. Faltova<sup>129</sup>, Y. Fang<sup>33a</sup>, M. Fanti<sup>91a,91b</sup>, A. Farbin<sup>8</sup>, A. Farilla<sup>135a</sup>, T. Farooque<sup>12</sup>,  
S. Farrell<sup>15</sup>, S.M. Farrington<sup>171</sup>, P. Farthouat<sup>30</sup>, F. Fassi<sup>136e</sup>, P. Fassnacht<sup>30</sup>, D. Fassouliotis<sup>9</sup>,  
A. Favareto<sup>50a,50b</sup>, L. Fayard<sup>117</sup>, P. Federic<sup>145a</sup>, O.L. Fedin<sup>123,l</sup>, W. Fedorko<sup>169</sup>, S. Feigl<sup>30</sup>,  
L. Felgioni<sup>85</sup>, C. Feng<sup>33d</sup>, E.J. Feng<sup>6</sup>, H. Feng<sup>89</sup>, A.B. Fenyuk<sup>130</sup>, P. Fernandez Martinez<sup>168</sup>,  
S. Fernandez Perez<sup>30</sup>, S. Ferrag<sup>53</sup>, J. Ferrando<sup>53</sup>, A. Ferrari<sup>167</sup>, P. Ferrari<sup>107</sup>, R. Ferrari<sup>121a</sup>,  
D.E. Ferreira de Lima<sup>53</sup>, A. Ferrer<sup>168</sup>, D. Ferrere<sup>49</sup>, C. Ferretti<sup>89</sup>, A. Ferretto Parodi<sup>50a,50b</sup>,  
M. Fiascaris<sup>31</sup>, F. Fiedler<sup>83</sup>, A. Filipčič<sup>75</sup>, M. Filipuzzi<sup>42</sup>, F. Filthaut<sup>106</sup>, M. Fincke-Keeler<sup>170</sup>,  
K.D. Finelli<sup>151</sup>, M.C.N. Fiolhais<sup>126a,126c</sup>, L. Fiorini<sup>168</sup>, A. Firan<sup>40</sup>, A. Fischer<sup>2</sup>, J. Fischer<sup>176</sup>,  
W.C. Fisher<sup>90</sup>, E.A. Fitzgerald<sup>23</sup>, M. Flechl<sup>48</sup>, I. Fleck<sup>142</sup>, P. Fleischmann<sup>89</sup>, S. Fleischmann<sup>176</sup>,  
G.T. Fletcher<sup>140</sup>, G. Fletcher<sup>76</sup>, T. Flick<sup>176</sup>, A. Floderus<sup>81</sup>, L.R. Flores Castillo<sup>60a</sup>,  
M.J. Flowerdew<sup>101</sup>, A. Formica<sup>137</sup>, A. Forti<sup>84</sup>, D. Fournier<sup>117</sup>, H. Fox<sup>72</sup>, S. Fracchia<sup>12</sup>,  
P. Francavilla<sup>80</sup>, M. Franchini<sup>20a,20b</sup>, S. Franchino<sup>30</sup>, D. Francis<sup>30</sup>, L. Franconi<sup>119</sup>, M. Franklin<sup>57</sup>,  
M. Fraternali<sup>121a,121b</sup>, S.T. French<sup>28</sup>, C. Friedrich<sup>42</sup>, F. Friedrich<sup>44</sup>, D. Froidevaux<sup>30</sup>,  
J.A. Frost<sup>120</sup>, C. Fukunaga<sup>157</sup>, E. Fullana Torregrosa<sup>83</sup>, B.G. Fulson<sup>144</sup>, J. Fuster<sup>168</sup>,  
C. Gabaldon<sup>55</sup>, O. Gabizon<sup>176</sup>, A. Gabrielli<sup>20a,20b</sup>, A. Gabrielli<sup>133a,133b</sup>, S. Gadatsch<sup>107</sup>,  
S. Gadomski<sup>49</sup>, G. Gagliardi<sup>50a,50b</sup>, P. Gagnon<sup>61</sup>, C. Galea<sup>106</sup>, B. Galhardo<sup>126a,126c</sup>,  
E.J. Gallas<sup>120</sup>, B.J. Gallop<sup>131</sup>, P. Gallus<sup>128</sup>, G. Galster<sup>36</sup>, K.K. Gan<sup>111</sup>, J. Gao<sup>33b,h</sup>,

Y.S. Gao<sup>144,e</sup>, F.M. Garay Walls<sup>46</sup>, F. Garberson<sup>177</sup>, C. García<sup>168</sup>, J.E. García Navarro<sup>168</sup>,  
 M. Garcia-Sciveres<sup>15</sup>, R.W. Gardner<sup>31</sup>, N. Garelli<sup>144</sup>, V. Garonne<sup>30</sup>, C. Gatti<sup>47</sup>, G. Gaudio<sup>121a</sup>,  
 B. Gaur<sup>142</sup>, L. Gauthier<sup>95</sup>, P. Gauzzi<sup>133a,133b</sup>, I.L. Gavrilenko<sup>96</sup>, C. Gay<sup>169</sup>, G. Gaycken<sup>21</sup>,  
 E.N. Gazis<sup>10</sup>, P. Ge<sup>33d</sup>, Z. Gecse<sup>169</sup>, C.N.P. Gee<sup>131</sup>, D.A.A. Geerts<sup>107</sup>, Ch. Geich-Gimbel<sup>21</sup>,  
 K. Gellerstedt<sup>147a,147b</sup>, C. Gemme<sup>50a</sup>, A. Gemmel<sup>53</sup>, M.H. Genest<sup>55</sup>, S. Gentile<sup>133a,133b</sup>,  
 M. George<sup>54</sup>, S. George<sup>77</sup>, D. Gerbaudo<sup>164</sup>, A. Gershon<sup>154</sup>, H. Ghazlane<sup>136b</sup>, N. Ghodbane<sup>34</sup>,  
 B. Giacobbe<sup>20a</sup>, S. Giagu<sup>133a,133b</sup>, V.angiobbe<sup>12</sup>, P. Giannetti<sup>124a,124b</sup>, F. Gianotti<sup>30</sup>,  
 B. Gibbard<sup>25</sup>, S.M. Gibson<sup>77</sup>, M. Gilchriese<sup>15</sup>, T.P.S. Gillam<sup>28</sup>, D. Gillberg<sup>30</sup>, G. Gilles<sup>34</sup>,  
 D.M. Gingrich<sup>3,d</sup>, N. Giokaris<sup>9</sup>, M.P. Giordani<sup>165a,165c</sup>, R. Giordano<sup>104a,104b</sup>, F.M. Giorgi<sup>20a</sup>,  
 F.M. Giorgi<sup>16</sup>, P.F. Giraud<sup>137</sup>, D. Giugni<sup>91a</sup>, C. Giuliani<sup>48</sup>, M. Giulini<sup>58b</sup>, B.K. Gjelsten<sup>119</sup>,  
 S. Gkaitatzis<sup>155</sup>, I. Gkialas<sup>155</sup>, E.L. Gkoukousis<sup>117</sup>, L.K. Gladilin<sup>99</sup>, C. Glasman<sup>82</sup>, J. Glatzer<sup>30</sup>,  
 P.C.F. Glaysher<sup>46</sup>, A. Glazov<sup>42</sup>, G.L. Glonti<sup>62</sup>, M. Goblirsch-Kolb<sup>101</sup>, J.R. Goddard<sup>76</sup>,  
 J. Godlewski<sup>30</sup>, S. Goldfarb<sup>89</sup>, T. Golling<sup>49</sup>, D. Golubkov<sup>130</sup>, A. Gomes<sup>126a,126b,126d</sup>,  
 L.S. Gomez Fajardo<sup>42</sup>, R. Gonçalo<sup>126a</sup>, J. Goncalves Pinto Firmino Da Costa<sup>137</sup>, L. Gonella<sup>21</sup>,  
 S. González de la Hoz<sup>168</sup>, G. Gonzalez Parra<sup>12</sup>, S. Gonzalez-Sevilla<sup>49</sup>, L. Goossens<sup>30</sup>,  
 P.A. Gorbounov<sup>97</sup>, H.A. Gordon<sup>25</sup>, I. Gorelov<sup>105</sup>, B. Gorini<sup>30</sup>, E. Gorini<sup>73a,73b</sup>, A. Gorišek<sup>75</sup>,  
 E. Gornicki<sup>39</sup>, A.T. Goshaw<sup>45</sup>, C. Gössling<sup>43</sup>, M.I. Gostkin<sup>65</sup>, M. Gouighri<sup>136a</sup>, D. Goujdami<sup>136c</sup>,  
 M.P. Goulette<sup>49</sup>, A.G. Goussiou<sup>139</sup>, C. Goy<sup>5</sup>, H.M.X. Grabas<sup>138</sup>, L. Graber<sup>54</sup>,  
 I. Grabowska-Bold<sup>38a</sup>, P. Grafström<sup>20a,20b</sup>, K.-J. Grahn<sup>42</sup>, J. Gramling<sup>49</sup>, E. Gramstad<sup>119</sup>,  
 S. Grancagnolo<sup>16</sup>, V. Grassi<sup>149</sup>, V. Gratchev<sup>123</sup>, H.M. Gray<sup>30</sup>, E. Graziani<sup>135a</sup>,  
 O.G. Grebenyuk<sup>123</sup>, Z.D. Greenwood<sup>79,m</sup>, K. Gregersen<sup>78</sup>, I.M. Gregor<sup>42</sup>, P. Grenier<sup>144</sup>,  
 J. Griffiths<sup>8</sup>, A.A. Grillo<sup>138</sup>, K. Grimm<sup>72</sup>, S. Grinstein<sup>12,n</sup>, Ph. Gris<sup>34</sup>, Y.V. Grishkevich<sup>99</sup>,  
 J.-F. Grivaz<sup>117</sup>, J.P. Grohs<sup>44</sup>, A. Grohsjean<sup>42</sup>, E. Gross<sup>173</sup>, J. Grosse-Knetter<sup>54</sup>,  
 G.C. Grossi<sup>134a,134b</sup>, Z.J. Grout<sup>150</sup>, L. Guan<sup>33b</sup>, J. Guenther<sup>128</sup>, F. Guescini<sup>49</sup>, D. Guest<sup>177</sup>,  
 O. Gueta<sup>154</sup>, C. Guicheney<sup>34</sup>, E. Guido<sup>50a,50b</sup>, T. Guillemin<sup>117</sup>, S. Guindon<sup>2</sup>, U. Gul<sup>53</sup>,  
 C. Gumpert<sup>44</sup>, J. Guo<sup>35</sup>, S. Gupta<sup>120</sup>, P. Gutierrez<sup>113</sup>, N.G. Gutierrez Ortiz<sup>53</sup>, C. Gutsche<sup>78</sup>,  
 N. Guttman<sup>154</sup>, C. Guyot<sup>137</sup>, C. Gwenlan<sup>120</sup>, C.B. Gwilliam<sup>74</sup>, A. Haas<sup>110</sup>, C. Haber<sup>15</sup>,  
 H.K. Hadavand<sup>8</sup>, N. Haddad<sup>136e</sup>, P. Haefner<sup>21</sup>, S. Hageböck<sup>21</sup>, Z. Hajduk<sup>39</sup>, H. Hakobyan<sup>178</sup>,  
 M. Haleem<sup>42</sup>, J. Haley<sup>114</sup>, D. Hall<sup>120</sup>, G. Halladjian<sup>90</sup>, G.D. Hallewell<sup>85</sup>, K. Hamacher<sup>176</sup>,  
 P. Hamal<sup>115</sup>, K. Hamano<sup>170</sup>, M. Hamer<sup>54</sup>, A. Hamilton<sup>146a</sup>, S. Hamilton<sup>162</sup>, G.N. Hamity<sup>146c</sup>,  
 P.G. Hamnett<sup>42</sup>, L. Han<sup>33b</sup>, K. Hanagaki<sup>118</sup>, K. Hanawa<sup>156</sup>, M. Hance<sup>15</sup>, P. Hanke<sup>58a</sup>,  
 R. Hanna<sup>137</sup>, J.B. Hansen<sup>36</sup>, J.D. Hansen<sup>36</sup>, P.H. Hansen<sup>36</sup>, K. Hara<sup>161</sup>, A.S. Hard<sup>174</sup>,  
 T. Harenberg<sup>176</sup>, F. Hariri<sup>117</sup>, S. Harkusha<sup>92</sup>, R.D. Harrington<sup>46</sup>, P.F. Harrison<sup>171</sup>, F. Hartjes<sup>107</sup>,  
 M. Hasegawa<sup>67</sup>, S. Hasegawa<sup>103</sup>, Y. Hasegawa<sup>141</sup>, A. Hasib<sup>113</sup>, S. Hassani<sup>137</sup>, S. Haug<sup>17</sup>,  
 M. Hauschild<sup>30</sup>, R. Hauser<sup>90</sup>, M. Havranek<sup>127</sup>, C.M. Hawkes<sup>18</sup>, R.J. Hawkings<sup>30</sup>, A.D. Hawkins<sup>81</sup>,  
 T. Hayashi<sup>161</sup>, D. Hayden<sup>90</sup>, C.P. Hays<sup>120</sup>, J.M. Hays<sup>76</sup>, H.S. Hayward<sup>74</sup>, S.J. Haywood<sup>131</sup>,  
 S.J. Head<sup>18</sup>, T. Heck<sup>83</sup>, V. Hedberg<sup>81</sup>, L. Heelan<sup>8</sup>, S. Heim<sup>122</sup>, T. Heim<sup>176</sup>, B. Heinemann<sup>15</sup>,  
 L. Heinrich<sup>110</sup>, J. Hejbal<sup>127</sup>, L. Helary<sup>22</sup>, M. Heller<sup>30</sup>, S. Hellman<sup>147a,147b</sup>, D. Hellmich<sup>21</sup>,  
 C. Helsen<sup>30</sup>, J. Henderson<sup>120</sup>, R.C.W. Henderson<sup>72</sup>, Y. Heng<sup>174</sup>, C. Hengler<sup>42</sup>, A. Henrichs<sup>177</sup>,  
 A.M. Henriques Correia<sup>30</sup>, S. Henrot-Versille<sup>117</sup>, G.H. Herbert<sup>16</sup>, Y. Hernández Jiménez<sup>168</sup>,  
 R. Herrberg-Schubert<sup>16</sup>, G. Herten<sup>48</sup>, R. Hertenberger<sup>100</sup>, L. Hervas<sup>30</sup>, G.G. Hesketh<sup>78</sup>,  
 N.P. Hessey<sup>107</sup>, R. Hickling<sup>76</sup>, E. Higón-Rodríguez<sup>168</sup>, E. Hill<sup>170</sup>, J.C. Hill<sup>28</sup>, K.H. Hiller<sup>42</sup>,  
 S.J. Hillier<sup>18</sup>, I. Hinchliffe<sup>15</sup>, E. Hines<sup>122</sup>, R.R. Hinman<sup>15</sup>, M. Hirose<sup>158</sup>, D. Hirschbuehl<sup>176</sup>,  
 J. Hobbs<sup>149</sup>, N. Hod<sup>107</sup>, M.C. Hodgkinson<sup>140</sup>, P. Hodgson<sup>140</sup>, A. Hoecker<sup>30</sup>, M.R. Hoferkamp<sup>105</sup>,  
 F. Hoenig<sup>100</sup>, D. Hoffmann<sup>85</sup>, M. Hohlfeld<sup>83</sup>, T.R. Holmes<sup>15</sup>, T.M. Hong<sup>122</sup>,  
 L. Hooft van Huysduynen<sup>110</sup>, W.H. Hopkins<sup>116</sup>, Y. Horii<sup>103</sup>, A.J. Horton<sup>143</sup>, J.-Y. Hostachy<sup>55</sup>,  
 S. Hou<sup>152</sup>, A. Hoummada<sup>136a</sup>, J. Howard<sup>120</sup>, J. Howarth<sup>42</sup>, M. Hrabovsky<sup>115</sup>, I. Hristova<sup>16</sup>,  
 J. Hrivnac<sup>117</sup>, T. Hryn'ova<sup>5</sup>, A. Hrynevich<sup>93</sup>, C. Hsu<sup>146c</sup>, P.J. Hsu<sup>152</sup>, S.-C. Hsu<sup>139</sup>, D. Hu<sup>35</sup>,  
 X. Hu<sup>89</sup>, Y. Huang<sup>42</sup>, Z. Hubacek<sup>30</sup>, F. Hubaut<sup>85</sup>, F. Huegging<sup>21</sup>, T.B. Huffman<sup>120</sup>,

