Erratum

Two-Year Remission and Subsequent Relapse in Children with Newly Diagnosed Epilepsy

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Due to a printing error, in the above article, Table 1 and Table 4 were incorrectly represented. Those tables should have appeared as shown here. We apologize to the authors for this error.

Syndrome grouping*	No.	No. (%) ever in 2-year remission
TOTAL	594	442 (74)
Partial Epilepsies	345	269 (78)
Idiopathic Partial**	57	52 (91)
Benign Rolandic	55	52 (91)
Benign Occipital	2	2 (100)
Symptomatic Partial	189	135 (71)
Cryptogenic Partial	99	82 (83)
Generalized Epilepsies	176	128 (73)
Idiopathic generalized (IGE)	124	106 (85)
Benign myoclonic epilepsy in infancy	1	1 (100)
Childhood absence	73	65 (89)
Juvenile absence	15	13 (87)
Juvenile myoclonic	12	7 (58)
With GTCS*** on awakening	2	1 (50)
Other IGE/Unclassified IGE	18	16 (89)
With specific modes of precipitation	3	3 (100)
Symptomatic/Cryptogenic Generalized	43	20 (47)
Not further classified	3	1 (33)
West	24	9 (38)
Lennox-Gastaut	4	1 (25)
Doose	10	7 (70)
With myoclonic absence	2	2 (100)
Symptomatic generalized	9	2 (22)
With nonspecific etiology	4	1 (25)
With specific etiology	5	1 (20)
Epilepsies of undetermined onset	73	45 (62)
Undetermined with both focal and generalized features	5	3 (60)
Undetermined without unequivocal focal or generalized features	68	42 (62)

TABLE 1. Probability of a 2-year remission ever as a function of syndromic grouping and specific syndrome assessed at initial diagnosis

* A few syndromes with only a single individual were not shown but included in the more general category under which they fell.

** P-value for comparison of the three main localization-related, three main generalized, and two main undetermined categories overall is 0.007.

*** GTCS = generalized tonic clonic seizures.

Syndrome grouping*	No. total after 2-year reassessment of syndromes and etiology	No. (%) achieving 2-year remission	No. (%) relapse
TOTAL	594	441 (74)	107 (24)
Partial Epilepsies	354	274 (77)	65 (24)
Idiopathic Partial	62	55 (93)	4 (7)
Benign Rolandic	59	52 (88)	3 (6)
Benign Occipital	3	3 (100)	1 (33)
Symptomatic Partial	205	147 (72)	44 (30)
Cryptogenic Partial	87	72 (83)	17 (24)
Generalized Epilepsies	191	132 (69)	32 (24)
Idiopathic generalized (IGE)	133	111 (83)	28 (25)
Benign myoclonic epilepsy in infancy	2	2 (100)	0 (0)
Childhood absence	75	66 (88)	15 (23)
Juvenile absence	17	14 (82)	3 (21)
Juvenile myoclonic	15	8 (53)	5 (63)
With GTCS** on awakening	2	1 (50)	1 (100)
Other IGE/Unclassified IGE	18	17 (94)	3 (19)
With specific modes of precipitation	4	3 (75)	1 (33)
Symptomatic/Cryptogenic Generalized	49	20 (41)	4 (20)
Not further classified	3	1 (33)	
West	17	9 (53)	1(11)
Lennox-Gastaut	19	1 (5)	1 (100)
Doose	8	7 (88)	1 (14)
With myoclonic absence	2	2 (100)	1 (50)
Symptomatic generalized	9	1 (11)	0 (0)
With nonspecific etiology	3	0 (0)	
With specific etiology	6	1 (17)	0 (0)
Epilepsies of undetermined onset	49	36 (73)	10 (28)
Undetermined with both focal and generalized features	2	1 (50)	1 (100)
Undetermined without unequivocal focal or generalized features	47	35 (74)	9 (26)

TABLE 4. Probability of relapse after a 2-year remission as a function of syndromic grouping and specific syndrome as assessed two years after initial diagnosis

* A few syndromes with only a single individual were not shown but included in the more general category under which they fell. ** GTCS = generalized tonic clonic seizures.