Assessment of the feed additive consisting of
Lentilactobacillus buchneri (formerly Lactobacillus
buchneri) DSM 12856 for all animal species for the renewal
of its authorisation (Lactosan GmbH & Co KG)

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Abstract
Following a request from the European Commission, the Panel on Additives and Products or
Substances used in Animal Feed (FEEDAP) was asked to deliver a scientific opinion on the assessment
of the application for renewal of authorisation of Lentilactobacillus buchneri (formerly Lactobacillus
buchneri) DSM 12856 as a technological additive for use in forage for all animal species. The additive
aims at improving the production of silage and is authorised for all animal species. The applicant has
provided evidence that the additive currently on the market complies with the existing conditions
of authorisation. There is no evidence to lead the FEEDAP Panel to reconsider its previous conclusions.
Thus, the Panel concludes that the additive remains safe for all animal species, consumers and the
environment under the authorised conditions of use. Regarding user safety L. buchneri DSM 12856 is
not irritant to skin and eyes but is considered a skin and respiratory sensitiser. There was no need for
assessing the efficacy of the additive in the context of the renewal of the authorisation.

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Keywords: technological additive, silage additive, Lentilactobacillus buchneri DSM 12856, safety,
efficacy, QPS, renewal

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1. Introduction

1.1. Background and Terms of Reference

Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 establishes the rules governing the Community authorisation of additives for use in animal nutrition. In particular, Article 14(1) of that Regulation lays down that an application for renewal shall be sent to the Commission at the latest one year before the expiry date of the authorisation.

The European Commission received a request from Lactosan GmbH & Co.KG for authorisation of the product Lentilactobacillus buchneri (formerly Lactobacillus buchneri) DSM 12856, when used as a feed additive for all animal species (category: technological additives; functional group: silage additives).

According to Article 7(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003, the Commission forwarded the application to the European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) as an application under Article 14(1) (renewal of the authorisation). The particulars and documents in support of the application were considered valid by EFSA as of 15 January 2021.

According to Article 8 of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003, EFSA, after verifying the particulars and documents submitted by the applicant, shall undertake an assessment in order to determine whether the feed additive complies with the conditions laid down in Article 5. EFSA shall deliver an opinion on the safety for the target animals, consumer, user, and the environment and on the efficacy of the product Lentilactobacillus buchneri (formerly Lactobacillus buchneri) DSM 12856, when used under the proposed conditions of use (see Section 3.1.3).

1.2. Additional information

The additive consists of viable cells of L. buchneri (formerly Lactobacillus buchneri) DSM 12856. It is currently authorised as a feed additive in the European Union (1k2075). EFSA has adopted one opinion on the safety and efficacy of this product for all animal species (EFSA FEEDAP Panel, 2011).

2. Data and methodologies

2.1. Data

The present assessment is based on data submitted by the applicant in the form of a technical dossier in support of the authorisation request for the use of L. buchneri DSM 12856 as a feed additive.

The European Union Reference Laboratory (EURL) considered that the conclusions and recommendations reached in the previous assessment are valid and applicable for the current application.

2.2. Methodologies

The approach followed by the FEEDAP Panel to assess the safety and the efficacy of Lentilactobacillus buchneri DSM 12856 is in line with the principles laid down in Regulation (EC) No 429/2008 and the relevant guidance documents: Guidance on the characterisation of microorganisms used as feed additives or as production organisms (EFSA FEEDAP Panel, 2018) and Guidance on the renewal of the authorisation of feed additives (EFSA FEEDAP Panel, 2013).

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2 Lactosan GmbH & Co.KG, Industriestraße West 5, A-8605 Kapfenberg, Austria.
3 Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 1263/2011 of 5 December 2011 concerning the authorisation of Lactobacillus buchneri (DSM 16774), Lactobacillus buchneri (DSM 12856), Lactobacillus paracasei (DSM 16245), Lactobacillus paracasei (DSM 16773), Lactobacillus plantarum (DSM 12836), Lactobacillus plantarum (DSM 12837), Lactobacillus brevis (DSM 12835), Lactobacillus rhamnosus (NCIMB 30121), Lactococcus lactis (DSM 11037), Lactococcus lactis (NCIMB 30160), Pediococcus acidilactici (DSM 16243) and Pediococcus pentosaceus (DSM 12834) as feed additives for all animal species. OJ L 322, 6.12.2011, p. 3.
5 The full report is available on the EURL website: https://ec.europa.eu/jrc/en/eurl/feed-additives/evaluation-reports
3. Assessment

The product consisting of viable cells of *L. buchneri* DSM 12856 is currently authorised for use as a technological additive (functional group: silage additives) in forages for all animal species. This assessment regards the renewal of the authorisation of *L. buchneri* DSM 12856 for the above-mentioned animal species.

3.1. Characterisation

3.1.1. Characterisation of the additive

The product currently authorised consists of approximately 35–50% of the active agent and 50–65% of carriers (carriers) and cryoprotectants (cryoprotectants). The minimum concentration of active agent (*L. buchneri* DSM 12856) is \(5 \times 10^{11}\) colony forming units (CFU) per gram of additive.

The information submitted regarding the manufacturing process lists some modifications applied to the fermentation process and composition of the additive which have been developed since the first authorisation was granted. The modifications regard the composition of the fermentation medium (e.g. fermentation medium). Regarding the composition of the additive, are also used as cryoprotectants, and is used in replacement of .