E.W. Hughes<sup>35</sup>, G. Hughes<sup>72</sup>, M. Huhtinen<sup>30</sup>, T.A. Hülsing<sup>83</sup>, M. Hurwitz<sup>15</sup>, N. Huseynov<sup>65,b</sup>,  
 J. Huston<sup>90</sup>, J. Huth<sup>57</sup>, G. Iacobucci<sup>49</sup>, G. Iakovidis<sup>10</sup>, I. Ibragimov<sup>142</sup>, L. Iconomidou-Fayard<sup>117</sup>,  
 E. Ideal<sup>177</sup>, Z. Idrissi<sup>136e</sup>, P. Inengo<sup>104a</sup>, O. Igonkina<sup>107</sup>, T. Iizawa<sup>172</sup>, Y. Ikegami<sup>66</sup>,  
 K. Ikematsu<sup>142</sup>, M. Ikeno<sup>66</sup>, Y. Ilchenko<sup>31,o</sup>, D. Iliadis<sup>155</sup>, N. Ilic<sup>159</sup>, Y. Inamaru<sup>67</sup>, T. Ince<sup>101</sup>,  
 P. Ioannou<sup>9</sup>, M. Iodice<sup>135a</sup>, K. Iordanidou<sup>9</sup>, V. Ippolito<sup>57</sup>, A. Irles Quiles<sup>168</sup>, C. Isaksson<sup>167</sup>,  
 M. Ishino<sup>68</sup>, M. Ishitsuka<sup>158</sup>, R. Ishmukhametov<sup>111</sup>, C. Issever<sup>120</sup>, S. Istin<sup>19a</sup>,  
 J.M. Iturbe Ponce<sup>84</sup>, R. Iuppa<sup>134a,134b</sup>, J. Ivarsson<sup>81</sup>, W. Iwanski<sup>39</sup>, H. Iwasaki<sup>66</sup>, J.M. Izen<sup>41</sup>,  
 V. Izzo<sup>104a</sup>, B. Jackson<sup>122</sup>, M. Jackson<sup>74</sup>, P. Jackson<sup>1</sup>, M.R. Jaekel<sup>30</sup>, V. Jain<sup>2</sup>, K. Jakobs<sup>48</sup>,  
 S. Jakobsen<sup>30</sup>, T. Jakoubek<sup>127</sup>, J. Jakubek<sup>128</sup>, D.O. Jamin<sup>152</sup>, D.K. Jana<sup>79</sup>, E. Jansen<sup>78</sup>,  
 J. Janssen<sup>21</sup>, M. Janus<sup>171</sup>, G. Jarlskog<sup>81</sup>, N. Javadov<sup>65,b</sup>, T. Javůrek<sup>48</sup>, L. Jeanty<sup>15</sup>,  
 J. Jejelava<sup>51a,p</sup>, G.-Y. Jeng<sup>151</sup>, D. Jennens<sup>88</sup>, P. Jenni<sup>48,q</sup>, J. Jentzsch<sup>43</sup>, C. Jeske<sup>171</sup>, S. Jézéquel<sup>5</sup>,  
 H. Ji<sup>174</sup>, J. Jia<sup>149</sup>, Y. Jiang<sup>33b</sup>, M. Jimenez Belenguer<sup>42</sup>, S. Jin<sup>33a</sup>, A. Jinaru<sup>26a</sup>, O. Jinnouchi<sup>158</sup>,  
 M.D. Joergensen<sup>36</sup>, P. Johansson<sup>140</sup>, K.A. Johns<sup>7</sup>, K. Jon-And<sup>147a,147b</sup>, G. Jones<sup>171</sup>,  
 R.W.L. Jones<sup>72</sup>, T.J. Jones<sup>74</sup>, J. Jongmanns<sup>58a</sup>, P.M. Jorge<sup>126a,126b</sup>, K.D. Joshi<sup>84</sup>, J. Jovicevic<sup>148</sup>,  
 X. Ju<sup>174</sup>, C.A. Jung<sup>43</sup>, P. Jussel<sup>62</sup>, A. Juste Rozas<sup>12,n</sup>, M. Kaci<sup>168</sup>, A. Kaczmarek<sup>39</sup>, M. Kado<sup>117</sup>,  
 H. Kagan<sup>111</sup>, M. Kagan<sup>144</sup>, E. Kajomovitz<sup>45</sup>, C.W. Kalderon<sup>120</sup>, S. Kama<sup>40</sup>,  
 A. Kamenshchikov<sup>130</sup>, N. Kanaya<sup>156</sup>, M. Kaneda<sup>30</sup>, S. Kaneti<sup>28</sup>, V.A. Kantserov<sup>98</sup>, J. Kanzaki<sup>66</sup>,  
 B. Kaplan<sup>110</sup>, A. Kapliy<sup>31</sup>, D. Kar<sup>53</sup>, K. Karakostas<sup>10</sup>, A. Karamaoun<sup>3</sup>, N. Karastathis<sup>10</sup>,  
 M.J. Kareem<sup>54</sup>, M. Karnevskiy<sup>83</sup>, S.N. Karpov<sup>65</sup>, Z.M. Karpova<sup>65</sup>, K. Karthik<sup>110</sup>,  
 V. Kartvelishvili<sup>72</sup>, A.N. Karyukhin<sup>130</sup>, L. Kashif<sup>174</sup>, G. Kasieczka<sup>58b</sup>, R.D. Kass<sup>111</sup>,  
 A. Kastanas<sup>14</sup>, Y. Kataoka<sup>156</sup>, A. Katre<sup>49</sup>, J. Katzy<sup>42</sup>, V. Kaushik<sup>7</sup>, K. Kawagoe<sup>70</sup>,  
 T. Kawamoto<sup>156</sup>, G. Kawamura<sup>54</sup>, S. Kazama<sup>156</sup>, V.F. Kazanin<sup>109</sup>, M.Y. Kazarinov<sup>65</sup>,  
 R. Keeler<sup>170</sup>, R. Kehoe<sup>40</sup>, M. Keil<sup>54</sup>, J.S. Keller<sup>42</sup>, J.J. Kempster<sup>77</sup>, H. Keoshkerian<sup>5</sup>,  
 O. Kepka<sup>127</sup>, B.P. Kerševan<sup>75</sup>, S. Kersten<sup>176</sup>, K. Kessoku<sup>156</sup>, J. Keung<sup>159</sup>, R.A. Keyes<sup>87</sup>,  
 F. Khalil-zada<sup>11</sup>, H. Khandanyan<sup>147a,147b</sup>, A. Khanov<sup>114</sup>, A. Kharlamov<sup>109</sup>, A. Khodinov<sup>98</sup>,  
 A. Khomich<sup>58a</sup>, T.J. Khoo<sup>28</sup>, G. Khoriali<sup>21</sup>, V. Khovanskiy<sup>97</sup>, E. Khramov<sup>65</sup>, J. Khubua<sup>51b</sup>,  
 H.Y. Kim<sup>8</sup>, H. Kim<sup>147a,147b</sup>, S.H. Kim<sup>161</sup>, N. Kimura<sup>155</sup>, O. Kind<sup>16</sup>, B.T. King<sup>74</sup>, M. King<sup>168</sup>,  
 R.S.B. King<sup>120</sup>, S.B. King<sup>169</sup>, J. Kirk<sup>131</sup>, A.E. Kiryunin<sup>101</sup>, T. Kishimoto<sup>67</sup>, D. Kisielewska<sup>38a</sup>,  
 F. Kiss<sup>48</sup>, K. Kiuchi<sup>161</sup>, E. Kladiva<sup>145b</sup>, M. Klein<sup>74</sup>, U. Klein<sup>74</sup>, K. Kleinknecht<sup>83</sup>,  
 P. Klimek<sup>147a,147b</sup>, A. Klimentov<sup>25</sup>, R. Klingenberg<sup>43</sup>, J.A. Klinger<sup>84</sup>, T. Klioutchnikova<sup>30</sup>,  
 P.F. Klok<sup>106</sup>, E.-E. Kluge<sup>58a</sup>, P. Kluit<sup>107</sup>, S. Kluth<sup>101</sup>, E. Kneringer<sup>62</sup>, E.B.F.G. Knoops<sup>85</sup>,  
 A. Knue<sup>53</sup>, D. Kobayashi<sup>158</sup>, T. Kobayashi<sup>156</sup>, M. Kobel<sup>44</sup>, M. Kocian<sup>144</sup>, P. Kodys<sup>129</sup>,  
 T. Koffas<sup>29</sup>, E. Koffeman<sup>107</sup>, L.A. Kogan<sup>120</sup>, S. Kohlmann<sup>176</sup>, Z. Kohout<sup>128</sup>, T. Kohriki<sup>66</sup>,  
 T. Koi<sup>144</sup>, H. Kolanoski<sup>16</sup>, I. Koletsou<sup>5</sup>, J. Koll<sup>90</sup>, A.A. Komar<sup>96,\*</sup>, Y. Komori<sup>156</sup>, T. Kondo<sup>66</sup>,  
 N. Kondrashova<sup>42</sup>, K. Köneke<sup>48</sup>, A.C. König<sup>106</sup>, S. König<sup>83</sup>, T. Kono<sup>66,r</sup>, R. Konoplich<sup>110,s</sup>,  
 N. Konstantinidis<sup>78</sup>, R. Kopeliansky<sup>153</sup>, S. Koperny<sup>38a</sup>, L. Köpke<sup>83</sup>, A.K. Kopp<sup>48</sup>, K. Korcyl<sup>39</sup>,  
 K. Kordas<sup>155</sup>, A. Korn<sup>78</sup>, A.A. Korol<sup>109,c</sup>, I. Korolkov<sup>12</sup>, E.V. Korolkova<sup>140</sup>, V.A. Korotkov<sup>130</sup>,  
 O. Kortner<sup>101</sup>, S. Kortner<sup>101</sup>, V.V. Kostyukhin<sup>21</sup>, V.M. Kotov<sup>65</sup>, A. Kotwal<sup>45</sup>,  
 A. Kourkouveli-Charalampidi<sup>155</sup>, C. Kourkouvelis<sup>9</sup>, V. Kouskoura<sup>25</sup>, A. Koutsman<sup>160a</sup>,  
 R. Kowalewski<sup>170</sup>, T.Z. Kowalski<sup>38a</sup>, W. Kozanecki<sup>137</sup>, A.S. Kozhin<sup>130</sup>, V.A. Kramarenko<sup>99</sup>,  
 G. Kramberger<sup>75</sup>, D. Krasnopevtsev<sup>98</sup>, M.W. Krasny<sup>80</sup>, A. Krasznahorkay<sup>30</sup>, J.K. Kraus<sup>21</sup>,  
 A. Kravchenko<sup>25</sup>, S. Kreiss<sup>110</sup>, M. Kretz<sup>58c</sup>, J. Kretzschmar<sup>74</sup>, K. Kreutzfeldt<sup>52</sup>, P. Krieger<sup>159</sup>,  
 K. Krizka<sup>31</sup>, K. Kroeninger<sup>43</sup>, H. Kroha<sup>101</sup>, J. Kroll<sup>122</sup>, J. Kroseberg<sup>21</sup>, J. Krstic<sup>13a</sup>,  
 U. Kruchonak<sup>65</sup>, H. Krüger<sup>21</sup>, N. Krumnack<sup>64</sup>, Z.V. Krumshteyn<sup>65</sup>, A. Kruse<sup>174</sup>, M.C. Kruse<sup>45</sup>,  
 M. Kruskal<sup>22</sup>, T. Kubota<sup>88</sup>, H. Kucuk<sup>78</sup>, S. Kuday<sup>4c</sup>, S. Kuehn<sup>48</sup>, A. Kugel<sup>58c</sup>, F. Kuger<sup>175</sup>,  
 A. Kuhl<sup>138</sup>, T. Kuhl<sup>42</sup>, V. Kukhtin<sup>65</sup>, Y. Kulchitsky<sup>92</sup>, S. Kuleshov<sup>32b</sup>, M. Kuna<sup>133a,133b</sup>,  
 T. Kunigo<sup>68</sup>, A. Kupco<sup>127</sup>, H. Kurashige<sup>67</sup>, Y.A. Kurochkin<sup>92</sup>, R. Kurumida<sup>67</sup>, V. Kus<sup>127</sup>,  
 E.S. Kuwertz<sup>148</sup>, M. Kuze<sup>158</sup>, J. Kvita<sup>115</sup>, D. Kyriazopoulos<sup>140</sup>, A. La Rosa<sup>49</sup>,  
 L. La Rotonda<sup>37a,37b</sup>, C. Lacasta<sup>168</sup>, F. Lacava<sup>133a,133b</sup>, J. Lacey<sup>29</sup>, H. Lacker<sup>16</sup>, D. Lacour<sup>80</sup>,



