Water-immersion and cap-assisted endoscopic ablation of hemorrhagic radiation proctopathy with a novel 1.9/1.5- μ m dual-emission endoscopic laser treatment



Hemorrhagic radiation proctopathy is a long-lasting side effect of radiotherapy for gynecologic, urologic, and digestive cancers that is characterized by hematochezia from mucosal angioectasia, and a variable degree of rectal pain, tenesmus, urgency, and incontinence [1]. When symptoms or anemia occur despite medical treatment, endoscopic therapy with radiofrequency ablation or argon plasma coagulation represents the first option, with appreciable but still suboptimal endoscopic and clinical long-term results [1,2].

Here we report the case of a 51-year-old woman with severe chronic hematochezia, moderate-to-severe iron deficiency anemia, tenesmus, and urgency. Her clinical history was remarkable for brachytherapy for cervical cancer in previous years. Ileocolonoscopy showed many angioectasias, with multiple bleeding spots and mucosal friability in the caudal rectum.

A 1.9/1.5-µm wavelength dual-emission endoscopic laser designed for endoscopic therapy (Opera Evo; Quanta System, Samarate, Italy) was employed to achieve complete hemostasis and the ablation of the main rectal angioectasias (Video 1). The water-immersion and cap-assisted techniques improved the visualization of the bleeding spots and helped in conveying the laser beam to the lesions that were close to the dentate line, by avoiding over-insufflation and anoscope insertion. The procedure was conducted using a standard gastroscope and a conventional laser setting, with the patient under conscious sedation. The patient was discharged home 3 hours after the procedure and did not report any endoscopic injuries or other adverse events during follow-up.

This case represents the first video report on the use of the novel 1.9/1.5-µm wavelength dual-emission laser treatment in a real-life case of severe hemor-





▶ Video 1 Water-immersion and cap-assisted 1.9/1.5-µm wavelength dual-emission endoscopic laser treatment in a patient with severe hemorrhagic radiation proctopathy of the caudal rectum, with ongoing hematochezia.

rhagic radiation proctopathy. We report an augmented effectiveness and maneuverability when the laser therapy was assisted by water immersion and the use of an endoscopic cap in the terminal rectum. Finally, this report adds to the growing literature on the potential applications of therapeutic laser systems in digestive endoscopy [3–5].

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Competing interests

The authors declare that they have no conflict of interest.

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