Analysis of three batches showed a mean value of \(6.4 \times 10^{11}\) CFU/g (range \(6.0 - 6.8 \times 10^{11}\) CFU/g). Specifications are set for Enterobacteriaceae (< \(10^2\) CFU/g), yeasts and filamentous fungi (< \(10^2\) CFU/g) and *Salmonella* spp. (no detection in 25 g). Analysis of three recent batches of the additive showed compliance with these limits. Three other recent batches were tested for aflatoxins (B1, B2, G1, and G2), deoxynivalenol, zearalenone and three others for lead, mercury, cadmium and arsenic, showing levels below the respective limits of quantification.

No new data have been provided regarding the physico-chemical properties of the additive. Since the changes introduced in the additive and its manufacturing process are not expected to have a significant effect on these characteristics, the data described in the previous opinion still apply.

3.1.2. Characterisation of the active agent

The active agent was isolated from silage. It is deposited in the Deutsche Sammlung von Mikroorganismen und Zellkulturen (DSMZ) with the accession number DSM 12856. It has not been genetically modified.

The bacterial strain was tested for antibiotic susceptibility . The battery of antibiotics used included those recommended by EFSA (EFSA FEEDAP Panel, 2018). Exceeding the cut-off value by one dilution is considered to be within the normal range of variation and thus, not a matter of concern. Therefore, the strain is considered to be susceptible to all the relevant antibiotics.

The WGS data of the strain, including the were searched for acquired antibiotic resistance genes by using the .
3.1.3. Conditions of use

The additive is currently authorised for use in forages for all target species. Under other provisions of the authorisation, it is specified that:

- In the directions for use of the additive and premixture, indicate the storage temperature and storage life.
- Minimum dose of the additive when used without combination with other micro-organisms as silage additives: $1 \times 10^9$ CFU/kg fresh material.
- For safety: it is recommended to use breathing protection and gloves during handling.

The applicant has requested to maintain the same conditions of use.

3.2. Safety

3.2.1. Safety for the target species, consumers, users and the environment

In the previous opinion, the Panel concluded that following the qualified presumption of safety (QPS) approach, the use of *L. buchneri* DSM 12856 in the production of silage was considered safe for target species, consumers and the environment (EFSA FEEDAP Panel, 2011). In the context of this application, the identity of the strain as *L. buchneri* DSM 12856 was confirmed and evidence that the strain does not show acquired antimicrobial resistances for antibiotics of human and veterinary importance was provided. Consequently, the conclusions already reached are still valid and *L. buchneri* DSM 12856 is safe for the target species, consumers and the environment.

In the previous assessment (EFSA FEEDAP Panel, 2011), the Panel concluded regarding user safety: ‘Evidence of a lack of irritancy was provided for one formulation of the additive. It is unlikely that considering the nature of the alternative food grade excipients, different results would be obtained for other formulations containing *L. buchneri* DSM 12856. Given the lack of specific information and its proteinaceous nature, the active agent should be considered to have the potential to be a skin/respiratory sensitiser’.

The applicant declares that no adverse effects on the health of workers have been observed in the production plant or during usage of the additive.

The applicant performed a literature search in order to provide evidence that in the light of the current knowledge the additive remains safe under the approved conditions for target species, consumers, users and the environment. The literature search was conducted in September 2020 without time restrictions. The search term used was ‘*Lactobacillus buchneri* DSM 12856’, no further restrictions were made. The applicant searched in a total of seven relevant databases Agricola, Agris, Google scholar, Ingenta, PubMed, Science Direct and World Cat Library. Fourteen papers were retrieved after removing duplicates. However, none was considered because they referred either to the previous EFSA opinion (1), to the authorisation of the additive (1) or to its efficacy (12).

Therefore, the FEEDAP Panel concludes that there is no new evidence to lead it to reconsider the previous conclusions that *L. buchneri* DSM 12856 is safe for the target species, consumers and the environment under the authorised conditions of use. Regarding user safety *L. buchneri* DSM 12856 is not irritant to skin and eyes but is considered a skin and respiratory sensitiser.

3.3. Efficacy

The present application for renewal of the authorisation does not include a proposal for amending or supplementing the conditions of the original authorisation that would have an impact on the efficacy of the additive. Therefore, there is no need for assessing the efficacy of the additive in the context of the renewal of the authorisation.

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15 Technical dossier/Section II/Annex II_2_6.
16 Technical dossier/Section III.
17 Technical dossier/Section III/Annex_III_3_Literature.
4. Conclusions

The applicant has provided evidence that the additive currently on the market complies with the existing conditions of authorisation.

The Panel concludes that \textit{L. buchneri} DSM 12856 remains safe for all animal species, consumers and the environment under the authorised conditions of use. Regarding user safety, the additive is not irritant to skin and eyes but is considered a skin and respiratory sensitiser.

There is no need for assessing the efficacy of the additive in the context of the renewal of the authorisation.

5. Documentation as provided to EFSA/Chronology

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References


Abbreviations

- CFU: colony forming unit
- dDDH: digital DNA–DNA hybridisation
- DSMZ: German Collection of Microorganisms and Cell Cultures
- EURL: European Union Reference Laboratory
- FEEDAP: EFSA Scientific Panel on Additives and Products or Substances used in Animal Feed
- MIC: minimum inhibitory concentration
- QPS: qualified presumption of safety
- TYGS: DSMZ type strain genome server