V.R. Lacuesta<sup>168</sup>, E. Ladygin<sup>65</sup>, R. Lafaye<sup>5</sup>, B. Laforge<sup>80</sup>, T. Lagouri<sup>177</sup>, S. Lai<sup>48</sup>, H. Laier<sup>58a</sup>, L. Lambourne<sup>78</sup>, S. Lammers<sup>61</sup>, C.L. Lampen<sup>7</sup>, W. Lampl<sup>7</sup>, E. Lançon<sup>137</sup>, U. Landgraf<sup>48</sup>, M.P.J. Landon<sup>76</sup>, V.S. Lang<sup>58a</sup>, A.J. Lankford<sup>164</sup>, F. Lanni<sup>25</sup>, K. Lantzsch<sup>30</sup>, S. Laplace<sup>80</sup>, C. Lapoire<sup>21</sup>, J.F. Laporte<sup>137</sup>, T. Lari<sup>91a</sup>, F. Lasagni Manghi<sup>20a,20b</sup>, M. Lassnig<sup>30</sup>, P. Laurelli<sup>47</sup>, W. Lavrijsen<sup>15</sup>, A.T. Law<sup>138</sup>, P. Laycock<sup>74</sup>, O. Le Dortz<sup>80</sup>, E. Le Guirriec<sup>85</sup>, E. Le Menedeu<sup>12</sup>, T. LeCompte<sup>6</sup>, F. Ledroit-Guillon<sup>55</sup>, C.A. Lee<sup>146b</sup>, H. Lee<sup>107</sup>, S.C. Lee<sup>152</sup>, L. Lee<sup>1</sup>, G. Lefebvre<sup>80</sup>, M. Lefebvre<sup>170</sup>, F. Legger<sup>100</sup>, C. Leggett<sup>15</sup>, A. Lehan<sup>74</sup>, G. Lehmann Miotto<sup>30</sup>, X. Lei<sup>7</sup>, W.A. Leight<sup>29</sup>, A. Leisos<sup>155</sup>, A.G. Leister<sup>177</sup>, M.A.L. Leite<sup>24d</sup>, R. Leitner<sup>129</sup>, D. Lellouch<sup>173</sup>, B. Lemmer<sup>54</sup>, K.J.C. Leney<sup>78</sup>, T. Lenz<sup>21</sup>, G. Lenzen<sup>176</sup>, B. Lenzi<sup>30</sup>, R. Leone<sup>7</sup>, S. Leone<sup>124a,124b</sup>, C. Leonidopoulos<sup>46</sup>, S. Leontsinis<sup>10</sup>, C. Leroy<sup>95</sup>, C.G. Lester<sup>28</sup>, C.M. Lester<sup>122</sup>, M. Levchenko<sup>123</sup>, J. Levêque<sup>5</sup>, D. Levin<sup>89</sup>, L.J. Levinson<sup>173</sup>, M. Levy<sup>18</sup>, A. Lewis<sup>120</sup>, A.M. Leyko<sup>21</sup>, M. Leyton<sup>41</sup>, B. Li<sup>33b,t</sup>, B. Li<sup>85</sup>, H. Li<sup>149</sup>, H.L. Li<sup>31</sup>, L. Li<sup>45</sup>, L. Li<sup>33e</sup>, S. Li<sup>45</sup>, Y. Li<sup>33c,u</sup>, Z. Liang<sup>138</sup>, H. Liao<sup>34</sup>, B. Liberti<sup>134a</sup>, P. Lichard<sup>30</sup>, K. Lie<sup>166</sup>, J. Liebal<sup>21</sup>, W. Liebig<sup>14</sup>, C. Limbach<sup>21</sup>, A. Limosani<sup>151</sup>, S.C. Lin<sup>152,v</sup>, T.H. Lin<sup>83</sup>, F. Linde<sup>107</sup>, B.E. Lindquist<sup>149</sup>, J.T. Linnemann<sup>90</sup>, E. Lipeles<sup>122</sup>, A. Lipniacka<sup>14</sup>, M. Lisovyi<sup>42</sup>, T.M. Liss<sup>166</sup>, D. Lissauer<sup>25</sup>, A. Lister<sup>169</sup>, A.M. Litke<sup>138</sup>, B. Liu<sup>152</sup>, D. Liu<sup>152</sup>, J. Liu<sup>85</sup>, J.B. Liu<sup>33b</sup>, K. Liu<sup>33b,w</sup>, L. Liu<sup>89</sup>, M. Liu<sup>45</sup>, M. Liu<sup>33b</sup>, Y. Liu<sup>33b</sup>, M. Livan<sup>121a,121b</sup>, A. Lleres<sup>55</sup>, J. Llorente Merino<sup>82</sup>, S.L. Lloyd<sup>76</sup>, F. Lo Sterzo<sup>152</sup>, E. Lobodzinska<sup>42</sup>, P. Loch<sup>7</sup>, W.S. Lockman<sup>138</sup>, F.K. Loebinger<sup>84</sup>, A.E. Loevschall-Jensen<sup>36</sup>, A. Loginov<sup>177</sup>, T. Lohse<sup>16</sup>, K. Lohwasser<sup>42</sup>, M. Lokajicek<sup>127</sup>, B.A. Long<sup>22</sup>, J.D. Long<sup>89</sup>, R.E. Long<sup>72</sup>, K.A. Looper<sup>111</sup>, L. Lopes<sup>126a</sup>, D. Lopez Mateos<sup>57</sup>, B. Lopez Paredes<sup>140</sup>, I. Lopez Paz<sup>12</sup>, J. Lorenz<sup>100</sup>, N. Lorenzo Martinez<sup>61</sup>, M. Losada<sup>163</sup>, P. Loscutoff<sup>15</sup>, X. Lou<sup>33a</sup>, A. Lounis<sup>117</sup>, J. Love<sup>6</sup>, P.A. Love<sup>72</sup>, A.J. Lowe<sup>144,e</sup>, F. Lu<sup>33a</sup>, N. Lu<sup>89</sup>, H.J. Lubatti<sup>139</sup>, C. Luci<sup>133a,133b</sup>, A. Lucotte<sup>55</sup>, F. Luehring<sup>61</sup>, W. Lukas<sup>62</sup>, L. Luminari<sup>133a</sup>, O. Lundberg<sup>147a,147b</sup>, B. Lund-Jensen<sup>148</sup>, M. Lungwitz<sup>83</sup>, D. Lynn<sup>25</sup>, R. Lysak<sup>127</sup>, E. Lytken<sup>81</sup>, H. Ma<sup>25</sup>, L.L. Ma<sup>33d</sup>, G. Maccarrone<sup>47</sup>, A. Macchiolo<sup>101</sup>, J. Machado Miguens<sup>126a,126b</sup>, D. Macina<sup>30</sup>, D. Madaffari<sup>85</sup>, R. Madar<sup>48</sup>, H.J. Maddocks<sup>72</sup>, W.F. Mader<sup>44</sup>, A. Madsen<sup>167</sup>, M. Maeno<sup>8</sup>, T. Maeno<sup>25</sup>, A. Maevskiy<sup>99</sup>, E. Magradze<sup>54</sup>, K. Mahboubi<sup>48</sup>, J. Mahlstedt<sup>107</sup>, S. Mahmoud<sup>74</sup>, C. Maiani<sup>137</sup>, C. Maidantchik<sup>24a</sup>, A.A. Maier<sup>101</sup>, A. Maio<sup>126a,126b,126d</sup>, S. Majewski<sup>116</sup>, Y. Makida<sup>66</sup>, N. Makovec<sup>117</sup>, P. Mal<sup>137,x</sup>, B. Malaescu<sup>80</sup>, Pa. Malecki<sup>39</sup>, V.P. Maleev<sup>123</sup>, F. Malek<sup>55</sup>, U. Mallik<sup>63</sup>, D. Malon<sup>6</sup>, C. Malone<sup>144</sup>, S. Maltezos<sup>10</sup>, V.M. Malyshev<sup>109</sup>, S. Malyukov<sup>30</sup>, J. Mamuzic<sup>13b</sup>, B. Mandelli<sup>30</sup>, L. Mandelli<sup>91a</sup>, I. Mandić<sup>75</sup>, R. Mandrysch<sup>63</sup>, J. Maneira<sup>126a,126b</sup>, A. Manfredini<sup>101</sup>, L. Manhaes de Andrade Filho<sup>24b</sup>, J.A. Manjarres Ramos<sup>160b</sup>, A. Mann<sup>100</sup>, P.M. Manning<sup>138</sup>, A. Manousakis-Katsikakis<sup>9</sup>, B. Mansoulie<sup>137</sup>, R. Mantifel<sup>87</sup>, M. Mantoani<sup>54</sup>, L. Mapelli<sup>30</sup>, L. March<sup>146c</sup>, J.F. Marchand<sup>29</sup>, G. Marchiori<sup>80</sup>, M. Marcisovsky<sup>127</sup>, C.P. Marino<sup>170</sup>, M. Marjanovic<sup>13a</sup>, F. Marroquim<sup>24a</sup>, S.P. Marsden<sup>84</sup>, Z. Marshall<sup>15</sup>, L.F. Marti<sup>17</sup>, S. Marti-Garcia<sup>168</sup>, B. Martin<sup>30</sup>, B. Martin<sup>90</sup>, T.A. Martin<sup>171</sup>, V.J. Martin<sup>46</sup>, B. Martin dit Latour<sup>14</sup>, H. Martinez<sup>137</sup>, M. Martinez<sup>12,n</sup>, S. Martin-Haugh<sup>131</sup>, A.C. Martyniuk<sup>78</sup>, M. Marx<sup>139</sup>, F. Marzano<sup>133a</sup>, A. Marzin<sup>30</sup>, L. Masetti<sup>83</sup>, T. Mashimo<sup>156</sup>, R. Mashinistov<sup>96</sup>, J. Masik<sup>84</sup>, A.L. Maslennikov<sup>109,c</sup>, I. Massa<sup>20a,20b</sup>, L. Massa<sup>20a,20b</sup>, N. Massol<sup>5</sup>, P. Mastrandrea<sup>149</sup>, A. Mastroberardino<sup>37a,37b</sup>, T. Masubuchi<sup>156</sup>, P. Mättig<sup>176</sup>, J. Mattmann<sup>83</sup>, J. Maurer<sup>26a</sup>, S.J. Maxfield<sup>74</sup>, D.A. Maximov<sup>109,c</sup>, R. Mazini<sup>152</sup>, S.M. Mazza<sup>91a,91b</sup>, L. Mazzaferro<sup>134a,134b</sup>, G. Mc Goldrick<sup>159</sup>, S.P. Mc Kee<sup>89</sup>, A. McCarn<sup>89</sup>, R.L. McCarthy<sup>149</sup>, T.G. McCarthy<sup>29</sup>, N.A. McCubbin<sup>131</sup>, K.W. McFarlane<sup>56,\*</sup>, J.A. McFayden<sup>78</sup>, G. Mchedlidze<sup>54</sup>, S.J. McMahan<sup>131</sup>, R.A. McPherson<sup>170,j</sup>, J. Mechnich<sup>107</sup>, M. Medinnis<sup>42</sup>, S. Meehan<sup>31</sup>, S. Mehlhase<sup>100</sup>, A. Mehta<sup>74</sup>, K. Meier<sup>58a</sup>, C. Meineck<sup>100</sup>, B. Meirose<sup>41</sup>, C. Melachrinou<sup>31</sup>, B.R. Mellado Garcia<sup>146c</sup>, F. Meloni<sup>17</sup>, A. Mengarelli<sup>20a,20b</sup>, S. Menke<sup>101</sup>, E. Meoni<sup>162</sup>, K.M. Mercurio<sup>57</sup>, S. Mergelmeyer<sup>21</sup>, N. Meric<sup>137</sup>, P. Mermod<sup>49</sup>, L. Merola<sup>104a,104b</sup>, C. Meroni<sup>91a</sup>, F.S. Merritt<sup>31</sup>, H. Merritt<sup>111</sup>, A. Messina<sup>30,y</sup>, J. Metcalfe<sup>25</sup>, A.S. Mete<sup>164</sup>, C. Meyer<sup>83</sup>, C. Meyer<sup>122</sup>, J.-P. Meyer<sup>137</sup>, J. Meyer<sup>30</sup>, R.P. Middleton<sup>131</sup>, S. Migas<sup>74</sup>, S. Miglioranzi<sup>165a,165c</sup>,

L. Mijović<sup>21</sup>, G. Mikenberg<sup>173</sup>, M. Mikesstikova<sup>127</sup>, M. Mikuž<sup>75</sup>, A. Milic<sup>30</sup>, D.W. Miller<sup>31</sup>,  
 C. Mills<sup>46</sup>, A. Milov<sup>173</sup>, D.A. Milstead<sup>147a,147b</sup>, A.A. Minaenko<sup>130</sup>, Y. Minami<sup>156</sup>,  
 I.A. Minashvili<sup>65</sup>, A.I. Mincer<sup>110</sup>, B. Mindur<sup>38a</sup>, M. Mineev<sup>65</sup>, Y. Ming<sup>174</sup>, L.M. Mir<sup>12</sup>,  
 G. Mirabelli<sup>133a</sup>, T. Mitani<sup>172</sup>, J. Mitrevski<sup>100</sup>, V.A. Mitsou<sup>168</sup>, A. Miucci<sup>49</sup>, P.S. Miyagawa<sup>140</sup>,  
 J.U. Mjörnmark<sup>81</sup>, T. Moa<sup>147a,147b</sup>, K. Mochizuki<sup>85</sup>, S. Mohapatra<sup>35</sup>, W. Mohr<sup>48</sup>,  
 S. Molander<sup>147a,147b</sup>, R. Moles-Valls<sup>168</sup>, K. Mönig<sup>42</sup>, C. Monini<sup>55</sup>, J. Monk<sup>36</sup>, E. Monnier<sup>85</sup>,  
 J. Montejo Berlingen<sup>12</sup>, F. Monticelli<sup>71</sup>, S. Monzani<sup>133a,133b</sup>, R.W. Moore<sup>3</sup>, N. Morange<sup>63</sup>,  
 D. Moreno<sup>163</sup>, M. Moreno Llácer<sup>54</sup>, P. Moretini<sup>50a</sup>, M. Morgenstern<sup>44</sup>, M. Morii<sup>57</sup>,  
 V. Morisbak<sup>119</sup>, S. Moritz<sup>83</sup>, A.K. Morley<sup>148</sup>, G. Mornacchi<sup>30</sup>, J.D. Morris<sup>76</sup>, A. Morton<sup>42</sup>,  
 L. Morvaj<sup>103</sup>, H.G. Moser<sup>101</sup>, M. Mosidze<sup>51b</sup>, J. Moss<sup>111</sup>, K. Motohashi<sup>158</sup>, R. Mount<sup>144</sup>,  
 E. Mountricha<sup>25</sup>, S.V. Mouraviev<sup>96,\*</sup>, E.J.W. Moyse<sup>86</sup>, S. Muanza<sup>85</sup>, R.D. Mudd<sup>18</sup>, F. Mueller<sup>58a</sup>,  
 J. Mueller<sup>125</sup>, K. Mueller<sup>21</sup>, T. Mueller<sup>28</sup>, D. Muenstermann<sup>49</sup>, P. Mullen<sup>53</sup>, Y. Munwes<sup>154</sup>,  
 J.A. Murillo Quijada<sup>18</sup>, W.J. Murray<sup>171,131</sup>, H. Musheghyan<sup>54</sup>, E. Musto<sup>153</sup>, A.G. Myagkov<sup>130,z</sup>,  
 M. Myska<sup>128</sup>, O. Nackenhorst<sup>54</sup>, J. Nadal<sup>54</sup>, K. Nagai<sup>120</sup>, R. Nagai<sup>158</sup>, Y. Nagai<sup>85</sup>, K. Nagano<sup>66</sup>,  
 A. Nagarkar<sup>111</sup>, Y. Nagasaka<sup>59</sup>, K. Nagata<sup>161</sup>, M. Nagel<sup>101</sup>, A.M. Nairz<sup>30</sup>, Y. Nakahama<sup>30</sup>,  
 K. Nakamura<sup>66</sup>, T. Nakamura<sup>156</sup>, I. Nakano<sup>112</sup>, H. Namasivayam<sup>41</sup>, G. Nanava<sup>21</sup>,  
 R.F. Naranjo Garcia<sup>42</sup>, R. Narayan<sup>58b</sup>, T. Nattermann<sup>21</sup>, T. Naumann<sup>42</sup>, G. Navarro<sup>163</sup>,  
 R. Nayyar<sup>7</sup>, H.A. Neal<sup>89</sup>, P.Yu. Nechaeva<sup>96</sup>, T.J. Neep<sup>84</sup>, P.D. Nef<sup>144</sup>, A. Negri<sup>121a,121b</sup>,  
 G. Negri<sup>30</sup>, M. Negrini<sup>20a</sup>, S. Nektarijevic<sup>49</sup>, C. Nellist<sup>117</sup>, A. Nelson<sup>164</sup>, T.K. Nelson<sup>144</sup>,  
 S. Nemecek<sup>127</sup>, P. Nemethy<sup>110</sup>, A.A. Nepomuceno<sup>24a</sup>, M. Nessi<sup>30,aa</sup>, M.S. Neubauer<sup>166</sup>,  
 M. Neumann<sup>176</sup>, R.M. Neves<sup>110</sup>, P. Nevski<sup>25</sup>, P.R. Newman<sup>18</sup>, D.H. Nguyen<sup>6</sup>, R.B. Nickerson<sup>120</sup>,  
 R. Nicolaidou<sup>137</sup>, B. Nicquevert<sup>30</sup>, J. Nielsen<sup>138</sup>, N. Nikiforou<sup>35</sup>, A. Nikiforov<sup>16</sup>,  
 V. Nikolaenko<sup>130,z</sup>, I. Nikolic-Audit<sup>80</sup>, K. Nikolics<sup>49</sup>, K. Nikolopoulos<sup>18</sup>, P. Nilsson<sup>25</sup>,  
 Y. Ninomiya<sup>156</sup>, A. Nisati<sup>133a</sup>, R. Nisius<sup>101</sup>, T. Nobe<sup>158</sup>, M. Nomachi<sup>118</sup>, I. Nomidis<sup>29</sup>,  
 S. Norberg<sup>113</sup>, M. Nordberg<sup>30</sup>, O. Novgorodova<sup>44</sup>, S. Nowak<sup>101</sup>, M. Nozaki<sup>66</sup>, L. Nozka<sup>115</sup>,  
 K. Ntekas<sup>10</sup>, G. Nunes Hanninger<sup>88</sup>, T. Nunnemann<sup>100</sup>, E. Nurse<sup>78</sup>, F. Nuti<sup>88</sup>, B.J. O'Brien<sup>46</sup>,  
 F. O'grady<sup>7</sup>, D.C. O'Neil<sup>143</sup>, V. O'Shea<sup>53</sup>, F.G. Oakham<sup>29,d</sup>, H. Oberlack<sup>101</sup>, T. Obermann<sup>21</sup>,  
 J. Ocariz<sup>80</sup>, A. Ochi<sup>67</sup>, I. Ochoa<sup>78</sup>, S. Oda<sup>70</sup>, S. Odaka<sup>66</sup>, H. Ogren<sup>61</sup>, A. Oh<sup>84</sup>, S.H. Oh<sup>45</sup>,  
 C.C. Ohm<sup>15</sup>, H. Ohman<sup>167</sup>, H. Oide<sup>30</sup>, W. Okamura<sup>118</sup>, H. Okawa<sup>161</sup>, Y. Okumura<sup>31</sup>,  
 T. Okuyama<sup>156</sup>, A. Olariu<sup>26a</sup>, A.G. Olchevski<sup>65</sup>, S.A. Olivares Pino<sup>46</sup>, D. Oliveira Damazio<sup>25</sup>,  
 E. Oliver Garcia<sup>168</sup>, A. Olszewski<sup>39</sup>, J. Olszowska<sup>39</sup>, A. Onofre<sup>126a,126e</sup>, P.U.E. Onyisi<sup>31,o</sup>,  
 C.J. Oram<sup>160a</sup>, M.J. Oreglia<sup>31</sup>, Y. Oren<sup>154</sup>, D. Orestano<sup>135a,135b</sup>, N. Orlando<sup>73a,73b</sup>,  
 C. Oropeza Barrera<sup>53</sup>, R.S. Orr<sup>159</sup>, B. Osculati<sup>50a,50b</sup>, R. Ospanov<sup>122</sup>, G. Otero y Garzon<sup>27</sup>,  
 H. Otono<sup>70</sup>, M. Ouchrif<sup>136d</sup>, E.A. Ouellette<sup>170</sup>, F. Ould-Saada<sup>119</sup>, A. Ouraou<sup>137</sup>,  
 K.P. Oussoren<sup>107</sup>, Q. Ouyang<sup>33a</sup>, A. Ovcharova<sup>15</sup>, M. Owen<sup>84</sup>, V.E. Ozcan<sup>19a</sup>, N. Ozturk<sup>8</sup>,  
 K. Pachal<sup>120</sup>, A. Pacheco Pages<sup>12</sup>, C. Padilla Aranda<sup>12</sup>, M. Pagáčová<sup>48</sup>, S. Pagan Griso<sup>15</sup>,  
 E. Paganis<sup>140</sup>, C. Pahl<sup>101</sup>, F. Paige<sup>25</sup>, P. Pais<sup>86</sup>, K. Pajchel<sup>119</sup>, G. Palacino<sup>160b</sup>, S. Palestini<sup>30</sup>,  
 M. Palka<sup>38b</sup>, D. Pallin<sup>34</sup>, A. Palma<sup>126a,126b</sup>, J.D. Palmer<sup>18</sup>, Y.B. Pan<sup>174</sup>, E. Panagiotopoulou<sup>10</sup>,  
 J.G. Panduro Vazquez<sup>77</sup>, P. Pani<sup>107</sup>, N. Panikashvili<sup>89</sup>, S. Panitkin<sup>25</sup>, D. Pantea<sup>26a</sup>,  
 L. Paolozzi<sup>134a,134b</sup>, Th.D. Papadopoulou<sup>10</sup>, K. Papageorgiou<sup>155</sup>, A. Paramonov<sup>6</sup>,  
 D. Paredes Hernandez<sup>155</sup>, M.A. Parker<sup>28</sup>, F. Parodi<sup>50a,50b</sup>, J.A. Parsons<sup>35</sup>, U. Parzefall<sup>48</sup>,  
 E. Pasqualucci<sup>133a</sup>, S. Passaggio<sup>50a</sup>, A. Passeri<sup>135a</sup>, F. Pastore<sup>135a,135b,\*</sup>, Fr. Pastore<sup>77</sup>,  
 G. Pásztor<sup>29</sup>, S. Patariaia<sup>176</sup>, N.D. Patel<sup>151</sup>, J.R. Pater<sup>84</sup>, S. Patricelli<sup>104a,104b</sup>, T. Pauly<sup>30</sup>,  
 J. Pearce<sup>170</sup>, L.E. Pedersen<sup>36</sup>, M. Pedersen<sup>119</sup>, S. Pedraza Lopez<sup>168</sup>, R. Pedro<sup>126a,126b</sup>,  
 S.V. Peleganchuk<sup>109</sup>, D. Pelikan<sup>167</sup>, H. Peng<sup>33b</sup>, B. Penning<sup>31</sup>, J. Penwell<sup>61</sup>, D.V. Perepelitsa<sup>25</sup>,  
 E. Perez Codina<sup>160a</sup>, M.T. Pérez García-Estañ<sup>168</sup>, L. Perini<sup>91a,91b</sup>, H. Pernegger<sup>30</sup>,  
 S. Perrella<sup>104a,104b</sup>, R. Peschke<sup>42</sup>, V.D. Peshekhonov<sup>65</sup>, K. Peters<sup>30</sup>, R.F.Y. Peters<sup>84</sup>,  
 B.A. Petersen<sup>30</sup>, T.C. Petersen<sup>36</sup>, E. Petit<sup>42</sup>, A. Petridis<sup>147a,147b</sup>, C. Petridou<sup>155</sup>, E. Petrolu<sup>133a</sup>,  
 F. Petrucci<sup>135a,135b</sup>, N.E. Pettersson<sup>158</sup>, R. Pezoa<sup>32b</sup>, P.W. Phillips<sup>131</sup>, G. Piacquadio<sup>144</sup>,

E. Pianori<sup>171</sup>, A. Picazio<sup>49</sup>, E. Piccaro<sup>76</sup>, M. Piccinini<sup>20a,20b</sup>, M.A. Pickering<sup>120</sup>, R. Piegai<sup>27</sup>,  
 D.T. Pignotti<sup>111</sup>, J.E. Pilcher<sup>31</sup>, A.D. Pilkington<sup>78</sup>, J. Pina<sup>126a,126b,126d</sup>, M. Pinamonti<sup>165a,165c,ab</sup>,  
 A. Pinder<sup>120</sup>, J.L. Pinfeld<sup>3</sup>, A. Pingel<sup>36</sup>, B. Pinto<sup>126a</sup>, S. Pires<sup>80</sup>, M. Pitt<sup>173</sup>, C. Pizio<sup>91a,91b</sup>,  
 L. Plazak<sup>145a</sup>, M.-A. Pleier<sup>25</sup>, V. Pleskot<sup>129</sup>, E. Plotnikova<sup>65</sup>, P. Plucinski<sup>147a,147b</sup>, D. Pluth<sup>64</sup>,  
 S. Poddar<sup>58a</sup>, F. Podlyski<sup>34</sup>, R. Poettgen<sup>83</sup>, L. Poggioli<sup>117</sup>, D. Pohl<sup>21</sup>, M. Pohl<sup>49</sup>, G. Polesello<sup>121a</sup>,  
 A. Policicchio<sup>37a,37b</sup>, R. Polifka<sup>159</sup>, A. Polini<sup>20a</sup>, C.S. Pollard<sup>53</sup>, V. Polychronakos<sup>25</sup>,  
 K. Pommès<sup>30</sup>, L. Pontecorvo<sup>133a</sup>, B.G. Pope<sup>90</sup>, G.A. Popeneciu<sup>26b</sup>, D.S. Popovic<sup>13a</sup>,  
 A. Poppleton<sup>30</sup>, S. Pospisil<sup>128</sup>, K. Potamianos<sup>15</sup>, I.N. Potrap<sup>65</sup>, C.J. Potter<sup>150</sup>, C.T. Potter<sup>116</sup>,  
 G. Poulard<sup>30</sup>, J. Poveda<sup>30</sup>, V. Pozdnyakov<sup>65</sup>, P. Pralavorio<sup>85</sup>, A. Pranko<sup>15</sup>, S. Prasad<sup>30</sup>, S. Prell<sup>64</sup>,  
 D. Price<sup>84</sup>, J. Price<sup>74</sup>, L.E. Price<sup>6</sup>, D. Prieur<sup>125</sup>, M. Primavera<sup>73a</sup>, S. Prince<sup>87</sup>, M. Proissl<sup>46</sup>,  
 K. Prokofiev<sup>60c</sup>, F. Prokoshin<sup>32b</sup>, E. Protopapadaki<sup>137</sup>, S. Protopopescu<sup>25</sup>, J. Proudfoot<sup>6</sup>,  
 M. Przybycien<sup>38a</sup>, H. Przysieszniak<sup>5</sup>, E. Ptacek<sup>116</sup>, D. Puddu<sup>135a,135b</sup>, E. Pueschel<sup>86</sup>, D. Poldon<sup>149</sup>,  
 M. Purohit<sup>25,ac</sup>, P. Puzo<sup>117</sup>, J. Qian<sup>89</sup>, G. Qin<sup>53</sup>, Y. Qin<sup>84</sup>, A. Quadt<sup>54</sup>, D.R. Quarrie<sup>15</sup>,  
 W.B. Quayle<sup>165a,165b</sup>, M. Queitsch-Maitland<sup>84</sup>, D. Quilty<sup>53</sup>, A. Qureshi<sup>160b</sup>, V. Radeka<sup>25</sup>,  
 V. Radescu<sup>42</sup>, S.K. Radhakrishnan<sup>149</sup>, P. Radloff<sup>116</sup>, P. Rados<sup>88</sup>, F. Ragusa<sup>91a,91b</sup>, G. Rahal<sup>179</sup>,  
 S. Rajagopalan<sup>25</sup>, M. Rammensee<sup>30</sup>, C. Rangel-Smith<sup>167</sup>, K. Rao<sup>164</sup>, F. Rauscher<sup>100</sup>, S. Rave<sup>83</sup>,  
 T.C. Rave<sup>48</sup>, T. Ravenscroft<sup>53</sup>, M. Raymond<sup>30</sup>, A.L. Read<sup>119</sup>, N.P. Readioff<sup>74</sup>,  
 D.M. Rebuzzi<sup>121a,121b</sup>, A. Redelbach<sup>175</sup>, G. Redlinger<sup>25</sup>, R. Reece<sup>138</sup>, K. Reeves<sup>41</sup>, L. Rehnisch<sup>16</sup>,  
 H. Reisin<sup>27</sup>, M. Relich<sup>164</sup>, C. Rembser<sup>30</sup>, H. Ren<sup>33a</sup>, Z.L. Ren<sup>152</sup>, A. Renaud<sup>117</sup>, M. Rescigno<sup>133a</sup>,  
 S. Resconi<sup>91a</sup>, O.L. Rezanova<sup>109,c</sup>, P. Reznicek<sup>129</sup>, R. Rezvani<sup>95</sup>, R. Richter<sup>101</sup>, M. Ridel<sup>80</sup>,  
 P. Rieck<sup>16</sup>, J. Rieger<sup>54</sup>, M. Rijssenbeek<sup>149</sup>, A. Rimoldi<sup>121a,121b</sup>, L. Rinaldi<sup>20a</sup>, E. Ritsch<sup>62</sup>,  
 I. Riu<sup>12</sup>, F. Rizatdinova<sup>114</sup>, E. Rizvi<sup>76</sup>, S.H. Robertson<sup>87,j</sup>, A. Robichaud-Veronneau<sup>87</sup>,  
 D. Robinson<sup>28</sup>, J.E.M. Robinson<sup>84</sup>, A. Robson<sup>53</sup>, C. Roda<sup>124a,124b</sup>, L. Rodrigues<sup>30</sup>, S. Roe<sup>30</sup>,  
 O. Røhne<sup>119</sup>, S. Rolli<sup>162</sup>, A. Romaniouk<sup>98</sup>, M. Romano<sup>20a,20b</sup>, E. Romero Adam<sup>168</sup>,  
 N. Rompotis<sup>139</sup>, M. Ronzani<sup>48</sup>, L. Roos<sup>80</sup>, E. Ros<sup>168</sup>, S. Rosati<sup>133a</sup>, K. Rosbach<sup>49</sup>, M. Rose<sup>77</sup>,  
 P. Rose<sup>138</sup>, P.L. Rosendahl<sup>14</sup>, O. Rosenthal<sup>142</sup>, V. Rossetti<sup>147a,147b</sup>, E. Rossi<sup>104a,104b</sup>,  
 L.P. Rossi<sup>50a</sup>, R. Rosten<sup>139</sup>, M. Rotaru<sup>26a</sup>, I. Roth<sup>173</sup>, J. Rothberg<sup>139</sup>, D. Rousseau<sup>117</sup>,  
 C.R. Royon<sup>137</sup>, A. Rozanov<sup>85</sup>, Y. Rozen<sup>153</sup>, X. Ruan<sup>146c</sup>, F. Rubbo<sup>12</sup>, I. Rubinskiy<sup>42</sup>, V.I. Rud<sup>99</sup>,  
 C. Rudolph<sup>44</sup>, M.S. Rudolph<sup>159</sup>, F. Rühr<sup>48</sup>, A. Ruiz-Martinez<sup>30</sup>, Z. Rurikova<sup>48</sup>,  
 N.A. Rusakovich<sup>65</sup>, A. Ruschke<sup>100</sup>, H.L. Russell<sup>139</sup>, J.P. Rutherford<sup>7</sup>, N. Ruthmann<sup>48</sup>,  
 Y.F. Ryabov<sup>123</sup>, M. Rybar<sup>129</sup>, G. Rybkin<sup>117</sup>, N.C. Ryder<sup>120</sup>, A.F. Saavedra<sup>151</sup>, G. Sabato<sup>107</sup>,  
 S. Sacerdoti<sup>27</sup>, A. Saddique<sup>3</sup>, H.F.-W. Sadrozinski<sup>138</sup>, R. Sadykov<sup>65</sup>, F. Safai Tehrani<sup>133a</sup>,  
 H. Sakamoto<sup>156</sup>, Y. Sakurai<sup>172</sup>, G. Salamanna<sup>135a,135b</sup>, A. Salamon<sup>134a</sup>, M. Saleem<sup>113</sup>,  
 D. Salek<sup>107</sup>, P.H. Sales De Bruin<sup>139</sup>, D. Salihagic<sup>101</sup>, A. Salnikov<sup>144</sup>, J. Salt<sup>168</sup>,  
 D. Salvatore<sup>37a,37b</sup>, F. Salvatore<sup>150</sup>, A. Salvucci<sup>106</sup>, A. Salzburger<sup>30</sup>, D. Sampsonidis<sup>155</sup>,  
 A. Sanchez<sup>104a,104b</sup>, J. Sánchez<sup>168</sup>, V. Sanchez Martinez<sup>168</sup>, H. Sandaker<sup>14</sup>, R.L. Sandbach<sup>76</sup>,  
 H.G. Sander<sup>83</sup>, M.P. Sanders<sup>100</sup>, M. Sandhoff<sup>176</sup>, T. Sandoval<sup>28</sup>, C. Sandoval<sup>163</sup>,  
 R. Sandstroem<sup>101</sup>, D.P.C. Sankey<sup>131</sup>, A. Sansoni<sup>47</sup>, C. Santoni<sup>34</sup>, R. Santonico<sup>134a,134b</sup>,  
 H. Santos<sup>126a</sup>, I. Santoyo Castillo<sup>150</sup>, K. Sapp<sup>125</sup>, A. Sapronov<sup>65</sup>, J.G. Saraiva<sup>126a,126d</sup>,  
 B. Sarrazin<sup>21</sup>, G. Sartisohn<sup>176</sup>, O. Sasaki<sup>66</sup>, Y. Sasaki<sup>156</sup>, K. Sato<sup>161</sup>, G. Sauvage<sup>5,\*</sup>, E. Sauvan<sup>5</sup>,  
 G. Savage<sup>77</sup>, P. Savard<sup>159,d</sup>, C. Sawyer<sup>120</sup>, L. Sawyer<sup>79,m</sup>, D.H. Saxon<sup>53</sup>, J. Saxon<sup>31</sup>, C. Sbarra<sup>20a</sup>,  
 A. Sbrizzi<sup>20a,20b</sup>, T. Scanlon<sup>78</sup>, D.A. Scannicchio<sup>164</sup>, M. Scarcella<sup>151</sup>, V. Scarfone<sup>37a,37b</sup>,  
 J. Schaarschmidt<sup>173</sup>, P. Schacht<sup>101</sup>, D. Schaefer<sup>30</sup>, R. Schaefer<sup>42</sup>, S. Schaepe<sup>21</sup>, S. Schaetzel<sup>58b</sup>,  
 U. Schäfer<sup>83</sup>, A.C. Schaffer<sup>117</sup>, D. Schaile<sup>100</sup>, R.D. Schamberger<sup>149</sup>, V. Scharf<sup>58a</sup>,  
 V.A. Schegelsky<sup>123</sup>, D. Scheirich<sup>129</sup>, M. Schernau<sup>164</sup>, C. Schiavi<sup>50a,50b</sup>, J. Schieck<sup>100</sup>, C. Schillo<sup>48</sup>,  
 M. Schioppa<sup>37a,37b</sup>, S. Schlenker<sup>30</sup>, E. Schmidt<sup>48</sup>, K. Schmieden<sup>30</sup>, C. Schmitt<sup>83</sup>, S. Schmitt<sup>58b</sup>,  
 B. Schneider<sup>17</sup>, Y.J. Schnellbach<sup>74</sup>, U. Schnoor<sup>44</sup>, L. Schoeffel<sup>137</sup>, A. Schoening<sup>58b</sup>,  
 B.D. Schoenrock<sup>90</sup>, A.L.S. Schorlemmer<sup>54</sup>, M. Schott<sup>83</sup>, D. Schouten<sup>160a</sup>, J. Schovancova<sup>25</sup>,  
 S. Schramm<sup>159</sup>, M. Schreyer<sup>175</sup>, C. Schroeder<sup>83</sup>, N. Schuh<sup>83</sup>, M.J. Schultens<sup>21</sup>,

H.-C. Schultz-Coulon<sup>58a</sup>, H. Schulz<sup>16</sup>, M. Schumacher<sup>48</sup>, B.A. Schumm<sup>138</sup>, Ph. Schune<sup>137</sup>,  
 C. Schwanenberger<sup>84</sup>, A. Schwartzman<sup>144</sup>, T.A. Schwarz<sup>89</sup>, Ph. Schwegler<sup>101</sup>, Ph. Schwemling<sup>137</sup>,  
 R. Schwienhorst<sup>90</sup>, J. Schwindling<sup>137</sup>, T. Schwindt<sup>21</sup>, M. Schwoerer<sup>5</sup>, F.G. Sciacca<sup>17</sup>, E. Scifo<sup>117</sup>,  
 G. Sciolla<sup>23</sup>, F. Scuri<sup>124a,124b</sup>, F. Scutti<sup>21</sup>, J. Searcy<sup>89</sup>, G. Sedov<sup>42</sup>, E. Sedykh<sup>123</sup>, P. Seema<sup>21</sup>,  
 S.C. Seidel<sup>105</sup>, A. Seiden<sup>138</sup>, F. Seifert<sup>128</sup>, J.M. Seixas<sup>24a</sup>, G. Sekhniaidze<sup>104a</sup>, S.J. Sekula<sup>40</sup>,  
 K.E. Selbach<sup>46</sup>, D.M. Seliverstov<sup>123,\*</sup>, G. Sellers<sup>74</sup>, N. Semprini-Cesari<sup>20a,20b</sup>, C. Serfon<sup>30</sup>,  
 L. Serin<sup>117</sup>, L. Serkin<sup>54</sup>, T. Serre<sup>85</sup>, R. Seuster<sup>160a</sup>, H. Severini<sup>113</sup>, T. Sfiligoi<sup>75</sup>, F. Sforza<sup>101</sup>,  
 A. Sfyrta<sup>30</sup>, E. Shabalina<sup>54</sup>, M. Shamim<sup>116</sup>, L.Y. Shan<sup>33a</sup>, R. Shang<sup>166</sup>, J.T. Shank<sup>22</sup>,  
 M. Shapiro<sup>15</sup>, P.B. Shatalov<sup>97</sup>, K. Shaw<sup>165a,165b</sup>, A. Shcherbakova<sup>147a,147b</sup>, C.Y. Shehu<sup>150</sup>,  
 P. Sherwood<sup>78</sup>, L. Shi<sup>152,ad</sup>, S. Shimizu<sup>67</sup>, C.O. Shimmin<sup>164</sup>, M. Shimojima<sup>102</sup>, M. Shiyakova<sup>65</sup>,  
 A. Shmeleva<sup>96</sup>, D. Shoaleh Saadi<sup>95</sup>, M.J. Shochet<sup>31</sup>, S. Shojaii<sup>91a,91b</sup>, D. Short<sup>120</sup>, S. Shrestha<sup>111</sup>,  
 E. Shulga<sup>98</sup>, M.A. Shupe<sup>7</sup>, S. Shushkevich<sup>42</sup>, P. Sicho<sup>127</sup>, O. Sidiropoulou<sup>155</sup>, D. Sidorov<sup>114</sup>,  
 A. Sidoti<sup>133a</sup>, F. Siegert<sup>44</sup>, Dj. Sijacki<sup>13a</sup>, J. Silva<sup>126a,126d</sup>, Y. Silver<sup>154</sup>, D. Silverstein<sup>144</sup>,  
 S.B. Silverstein<sup>147a</sup>, V. Simak<sup>128</sup>, O. Simard<sup>5</sup>, Lj. Simic<sup>13a</sup>, S. Simion<sup>117</sup>, E. Simioni<sup>83</sup>,  
 B. Simmons<sup>78</sup>, D. Simon<sup>34</sup>, R. Simoniello<sup>91a,91b</sup>, P. Sinervo<sup>159</sup>, N.B. Sinev<sup>116</sup>, G. Siragusa<sup>175</sup>,  
 A. Sircar<sup>79</sup>, A.N. Sisakyan<sup>65,\*</sup>, S.Yu. Sivoklokov<sup>99</sup>, J. Sjölin<sup>147a,147b</sup>, T.B. Sjursen<sup>14</sup>,  
 H.P. Skottowe<sup>57</sup>, P. Skubic<sup>113</sup>, M. Slater<sup>18</sup>, T. Slavicek<sup>128</sup>, M. Slawinska<sup>107</sup>, K. Sliwa<sup>162</sup>,  
 V. Smakhtin<sup>173</sup>, B.H. Smart<sup>46</sup>, L. Smestad<sup>14</sup>, S.Yu. Smirnov<sup>98</sup>, Y. Smirnov<sup>98</sup>, L.N. Smirnova<sup>99,ae</sup>,  
 O. Smirnova<sup>81</sup>, K.M. Smith<sup>53</sup>, M. Smith<sup>35</sup>, M. Smizanska<sup>72</sup>, K. Smolek<sup>128</sup>, A.A. Snesarev<sup>96</sup>,  
 G. Snidero<sup>76</sup>, S. Snyder<sup>25</sup>, R. Sobie<sup>170,j</sup>, F. Socher<sup>44</sup>, A. Soffer<sup>154</sup>, D.A. Soh<sup>152,ad</sup>, C.A. Solans<sup>30</sup>,  
 M. Solar<sup>128</sup>, J. Solc<sup>128</sup>, E.Yu. Soldatov<sup>98</sup>, U. Soldevila<sup>168</sup>, A.A. Solodkov<sup>130</sup>, A. Soloshenko<sup>65</sup>,  
 O.V. Solovyanov<sup>130</sup>, V. Solovyev<sup>123</sup>, P. Sommer<sup>48</sup>, H.Y. Song<sup>33b</sup>, N. Soni<sup>1</sup>, A. Sood<sup>15</sup>,  
 A. Sopczak<sup>128</sup>, B. Sopko<sup>128</sup>, V. Sopko<sup>128</sup>, V. Sorin<sup>12</sup>, M. Sosebee<sup>8</sup>, R. Soualah<sup>165a,165c</sup>,  
 P. Soueid<sup>95</sup>, A.M. Soukharev<sup>109,c</sup>, D. South<sup>42</sup>, S. Spagnolo<sup>73a,73b</sup>, F. Spanò<sup>77</sup>, W.R. Spearman<sup>57</sup>,  
 F. Spettel<sup>101</sup>, R. Spighi<sup>20a</sup>, G. Spigo<sup>30</sup>, L.A. Spiller<sup>88</sup>, M. Spousta<sup>129</sup>, T. Spreitzer<sup>159</sup>,  
 R.D. St. Denis<sup>53,\*</sup>, S. Staerz<sup>44</sup>, J. Stahlman<sup>122</sup>, R. Stamen<sup>58a</sup>, S. Stamm<sup>16</sup>, E. Stanecka<sup>39</sup>,  
 C. Stanescu<sup>135a</sup>, M. Stanescu-Bellu<sup>42</sup>, M.M. Stanitzki<sup>42</sup>, S. Stapnes<sup>119</sup>, E.A. Starchenko<sup>130</sup>,  
 J. Stark<sup>55</sup>, P. Staroba<sup>127</sup>, P. Starovoitov<sup>42</sup>, R. Staszewski<sup>39</sup>, P. Stavina<sup>145a,\*</sup>, P. Steinberg<sup>25</sup>,  
 B. Stelzer<sup>143</sup>, H.J. Stelzer<sup>30</sup>, O. Stelzer-Chilton<sup>160a</sup>, H. Stenzel<sup>52</sup>, S. Stern<sup>101</sup>, G.A. Stewart<sup>53</sup>,  
 J.A. Stillings<sup>21</sup>, M.C. Stockton<sup>87</sup>, M. Stoebe<sup>87</sup>, G. Stoicea<sup>26a</sup>, P. Stolte<sup>54</sup>, S. Stonjek<sup>101</sup>,  
 A.R. Stradling<sup>8</sup>, A. Straessner<sup>44</sup>, M.E. Stramaglia<sup>17</sup>, J. Strandberg<sup>148</sup>, S. Strandberg<sup>147a,147b</sup>,  
 A. Strandlie<sup>119</sup>, E. Strauss<sup>144</sup>, M. Strauss<sup>113</sup>, P. Strizeneč<sup>145b</sup>, R. Ströhmer<sup>175</sup>, D.M. Strom<sup>116</sup>,  
 R. Stroynowski<sup>40</sup>, A. Strubig<sup>106</sup>, S.A. Stucci<sup>17</sup>, B. Stugu<sup>14</sup>, N.A. Styles<sup>42</sup>, D. Su<sup>144</sup>, J. Su<sup>125</sup>,  
 R. Subramaniam<sup>79</sup>, A. Succurro<sup>12</sup>, Y. Sugaya<sup>118</sup>, C. Suhr<sup>108</sup>, M. Suk<sup>128</sup>, V.V. Sulin<sup>96</sup>,  
 S. Sultansoy<sup>4d</sup>, T. Sumida<sup>68</sup>, S. Sun<sup>57</sup>, X. Sun<sup>33a</sup>, J.E. Sundermann<sup>48</sup>, K. Suruliz<sup>150</sup>,  
 G. Susinno<sup>37a,37b</sup>, M.R. Sutton<sup>150</sup>, Y. Suzuki<sup>66</sup>, M. Svatos<sup>127</sup>, S. Swedish<sup>169</sup>, M. Swiatlowski<sup>144</sup>,  
 I. Sykora<sup>145a</sup>, T. Sykora<sup>129</sup>, D. Ta<sup>90</sup>, C. Taccini<sup>135a,135b</sup>, K. Tackmann<sup>42</sup>, J. Taenzer<sup>159</sup>,  
 A. Taffard<sup>164</sup>, R. Tafirout<sup>160a</sup>, N. Taiblum<sup>154</sup>, H. Takai<sup>25</sup>, R. Takashima<sup>69</sup>, H. Takeda<sup>67</sup>,  
 T. Takeshita<sup>141</sup>, Y. Takubo<sup>66</sup>, M. Talby<sup>85</sup>, A.A. Talyshev<sup>109,c</sup>, J.Y.C. Tam<sup>175</sup>, K.G. Tan<sup>88</sup>,  
 J. Tanaka<sup>156</sup>, R. Tanaka<sup>117</sup>, S. Tanaka<sup>132</sup>, S. Tanaka<sup>66</sup>, A.J. Tanasijczuk<sup>143</sup>, B.B. Tannenwald<sup>111</sup>,  
 N. Tannoury<sup>21</sup>, S. Tapprogge<sup>83</sup>, S. Tarem<sup>153</sup>, F. Tarrade<sup>29</sup>, G.F. Tartarelli<sup>91a</sup>, P. Tas<sup>129</sup>,  
 M. Tasevsky<sup>127</sup>, T. Tashiro<sup>68</sup>, E. Tassi<sup>37a,37b</sup>, A. Tavares Delgado<sup>126a,126b</sup>, Y. Tayalati<sup>136d</sup>,  
 F.E. Taylor<sup>94</sup>, G.N. Taylor<sup>88</sup>, W. Taylor<sup>160b</sup>, F.A. Teischinger<sup>30</sup>, M. Teixeira Dias Castanheira<sup>76</sup>,  
 P. Teixeira-Dias<sup>77</sup>, K.K. Temming<sup>48</sup>, H. Ten Kate<sup>30</sup>, P.K. Teng<sup>152</sup>, J.J. Teoh<sup>118</sup>, F. Tepel<sup>176</sup>,  
 S. Terada<sup>66</sup>, K. Terashi<sup>156</sup>, J. Terron<sup>82</sup>, S. Terzo<sup>101</sup>, M. Testa<sup>47</sup>, R.J. Teuscher<sup>159,j</sup>,  
 J. Therhaag<sup>21</sup>, T. Theveneaux-Pelzer<sup>34</sup>, J.P. Thomas<sup>18</sup>, J. Thomas-Wilsker<sup>77</sup>, E.N. Thompson<sup>35</sup>,  
 P.D. Thompson<sup>18</sup>, R.J. Thompson<sup>84</sup>, A.S. Thompson<sup>53</sup>, L.A. Thomsen<sup>36</sup>, E. Thomson<sup>122</sup>,  
 M. Thomson<sup>28</sup>, W.M. Thong<sup>88</sup>, R.P. Thun<sup>89,\*</sup>, F. Tian<sup>35</sup>, M.J. Tibbetts<sup>15</sup>, V.O. Tikhomirov<sup>96,af</sup>,  
 Yu.A. Tikhonov<sup>109,c</sup>, S. Timoshenko<sup>98</sup>, E. Tiouchichine<sup>85</sup>, P. Tipton<sup>177</sup>, S. Tisserant<sup>85</sup>,

T. Todorov<sup>5</sup>, S. Todorova-Nova<sup>129</sup>, J. Tojo<sup>70</sup>, S. Tokár<sup>145a</sup>, K. Tokushuku<sup>66</sup>, K. Tollefson<sup>90</sup>,  
 E. Tolley<sup>57</sup>, L. Tomlinson<sup>84</sup>, M. Tomoto<sup>103</sup>, L. Tompkins<sup>31</sup>, K. Toms<sup>105</sup>, N.D. Topilin<sup>65</sup>,  
 E. Torrence<sup>116</sup>, H. Torres<sup>143</sup>, E. Torró Pastor<sup>168</sup>, J. Toth<sup>85,ag</sup>, F. Touchard<sup>85</sup>, D.R. Tovey<sup>140</sup>,  
 H.L. Tran<sup>117</sup>, T. Trefzger<sup>175</sup>, L. Tremblet<sup>30</sup>, A. Tricoli<sup>30</sup>, I.M. Trigger<sup>160a</sup>, S. Trincas-Duvoid<sup>80</sup>,  
 M.F. Tripiana<sup>12</sup>, W. Trischuk<sup>159</sup>, B. Trocmé<sup>55</sup>, C. Troncon<sup>91a</sup>, M. Trottier-McDonald<sup>15</sup>,  
 M. Trovatelli<sup>135a,135b</sup>, P. True<sup>90</sup>, M. Trzebinski<sup>39</sup>, A. Trzupiek<sup>39</sup>, C. Tsarouchas<sup>30</sup>,  
 J.C-L. Tseng<sup>120</sup>, P.V. Tsiareshka<sup>92</sup>, D. Tsionou<sup>137</sup>, G. Tsipolitis<sup>10</sup>, N. Tsirintanis<sup>9</sup>,  
 S. Tsiskaridze<sup>12</sup>, V. Tsiskaridze<sup>48</sup>, E.G. Tskhadadze<sup>51a</sup>, I.I. Tsukerman<sup>97</sup>, V. Tsulaia<sup>15</sup>,  
 S. Tsuno<sup>66</sup>, D. Tsybychev<sup>149</sup>, A. Tudorache<sup>26a</sup>, V. Tudorache<sup>26a</sup>, A.N. Tuna<sup>122</sup>,  
 S.A. Tuppuri<sup>20a,20b</sup>, S. Turchikhin<sup>99,ae</sup>, D. Turecek<sup>128</sup>, I. Turk Cakir<sup>4c</sup>, R. Turra<sup>91a,91b</sup>,  
 A.J. Turvey<sup>40</sup>, P.M. Tuts<sup>35</sup>, A. Tykhonov<sup>49</sup>, M. Tylmad<sup>147a,147b</sup>, M. Tyndel<sup>131</sup>, I. Ueda<sup>156</sup>,  
 R. Ueno<sup>29</sup>, M. Ughetto<sup>85</sup>, M. Ugland<sup>14</sup>, M. Uhlenbrock<sup>21</sup>, F. Ukegawa<sup>161</sup>, G. Unal<sup>30</sup>, A. Undrus<sup>25</sup>,  
 G. Unel<sup>164</sup>, F.C. Ungaro<sup>48</sup>, Y. Unno<sup>66</sup>, C. Unverdorben<sup>100</sup>, J. Urban<sup>145b</sup>, D. Urbaniec<sup>35</sup>,  
 P. Urquijo<sup>88</sup>, G. Usai<sup>8</sup>, A. Usanova<sup>62</sup>, L. Vacavant<sup>85</sup>, V. Vacek<sup>128</sup>, B. Vachon<sup>87</sup>, N. Valencic<sup>107</sup>,  
 S. Valentineti<sup>20a,20b</sup>, A. Valero<sup>168</sup>, L. Valery<sup>34</sup>, S. Valkar<sup>129</sup>, E. Valladolid Gallego<sup>168</sup>,  
 S. Vallecorsa<sup>49</sup>, J.A. Valls Ferrer<sup>168</sup>, W. Van Den Wollenberg<sup>107</sup>, P.C. Van Der Deijl<sup>107</sup>,  
 R. van der Geer<sup>107</sup>, H. van der Graaf<sup>107</sup>, R. Van Der Leeuw<sup>107</sup>, D. van der Ster<sup>30</sup>, N. van Eldik<sup>30</sup>,  
 P. van Gemmeren<sup>6</sup>, J. Van Nieuwkoop<sup>143</sup>, I. van Vulpen<sup>107</sup>, M.C. van Woerden<sup>30</sup>,  
 M. Vanadia<sup>133a,133b</sup>, W. Vandelli<sup>30</sup>, R. Vanguri<sup>122</sup>, A. Vaniachine<sup>6</sup>, P. Vankov<sup>42</sup>, F. Vannucci<sup>80</sup>,  
 G. Vardanyan<sup>178</sup>, R. Vari<sup>133a</sup>, E.W. Varnes<sup>7</sup>, T. Varol<sup>86</sup>, D. Varouchas<sup>80</sup>, A. Vartapetian<sup>8</sup>,  
 K.E. Varvell<sup>151</sup>, F. Vazeille<sup>34</sup>, T. Vazquez Schroeder<sup>54</sup>, J. Veatch<sup>7</sup>, F. Veloso<sup>126a,126c</sup>, T. Velz<sup>21</sup>,  
 S. Veneziano<sup>133a</sup>, A. Ventura<sup>73a,73b</sup>, D. Ventura<sup>86</sup>, M. Venturi<sup>170</sup>, N. Venturi<sup>159</sup>, A. Venturini<sup>23</sup>,  
 V. Vercesi<sup>121a</sup>, M. Verducci<sup>133a,133b</sup>, W. Verkerke<sup>107</sup>, J.C. Vermeulen<sup>107</sup>, A. Vest<sup>44</sup>,  
 M.C. Vetterli<sup>143,d</sup>, O. Viazlo<sup>81</sup>, I. Vichou<sup>166</sup>, T. Vickey<sup>146c,ah</sup>, O.E. Vickey Boeriu<sup>146c</sup>,  
 G.H.A. Viehhauser<sup>120</sup>, S. Viel<sup>169</sup>, R. Vigne<sup>30</sup>, M. Villa<sup>20a,20b</sup>, M. Villaplana Perez<sup>91a,91b</sup>,  
 E. Vilucchi<sup>47</sup>, M.G. Vincter<sup>29</sup>, V.B. Vinogradov<sup>65</sup>, J. Virzi<sup>15</sup>, I. Vivarelli<sup>150</sup>, F. Vives Vaque<sup>3</sup>,  
 S. Vlachos<sup>10</sup>, D. Vladoiu<sup>100</sup>, M. Vlasak<sup>128</sup>, A. Vogel<sup>21</sup>, M. Vogel<sup>32a</sup>, P. Vokac<sup>128</sup>, G. Volpi<sup>124a,124b</sup>,  
 M. Volpi<sup>88</sup>, H. von der Schmitt<sup>101</sup>, H. von Radziewski<sup>48</sup>, E. von Toerne<sup>21</sup>, V. Vorobel<sup>129</sup>,  
 K. Vorobev<sup>98</sup>, M. Vos<sup>168</sup>, R. Voss<sup>30</sup>, J.H. Vossebeld<sup>74</sup>, N. Vranjes<sup>137</sup>, M. Vranjes Milosavljevic<sup>13a</sup>,  
 V. Vrba<sup>127</sup>, M. Vreeswijk<sup>107</sup>, T. Vu Anh<sup>48</sup>, R. Vuillermet<sup>30</sup>, I. Vukotic<sup>31</sup>, Z. Vykydal<sup>128</sup>,  
 P. Wagner<sup>21</sup>, W. Wagner<sup>176</sup>, H. Wahlberg<sup>71</sup>, S. Wahrenmund<sup>44</sup>, J. Wakabayashi<sup>103</sup>, J. Walder<sup>72</sup>,  
 R. Walker<sup>100</sup>, W. Walkowiak<sup>142</sup>, R. Wall<sup>177</sup>, P. Waller<sup>74</sup>, B. Walsh<sup>177</sup>, C. Wang<sup>33c</sup>, C. Wang<sup>45</sup>,  
 F. Wang<sup>174</sup>, H. Wang<sup>15</sup>, H. Wang<sup>40</sup>, J. Wang<sup>42</sup>, J. Wang<sup>33a</sup>, K. Wang<sup>87</sup>, R. Wang<sup>105</sup>,  
 S.M. Wang<sup>152</sup>, T. Wang<sup>21</sup>, X. Wang<sup>177</sup>, C. Wanotayaroj<sup>116</sup>, A. Warburton<sup>87</sup>, C.P. Ward<sup>28</sup>,  
 D.R. Wardrope<sup>78</sup>, M. Warsinsky<sup>48</sup>, A. Washbrook<sup>46</sup>, C. Wasicki<sup>42</sup>, P.M. Watkins<sup>18</sup>,  
 A.T. Watson<sup>18</sup>, I.J. Watson<sup>151</sup>, M.F. Watson<sup>18</sup>, G. Watts<sup>139</sup>, S. Watts<sup>84</sup>, B.M. Waugh<sup>78</sup>,  
 S. Webb<sup>84</sup>, M.S. Weber<sup>17</sup>, S.W. Weber<sup>175</sup>, J.S. Webster<sup>31</sup>, A.R. Weidberg<sup>120</sup>, B. Weinert<sup>61</sup>,  
 J. Weingarten<sup>54</sup>, C. Weiser<sup>48</sup>, H. Weits<sup>107</sup>, P.S. Wells<sup>30</sup>, T. Wenaus<sup>25</sup>, D. Wendland<sup>16</sup>,  
 Z. Weng<sup>152,ad</sup>, T. Wengler<sup>30</sup>, S. Wenig<sup>30</sup>, N. Vermes<sup>21</sup>, M. Werner<sup>48</sup>, P. Werner<sup>30</sup>, M. Wessels<sup>58a</sup>,  
 J. Wetter<sup>162</sup>, K. Whalen<sup>29</sup>, A. White<sup>8</sup>, M.J. White<sup>1</sup>, R. White<sup>32b</sup>, S. White<sup>124a,124b</sup>,  
 D. Whiteson<sup>164</sup>, D. Wicke<sup>176</sup>, F.J. Wickens<sup>131</sup>, W. Wiedenmann<sup>174</sup>, M. Wielers<sup>131</sup>,  
 P. Wienemann<sup>21</sup>, C. Wiglesworth<sup>36</sup>, L.A.M. Wiik-Fuchs<sup>21</sup>, P.A. Wijeratne<sup>78</sup>, A. Wildauer<sup>101</sup>,  
 M.A. Wildt<sup>42,ai</sup>, H.G. Wilkens<sup>30</sup>, H.H. Williams<sup>122</sup>, S. Williams<sup>28</sup>, C. Willis<sup>90</sup>, S. Willocq<sup>86</sup>,  
 A. Wilson<sup>89</sup>, J.A. Wilson<sup>18</sup>, I. Wingerter-Seez<sup>5</sup>, F. Winklmeier<sup>116</sup>, B.T. Winter<sup>21</sup>, M. Wittgen<sup>144</sup>,  
 J. Wittkowski<sup>100</sup>, S.J. Wollstadt<sup>83</sup>, M.W. Wolter<sup>39</sup>, H. Wolters<sup>126a,126c</sup>, B.K. Wosiek<sup>39</sup>,  
 J. Wotschack<sup>30</sup>, M.J. Woudstra<sup>84</sup>, K.W. Wozniak<sup>39</sup>, M. Wright<sup>53</sup>, M. Wu<sup>55</sup>, S.L. Wu<sup>174</sup>, X. Wu<sup>49</sup>,  
 Y. Wu<sup>89</sup>, T.R. Wyatt<sup>84</sup>, B.M. Wynne<sup>46</sup>, S. Xella<sup>36</sup>, M. Xiao<sup>137</sup>, D. Xu<sup>33a</sup>, L. Xu<sup>33b,aj</sup>,  
 B. Yabsley<sup>151</sup>, S. Yacoob<sup>146b,ak</sup>, R. Yakabe<sup>67</sup>, M. Yamada<sup>66</sup>, H. Yamaguchi<sup>156</sup>, Y. Yamaguchi<sup>118</sup>,  
 A. Yamamoto<sup>66</sup>, S. Yamamoto<sup>156</sup>, T. Yamamura<sup>156</sup>, T. Yamanaka<sup>156</sup>, K. Yamauchi<sup>103</sup>,

Y. Yamazaki<sup>67</sup>, Z. Yan<sup>22</sup>, H. Yang<sup>33e</sup>, H. Yang<sup>174</sup>, Y. Yang<sup>111</sup>, S. Yanush<sup>93</sup>, L. Yao<sup>33a</sup>, W.-M. Yao<sup>15</sup>, Y. Yasu<sup>66</sup>, E. Yatsenko<sup>42</sup>, K.H. Yau Wong<sup>21</sup>, J. Ye<sup>40</sup>, S. Ye<sup>25</sup>, I. Yeletsikh<sup>65</sup>, A.L. Yen<sup>57</sup>, E. Yildirim<sup>42</sup>, M. Yilmaz<sup>4b</sup>, K. Yorita<sup>172</sup>, R. Yoshida<sup>6</sup>, K. Yoshihara<sup>156</sup>, C. Young<sup>144</sup>, C.J.S. Young<sup>30</sup>, S. Youssef<sup>22</sup>, D.R. Yu<sup>15</sup>, J. Yu<sup>8</sup>, J.M. Yu<sup>89</sup>, J. Yu<sup>114</sup>, L. Yuan<sup>67</sup>, A. Yurkewicz<sup>108</sup>, I. Yusuff<sup>28,al</sup>, B. Zabinski<sup>39</sup>, R. Zaidan<sup>63</sup>, A.M. Zaitsev<sup>130,z</sup>, A. Zaman<sup>149</sup>, S. Zambito<sup>23</sup>, L. Zanello<sup>133a,133b</sup>, D. Zanzi<sup>88</sup>, C. Zeitnitz<sup>176</sup>, M. Zeman<sup>128</sup>, A. Zemla<sup>38a</sup>, K. Zengel<sup>23</sup>, O. Zenin<sup>130</sup>, T. Ženiš<sup>145a</sup>, D. Zerwas<sup>117</sup>, G. Zevi della Porta<sup>57</sup>, D. Zhang<sup>89</sup>, F. Zhang<sup>174</sup>, H. Zhang<sup>90</sup>, J. Zhang<sup>6</sup>, L. Zhang<sup>152</sup>, R. Zhang<sup>33b</sup>, X. Zhang<sup>33d</sup>, Z. Zhang<sup>117</sup>, X. Zhao<sup>40</sup>, Y. Zhao<sup>33d</sup>, Z. Zhao<sup>33b</sup>, A. Zhemchugov<sup>65</sup>, J. Zhong<sup>120</sup>, B. Zhou<sup>89</sup>, C. Zhou<sup>45</sup>, L. Zhou<sup>35</sup>, L. Zhou<sup>40</sup>, N. Zhou<sup>164</sup>, C.G. Zhu<sup>33d</sup>, H. Zhu<sup>33a</sup>, J. Zhu<sup>89</sup>, Y. Zhu<sup>33b</sup>, X. Zhuang<sup>33a</sup>, K. Zhukov<sup>96</sup>, A. Zibell<sup>175</sup>, D. Zieminska<sup>61</sup>, N.I. Zimine<sup>65</sup>, C. Zimmermann<sup>83</sup>, R. Zimmermann<sup>21</sup>, S. Zimmermann<sup>21</sup>, S. Zimmermann<sup>48</sup>, Z. Zinonos<sup>54</sup>, M. Ziolkowski<sup>142</sup>, G. Zobernig<sup>174</sup>, A. Zoccoli<sup>20a,20b</sup>, M. zur Nedden<sup>16</sup>, G. Zurzolo<sup>104a,104b</sup>, L. Zwalinski<sup>30</sup>.

<sup>1</sup> Department of Physics, University of Adelaide, Adelaide, Australia

<sup>2</sup> Physics Department, SUNY Albany, Albany NY, United States of America

<sup>3</sup> Department of Physics, University of Alberta, Edmonton AB, Canada

<sup>4</sup> <sup>(a)</sup> Department of Physics, Ankara University, Ankara; <sup>(b)</sup> Department of Physics, Gazi University, Ankara; <sup>(c)</sup> Istanbul Aydin University, Istanbul; <sup>(d)</sup> Division of Physics, TOBB University of Economics and Technology, Ankara, Turkey

<sup>5</sup> LAPP, CNRS/IN2P3 and Université de Savoie, Annecy-le-Vieux, France

<sup>6</sup> High Energy Physics Division, Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne IL, United States of America

<sup>7</sup> Department of Physics, University of Arizona, Tucson AZ, United States of America

<sup>8</sup> Department of Physics, The University of Texas at Arlington, Arlington TX, United States of America

<sup>9</sup> Physics Department, University of Athens, Athens, Greece

<sup>10</sup> Physics Department, National Technical University of Athens, Zografou, Greece

<sup>11</sup> Institute of Physics, Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences, Baku, Azerbaijan

<sup>12</sup> Institut de Física d'Altes Energies and Departament de Física de la Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona, Barcelona, Spain

<sup>13</sup> <sup>(a)</sup> Institute of Physics, University of Belgrade, Belgrade; <sup>(b)</sup> Vinca Institute of Nuclear Sciences, University of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia

<sup>14</sup> Department for Physics and Technology, University of Bergen, Bergen, Norway

<sup>15</sup> Physics Division, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory and University of California, Berkeley CA, United States of America

<sup>16</sup> Department of Physics, Humboldt University, Berlin, Germany

<sup>17</sup> Albert Einstein Center for Fundamental Physics and Laboratory for High Energy Physics, University of Bern, Bern, Switzerland

<sup>18</sup> School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Birmingham, Birmingham, United Kingdom

<sup>19</sup> <sup>(a)</sup> Department of Physics, Bogazici University, Istanbul; <sup>(b)</sup> Department of Physics, Dogus University, Istanbul; <sup>(c)</sup> Department of Physics Engineering, Gaziantep University, Gaziantep, Turkey

<sup>20</sup> <sup>(a)</sup> INFN Sezione di Bologna; <sup>(b)</sup> Dipartimento di Fisica e Astronomia, Università di Bologna, Bologna, Italy

<sup>21</sup> Physikalisches Institut, University of Bonn, Bonn, Germany

<sup>22</sup> Department of Physics, Boston University, Boston MA, United States of America

<sup>23</sup> Department of Physics, Brandeis University, Waltham MA, United States of America

<sup>24</sup> <sup>(a)</sup> Universidade Federal do Rio De Janeiro COPPE/EE/IF, Rio de Janeiro; <sup>(b)</sup> Electrical

Circuits Department, Federal University of Juiz de Fora (UFJF), Juiz de Fora; <sup>(c)</sup> Federal University of Sao Joao del Rei (UFSJ), Sao Joao del Rei; <sup>(d)</sup> Instituto de Fisica, Universidade de Sao Paulo, Sao Paulo, Brazil

<sup>25</sup> Physics Department, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton NY, United States of America

<sup>26</sup> <sup>(a)</sup> National Institute of Physics and Nuclear Engineering, Bucharest; <sup>(b)</sup> National Institute for Research and Development of Isotopic and Molecular Technologies, Physics Department, Cluj Napoca; <sup>(c)</sup> University Politehnica Bucharest, Bucharest; <sup>(d)</sup> West University in Timisoara, Timisoara, Romania

<sup>27</sup> Departamento de Física, Universidad de Buenos Aires, Buenos Aires, Argentina

<sup>28</sup> Cavendish Laboratory, University of Cambridge, Cambridge, United Kingdom

<sup>29</sup> Department of Physics, Carleton University, Ottawa ON, Canada

<sup>30</sup> CERN, Geneva, Switzerland

<sup>31</sup> Enrico Fermi Institute, University of Chicago, Chicago IL, United States of America

<sup>32</sup> <sup>(a)</sup> Departamento de Física, Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile, Santiago; <sup>(b)</sup> Departamento de Física, Universidad Técnica Federico Santa María, Valparaíso, Chile

<sup>33</sup> <sup>(a)</sup> Institute of High Energy Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing; <sup>(b)</sup> Department of Modern Physics, University of Science and Technology of China, Anhui; <sup>(c)</sup> Department of Physics, Nanjing University, Jiangsu; <sup>(d)</sup> School of Physics, Shandong University, Shandong; <sup>(e)</sup> Physics Department, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, Shanghai; <sup>(f)</sup> Physics Department, Tsinghua University, Beijing 100084, China

<sup>34</sup> Laboratoire de Physique Corpusculaire, Clermont Université and Université Blaise Pascal and CNRS/IN2P3, Clermont-Ferrand, France

<sup>35</sup> Nevis Laboratory, Columbia University, Irvington NY, United States of America

<sup>36</sup> Niels Bohr Institute, University of Copenhagen, Kobenhavn, Denmark

<sup>37</sup> <sup>(a)</sup> INFN Gruppo Collegato di Cosenza, Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati; <sup>(b)</sup> Dipartimento di Fisica, Università della Calabria, Rende, Italy

<sup>38</sup> <sup>(a)</sup> AGH University of Science and Technology, Faculty of Physics and Applied Computer Science, Krakow; <sup>(b)</sup> Marian Smoluchowski Institute of Physics, Jagiellonian University, Krakow, Poland

<sup>39</sup> The Henryk Niewodniczanski Institute of Nuclear Physics, Polish Academy of Sciences, Krakow, Poland

<sup>40</sup> Physics Department, Southern Methodist University, Dallas TX, United States of America

<sup>41</sup> Physics Department, University of Texas at Dallas, Richardson TX, United States of America

<sup>42</sup> DESY, Hamburg and Zeuthen, Germany

<sup>43</sup> Institut für Experimentelle Physik IV, Technische Universität Dortmund, Dortmund, Germany

<sup>44</sup> Institut für Kern- und Teilchenphysik, Technische Universität Dresden, Dresden, Germany

<sup>45</sup> Department of Physics, Duke University, Durham NC, United States of America

<sup>46</sup> SUPA - School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Edinburgh, Edinburgh, United Kingdom

<sup>47</sup> INFN Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Frascati, Italy

<sup>48</sup> Fakultät für Mathematik und Physik, Albert-Ludwigs-Universität, Freiburg, Germany

<sup>49</sup> Section de Physique, Université de Genève, Geneva, Switzerland

<sup>50</sup> <sup>(a)</sup> INFN Sezione di Genova; <sup>(b)</sup> Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Genova, Genova, Italy

<sup>51</sup> <sup>(a)</sup> E. Andronikashvili Institute of Physics, Iv. Javakishvili Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi; <sup>(b)</sup> High Energy Physics Institute, Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi, Georgia

<sup>52</sup> II Physikalisches Institut, Justus-Liebig-Universität Giessen, Giessen, Germany

<sup>53</sup> SUPA - School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Glasgow, Glasgow, United Kingdom

<sup>54</sup> II Physikalisches Institut, Georg-August-Universität, Göttingen, Germany

<sup>55</sup> Laboratoire de Physique Subatomique et de Cosmologie, Université Grenoble-Alpes,

CNRS/IN2P3, Grenoble, France

<sup>56</sup> Department of Physics, Hampton University, Hampton VA, United States of America

<sup>57</sup> Laboratory for Particle Physics and Cosmology, Harvard University, Cambridge MA, United States of America

<sup>58</sup> <sup>(a)</sup> Kirchhoff-Institut für Physik, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Heidelberg; <sup>(b)</sup>

Physikalisches Institut, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Heidelberg; <sup>(c)</sup> ZITI Institut für technische Informatik, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Mannheim, Germany

<sup>59</sup> Faculty of Applied Information Science, Hiroshima Institute of Technology, Hiroshima, Japan

<sup>60</sup> <sup>(a)</sup> Department of Physics, The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong; <sup>(b)</sup>

Department of Physics, The University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong; <sup>(c)</sup> Department of Physics, The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, Clear Water Bay, Kowloon, Hong Kong, China

<sup>61</sup> Department of Physics, Indiana University, Bloomington IN, United States of America

<sup>62</sup> Institut für Astro- und Teilchenphysik, Leopold-Franzens-Universität, Innsbruck, Austria

<sup>63</sup> University of Iowa, Iowa City IA, United States of America

<sup>64</sup> Department of Physics and Astronomy, Iowa State University, Ames IA, United States of America

<sup>65</sup> Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, JINR Dubna, Dubna, Russia

<sup>66</sup> KEK, High Energy Accelerator Research Organization, Tsukuba, Japan

<sup>67</sup> Graduate School of Science, Kobe University, Kobe, Japan

<sup>68</sup> Faculty of Science, Kyoto University, Kyoto, Japan

<sup>69</sup> Kyoto University of Education, Kyoto, Japan

<sup>70</sup> Department of Physics, Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan

<sup>71</sup> Instituto de Física La Plata, Universidad Nacional de La Plata and CONICET, La Plata, Argentina

<sup>72</sup> Physics Department, Lancaster University, Lancaster, United Kingdom

<sup>73</sup> <sup>(a)</sup> INFN Sezione di Lecce; <sup>(b)</sup> Dipartimento di Matematica e Fisica, Università del Salento, Lecce, Italy

<sup>74</sup> Oliver Lodge Laboratory, University of Liverpool, Liverpool, United Kingdom

<sup>75</sup> Department of Physics, Jožef Stefan Institute and University of Ljubljana, Ljubljana, Slovenia

<sup>76</sup> School of Physics and Astronomy, Queen Mary University of London, London, United Kingdom

<sup>77</sup> Department of Physics, Royal Holloway University of London, Surrey, United Kingdom

<sup>78</sup> Department of Physics and Astronomy, University College London, London, United Kingdom

<sup>79</sup> Louisiana Tech University, Ruston LA, United States of America

<sup>80</sup> Laboratoire de Physique Nucléaire et de Hautes Energies, UPMC and Université Paris-Diderot and CNRS/IN2P3, Paris, France

<sup>81</sup> Fysiska institutionen, Lunds universitet, Lund, Sweden

<sup>82</sup> Departamento de Física Teórica C-15, Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, Madrid, Spain

<sup>83</sup> Institut für Physik, Universität Mainz, Mainz, Germany

<sup>84</sup> School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Manchester, Manchester, United Kingdom

<sup>85</sup> CPPM, Aix-Marseille Université and CNRS/IN2P3, Marseille, France

<sup>86</sup> Department of Physics, University of Massachusetts, Amherst MA, United States of America

<sup>87</sup> Department of Physics, McGill University, Montreal QC, Canada

<sup>88</sup> School of Physics, University of Melbourne, Victoria, Australia

<sup>89</sup> Department of Physics, The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor MI, United States of America

<sup>90</sup> Department of Physics and Astronomy, Michigan State University, East Lansing MI, United States of America

<sup>91</sup> <sup>(a)</sup> INFN Sezione di Milano; <sup>(b)</sup> Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Milano, Milano, Italy

<sup>92</sup> B.I. Stepanov Institute of Physics, National Academy of Sciences of Belarus, Minsk, Republic of Belarus



- <sup>93</sup> National Scientific and Educational Centre for Particle and High Energy Physics, Minsk, Republic of Belarus
- <sup>94</sup> Department of Physics, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge MA, United States of America
- <sup>95</sup> Group of Particle Physics, University of Montreal, Montreal QC, Canada
- <sup>96</sup> P.N. Lebedev Institute of Physics, Academy of Sciences, Moscow, Russia
- <sup>97</sup> Institute for Theoretical and Experimental Physics (ITEP), Moscow, Russia
- <sup>98</sup> National Research Nuclear University MEPhI, Moscow, Russia
- <sup>99</sup> D.V.Skobel'syn Institute of Nuclear Physics, M.V.Lomonosov Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia
- <sup>100</sup> Fakultät für Physik, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, München, Germany
- <sup>101</sup> Max-Planck-Institut für Physik (Werner-Heisenberg-Institut), München, Germany
- <sup>102</sup> Nagasaki Institute of Applied Science, Nagasaki, Japan
- <sup>103</sup> Graduate School of Science and Kobayashi-Maskawa Institute, Nagoya University, Nagoya, Japan
- <sup>104</sup> <sup>(a)</sup> INFN Sezione di Napoli; <sup>(b)</sup> Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Napoli, Napoli, Italy
- <sup>105</sup> Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of New Mexico, Albuquerque NM, United States of America
- <sup>106</sup> Institute for Mathematics, Astrophysics and Particle Physics, Radboud University Nijmegen/Nikhef, Nijmegen, Netherlands
- <sup>107</sup> Nikhef National Institute for Subatomic Physics and University of Amsterdam, Amsterdam, Netherlands
- <sup>108</sup> Department of Physics, Northern Illinois University, DeKalb IL, United States of America
- <sup>109</sup> Budker Institute of Nuclear Physics, SB RAS, Novosibirsk, Russia
- <sup>110</sup> Department of Physics, New York University, New York NY, United States of America
- <sup>111</sup> Ohio State University, Columbus OH, United States of America
- <sup>112</sup> Faculty of Science, Okayama University, Okayama, Japan
- <sup>113</sup> Homer L. Dodge Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Oklahoma, Norman OK, United States of America
- <sup>114</sup> Department of Physics, Oklahoma State University, Stillwater OK, United States of America
- <sup>115</sup> Palacký University, RCPTM, Olomouc, Czech Republic
- <sup>116</sup> Center for High Energy Physics, University of Oregon, Eugene OR, United States of America
- <sup>117</sup> LAL, Université Paris-Sud and CNRS/IN2P3, Orsay, France
- <sup>118</sup> Graduate School of Science, Osaka University, Osaka, Japan
- <sup>119</sup> Department of Physics, University of Oslo, Oslo, Norway
- <sup>120</sup> Department of Physics, Oxford University, Oxford, United Kingdom
- <sup>121</sup> <sup>(a)</sup> INFN Sezione di Pavia; <sup>(b)</sup> Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Pavia, Pavia, Italy
- <sup>122</sup> Department of Physics, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia PA, United States of America
- <sup>123</sup> Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute, Gatchina, Russia
- <sup>124</sup> <sup>(a)</sup> INFN Sezione di Pisa; <sup>(b)</sup> Dipartimento di Fisica E. Fermi, Università di Pisa, Pisa, Italy
- <sup>125</sup> Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh PA, United States of America
- <sup>126</sup> <sup>(a)</sup> Laboratório de Instrumentação e Física Experimental de Partículas - LIP, Lisboa; <sup>(b)</sup> Faculdade de Ciências, Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa; <sup>(c)</sup> Department of Physics, University of Coimbra, Coimbra; <sup>(d)</sup> Centro de Física Nuclear da Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa; <sup>(e)</sup> Departamento de Física, Universidade do Minho, Braga; <sup>(f)</sup> Departamento de Física Teórica y del Cosmos and CAFPE, Universidad de Granada, Granada (Spain); <sup>(g)</sup> Dep Física and CEFITEC of Faculdade de Ciências e Tecnologia, Universidade Nova de Lisboa, Caparica, Portugal
- <sup>127</sup> Institute of Physics, Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic, Praha, Czech Republic

- 128 Czech Technical University in Prague, Praha, Czech Republic
- 129 Faculty of Mathematics and Physics, Charles University in Prague, Praha, Czech Republic
- 130 State Research Center Institute for High Energy Physics, Protvino, Russia
- 131 Particle Physics Department, Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom
- 132 Ritsumeikan University, Kusatsu, Shiga, Japan
- 133 <sup>(a)</sup> INFN Sezione di Roma; <sup>(b)</sup> Dipartimento di Fisica, Sapienza Università di Roma, Roma, Italy
- 134 <sup>(a)</sup> INFN Sezione di Roma Tor Vergata; <sup>(b)</sup> Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Roma Tor Vergata, Roma, Italy
- 135 <sup>(a)</sup> INFN Sezione di Roma Tre; <sup>(b)</sup> Dipartimento di Matematica e Fisica, Università Roma Tre, Roma, Italy
- 136 <sup>(a)</sup> Faculté des Sciences Ain Chock, Réseau Universitaire de Physique des Hautes Energies - Université Hassan II, Casablanca; <sup>(b)</sup> Centre National de l'Énergie des Sciences Techniques Nucleaires, Rabat; <sup>(c)</sup> Faculté des Sciences Semlalia, Université Cadi Ayyad, LPHEA-Marrakech; <sup>(d)</sup> Faculté des Sciences, Université Mohamed Premier and LPTPM, Oujda; <sup>(e)</sup> Faculté des sciences, Université Mohammed V-Agdal, Rabat, Morocco
- 137 DSM/IRFU (Institut de Recherches sur les Lois Fondamentales de l'Univers), CEA Saclay (Commissariat à l'Énergie Atomique et aux Énergies Alternatives), Gif-sur-Yvette, France
- 138 Santa Cruz Institute for Particle Physics, University of California Santa Cruz, Santa Cruz CA, United States of America
- 139 Department of Physics, University of Washington, Seattle WA, United States of America
- 140 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sheffield, Sheffield, United Kingdom
- 141 Department of Physics, Shinshu University, Nagano, Japan
- 142 Fachbereich Physik, Universität Siegen, Siegen, Germany
- 143 Department of Physics, Simon Fraser University, Burnaby BC, Canada
- 144 SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory, Stanford CA, United States of America
- 145 <sup>(a)</sup> Faculty of Mathematics, Physics & Informatics, Comenius University, Bratislava; <sup>(b)</sup> Department of Subnuclear Physics, Institute of Experimental Physics of the Slovak Academy of Sciences, Kosice, Slovak Republic
- 146 <sup>(a)</sup> Department of Physics, University of Cape Town, Cape Town; <sup>(b)</sup> Department of Physics, University of Johannesburg, Johannesburg; <sup>(c)</sup> School of Physics, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, South Africa
- 147 <sup>(a)</sup> Department of Physics, Stockholm University; <sup>(b)</sup> The Oskar Klein Centre, Stockholm, Sweden
- 148 Physics Department, Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm, Sweden
- 149 Departments of Physics & Astronomy and Chemistry, Stony Brook University, Stony Brook NY, United States of America
- 150 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sussex, Brighton, United Kingdom
- 151 School of Physics, University of Sydney, Sydney, Australia
- 152 Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan
- 153 Department of Physics, Technion: Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel
- 154 Raymond and Beverly Sackler School of Physics and Astronomy, Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv, Israel
- 155 Department of Physics, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Thessaloniki, Greece
- 156 International Center for Elementary Particle Physics and Department of Physics, The University of Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan
- 157 Graduate School of Science and Technology, Tokyo Metropolitan University, Tokyo, Japan
- 158 Department of Physics, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Tokyo, Japan
- 159 Department of Physics, University of Toronto, Toronto ON, Canada

- <sup>160</sup> <sup>(a)</sup> TRIUMF, Vancouver BC; <sup>(b)</sup> Department of Physics and Astronomy, York University, Toronto ON, Canada
- <sup>161</sup> Faculty of Pure and Applied Sciences, University of Tsukuba, Tsukuba, Japan
- <sup>162</sup> Department of Physics and Astronomy, Tufts University, Medford MA, United States of America
- <sup>163</sup> Centro de Investigaciones, Universidad Antonio Narino, Bogota, Colombia
- <sup>164</sup> Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of California Irvine, Irvine CA, United States of America
- <sup>165</sup> <sup>(a)</sup> INFN Gruppo Collegato di Udine, Sezione di Trieste, Udine; <sup>(b)</sup> ICTP, Trieste; <sup>(c)</sup> Dipartimento di Chimica, Fisica e Ambiente, Università di Udine, Udine, Italy
- <sup>166</sup> Department of Physics, University of Illinois, Urbana IL, United States of America
- <sup>167</sup> Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Uppsala, Uppsala, Sweden
- <sup>168</sup> Instituto de Física Corpuscular (IFIC) and Departamento de Física Atómica, Molecular y Nuclear and Departamento de Ingeniería Electrónica and Instituto de Microelectrónica de Barcelona (IMB-CNM), University of Valencia and CSIC, Valencia, Spain
- <sup>169</sup> Department of Physics, University of British Columbia, Vancouver BC, Canada
- <sup>170</sup> Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Victoria, Victoria BC, Canada
- <sup>171</sup> Department of Physics, University of Warwick, Coventry, United Kingdom
- <sup>172</sup> Waseda University, Tokyo, Japan
- <sup>173</sup> Department of Particle Physics, The Weizmann Institute of Science, Rehovot, Israel
- <sup>174</sup> Department of Physics, University of Wisconsin, Madison WI, United States of America
- <sup>175</sup> Fakultät für Physik und Astronomie, Julius-Maximilians-Universität, Würzburg, Germany
- <sup>176</sup> Fachbereich C Physik, Bergische Universität Wuppertal, Wuppertal, Germany
- <sup>177</sup> Department of Physics, Yale University, New Haven CT, United States of America
- <sup>178</sup> Yerevan Physics Institute, Yerevan, Armenia
- <sup>179</sup> Centre de Calcul de l'Institut National de Physique Nucléaire et de Physique des Particules (IN2P3), Villeurbanne, France
- <sup>a</sup> Also at Department of Physics, King's College London, London, United Kingdom
- <sup>b</sup> Also at Institute of Physics, Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences, Baku, Azerbaijan
- <sup>c</sup> Also at Novosibirsk State University, Novosibirsk, Russia
- <sup>d</sup> Also at TRIUMF, Vancouver BC, Canada
- <sup>e</sup> Also at Department of Physics, California State University, Fresno CA, United States of America
- <sup>f</sup> Also at Department of Physics, University of Fribourg, Fribourg, Switzerland
- <sup>g</sup> Also at Tomsk State University, Tomsk, Russia
- <sup>h</sup> Also at CPPM, Aix-Marseille Université and CNRS/IN2P3, Marseille, France
- <sup>i</sup> Also at Università di Napoli Parthenope, Napoli, Italy
- <sup>j</sup> Also at Institute of Particle Physics (IPP), Canada
- <sup>k</sup> Also at Particle Physics Department, Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom
- <sup>l</sup> Also at Department of Physics, St. Petersburg State Polytechnical University, St. Petersburg, Russia
- <sup>m</sup> Also at Louisiana Tech University, Ruston LA, United States of America
- <sup>n</sup> Also at Institutio Catalana de Recerca i Estudis Avancats, ICREA, Barcelona, Spain
- <sup>o</sup> Also at Department of Physics, The University of Texas at Austin, Austin TX, United States of America
- <sup>p</sup> Also at Institute of Theoretical Physics, Ilia State University, Tbilisi, Georgia
- <sup>q</sup> Also at CERN, Geneva, Switzerland
- <sup>r</sup> Also at Ochadai Academic Production, Ochanomizu University, Tokyo, Japan
- <sup>s</sup> Also at Manhattan College, New York NY, United States of America
- <sup>t</sup> Also at Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan

- <sup>u</sup> Also at LAL, Université Paris-Sud and CNRS/IN2P3, Orsay, France
- <sup>v</sup> Also at Academia Sinica Grid Computing, Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan
- <sup>w</sup> Also at Laboratoire de Physique Nucléaire et de Hautes Energies, UPMC and Université Paris-Diderot and CNRS/IN2P3, Paris, France
- <sup>x</sup> Also at School of Physical Sciences, National Institute of Science Education and Research, Bhubaneswar, India
- <sup>y</sup> Also at Dipartimento di Fisica, Sapienza Università di Roma, Roma, Italy
- <sup>z</sup> Also at Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology State University, Dolgoprudny, Russia
- <sup>aa</sup> Also at Section de Physique, Université de Genève, Geneva, Switzerland
- <sup>ab</sup> Also at International School for Advanced Studies (SISSA), Trieste, Italy
- <sup>ac</sup> Also at Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of South Carolina, Columbia SC, United States of America
- <sup>ad</sup> Also at School of Physics and Engineering, Sun Yat-sen University, Guangzhou, China
- <sup>ae</sup> Also at Faculty of Physics, M.V.Lomonosov Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia
- <sup>af</sup> Also at National Research Nuclear University MEPhI, Moscow, Russia
- <sup>ag</sup> Also at Institute for Particle and Nuclear Physics, Wigner Research Centre for Physics, Budapest, Hungary
- <sup>ah</sup> Also at Department of Physics, Oxford University, Oxford, United Kingdom
- <sup>ai</sup> Also at Institut für Experimentalphysik, Universität Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany
- <sup>aj</sup> Also at Department of Physics, The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor MI, United States of America
- <sup>ak</sup> Also at Discipline of Physics, University of KwaZulu-Natal, Durban, South Africa
- <sup>al</sup> Also at University of Malaya, Department of Physics, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
- \* Deceased